The New-York Times.

VOL. IX.—NO. 2503. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1859. PRICE TWO CENTS.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE CIRCASSIAN AT ST. JOHNS.

Departure of the Great Eastern Postponed One Month.

Political and Commercial News.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Monday, Sept. 26.

The steamship Circassian, Capt. CAMPBELL from Liverpool, on Saturday, the 17th inst., arrived at this port at 2 P. M. to-day.

The Circassian has 200 passengers for New-York. She experienced heavy weather on the passage.

She reports having seen the steamship Asia, for New-York, to the southward on Saturday afternoon.

The steamship Arabian, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the 16th, en route for Brunswick.

The news is two days later than the accounts by the Persia and City of Baltimore, and anticipates the advices per steamship Asia, due this week at New-York.

There is, however, no political intelligence of importance.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE EXPEDITION OF THE GREAT EASTERN FIXED FOR OCTOBER 22—DEATH OF BRUNEL, WHO DESIGNED THE GREAT EASTERN FOR CHINA.

It has been officially announced that the Great Eastern leaves Holyhead for Portland, October 22d.

Mr. I. K. Brunel, her designer, had died of paralysis.

Troops have been ordered to proceed from India to China, in order to vigorously prosecute the war.

FRANCE.

THE EUROPEAN CONFERENCE—THE LAWS OF THE PRESS—THE EMPEROR AND PRINCESS CLOTILDE—MISCELLANEOUS.

There was nothing doing at the Zurich Conferences.

The French laws in relation to the press are not to be modified.

It was reported that both the Empress EUGENIE and Madame CHANGARNIER were married.

The Rentes closed firm on Friday at 66f. 65c.

ITALY.

THE BOLOGNESE AND PARMESAN DEPUTATIONS AT TURIN—THEIR RECEPTION AND THE KING'S SPEECH—MILITARY PREPARATIONS.

The King of Sardinia had received the deputations of the National Assemblies of Modena and Parma. With regard to annexation, the King expressed acquiescence in their views, and promised to support them before the great Powers. He also expressed the hope that Europe, having recognized the right of other nations to form Constitutions, will not deny it to Italy.

Their continual military movements indicate a determination on the part of the Italians to rely on themselves.

Austria was to increase her military force in Italy, and it was asserted that France has nearly a hundred thousand men there.

SPAIN.

THE EXPEDITION AGAINST THE RIFF MARAUDERS.

The Spanish expedition against the Moors is fixed at 25,000 men, and the transports are all ready to convey them.

RUSSIA.

IMPORTANT FAILURE AT ST. PETERSBURG.

KOCHMANN & Co., of St. Petersburg, had failed, with heavy liabilities. They were largely engaged in tallow speculations.

THE EAST.

CONNECTION BY THE RED SEA TELEGRAPH.

The Red Sea Telegraph Company invite public business over the completed portion of their line from Oct. 1.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The Brokers' Circular reports the sales of Cotton for the week were 63,000 bales, of which 1,000 were to speculators and 7,000 to exporters. The market was generally a trifle lower, the decline on the inferior qualities being ¼d. The closing tone was dullness. The sales of Friday were 7,000 bales, including 2,000 bales to exporters, the market of that day closing quiet at the following authorized quotations:

Fair Orleans	8d.	Middling Mobiles	6⅝d.
Middling Orleans	7d.	Fair Uplands	7⅝d.
Fair Mobiles	7⅛d.	Middling Uplands	6⅞d.

The stock in port was estimated at 618,000 bales, of which 111,000 were American.

STATE OF TRADE.

The advices from Manchester are favorable. Prices were firm, though the market was quiet.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

The Liverpool Breadstuffs market had an advancing tendency. Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. report Wheat firm at previous rates. Wheat firm, and 1d.@2d. higher since Tuesday. Corn firm and advanced 2d.@1s. 3 quarter.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

The Liverpool Provision Market was steady. Beef was quiet. Pork firm. Bacon dull and nominal. Lard dull at 50s. Tallow—quotations barely maintained and market unsettled; Butchers, 56s.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

Potatoes were steady at 25s.@28s. 6d. for new, and 60s. for old. Pearl steady, at 27s. 6d.@28s. 6d. Sugar steady. Coffee firm. Rice dull. Fish Oils unchanged. Linseed Oil quiet at 32s. 6d.@33s. Rosin heavy and slightly higher; Common, 2s. 11d.@4s. 1d., closing at the latter rate. Spirits Turpentine closed firm at 36s.@35s. 6d. Tea market unsettled and quiet, and prices 1d.@2d. higher.

LONDON MARKETS.

Baring's circular reports Iron dull at £5 17s. 6d.@£6 for both rails and bars. Saltpetre very dull. Tea unsettled and easier, and 1½d.@2d. higher; consols Congou 1s. 5d. Sugar quiet and 1s. lower. Tallow quiet at 57s. Spirits Turpentine dull at 35s.@36s.

Other authorities report the advance in Tea firmly maintained.

LONDON MONEY MARKETS.

Baring's circular reports an increased demand for Money.

Another account says the market was slightly easier.

Consols closed on Friday at 95¼@95⅝ for money and account.

The bullion in the Bank of England had increased £220,000.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

American State Stocks were in active request, and prices firm. Railroad Shares and Bonds were slow of sale, at unchanged prices.

HAVRE MARKET.

New-Orleans cotton opened on Tuesday at 125f. for fair, 124f. for good ordinary, and 123f. for ordinary. Sales of the week, 4,500 bales.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH TO GALWAY.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Sept. 17—P. M.

The Cotton market is dull, but steady. Sales, to-day, 7,000 bales.

Breadstuffs steady.

Provisions dull.

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 17—Noon.

Consols 95¼@95¾.

VERY LATEST BY THE CITY OF BALTIMORE.

MARSEILLES, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

A message from Tunis states that the Bey of Tunis had been attacked with serious illness, and that the French physician had been summoned to his aid.

Another message states that he has been attacked with erysipelas in the left side, but that hopes are entertained of his recovery.

GIBRALTAR, Monday, Sept. 12.

Advices from Tangiers state that serious disturbances had taken place in part of the Territory of Morocco, and that SIDIE MAMOUN was on the march from Morocco to Fez. SIDIE MAMOUN had been proclaimed Emperor at Fez, Mequenez and Faltonia, and he was about to be proclaimed Emperor at Tangiers.

PARIS, Wednesday, Sept. 14—12½ P. M.

The market opens without any material change.

Rentes, 66f. 60c.

3 P. M.—The price of Rentes is now 66f. 85c., showing an advance of 15c. since yesterday.

The Bourse is inanimate, but firm.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The War News From China—Surveys in Washington Territory—Naval Matters—Mills' Statue of Washington, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The Government is in the receipt of dispatches to-day from China. They report the popular opinion there, even among British merchants, as against the action of the British and French forces in attempting to force the passage of the Peiho River.

The Duke DI LUCERNARO, who has been recognized by our Government as Consul-General for his Majesty the King of the Two Sicilies, has arrived and entered upon his duties.

CLARK MILLS cast the last piece of his equestrian statute of Washington this afternoon in the presence of a large number of invited guests, including distinguished artists and high public functionaries. The casting was entirely successful, and the statue will be ready for the pedestal by the 22d of February. President BUCHANAN, under authority of Congress, has fixed the site for the statue on a circle in the western suburbs of the City—a locality universally condemned by our population, as it will be by the American people. This fact must now be evident to Mr. BUCHANAN, and hopes are entertained that the wishes of the artist will be consulted, and the statue placed on the beautiful knoll in the Smithsonian Grounds, opposite Ninth-street. Let Congress see to this. Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

Unless the Executive Department shall arrest the surveys now in progress in Washington Territory, they will probably be extended over the islands within our claim limits, including San Juan.

The Secretary of the Navy has issued a general order, authorizing the commandants of the yards who have commanded squadrons, to wear the flag heretofore at the stations under their command. Senior Flag-Officer STEWART is to wear his flag at the main.

The following-named officers have been ordered to Panama by the steamer of the 20th of October, to relieve those attached to the steamer *Saranac*, whose term of service will shortly expire: Captain, Ritchie; Lieutenants, Watkins and Meade; Master, Shylock; Surgeon, D. S. Green; Assistant-Surgeon, Bennett Green; and Purser, Ingersoll.

It is said our Government has made a peremptory demand on Chili for redress.

About 800 percussion muskets were sold on Government account to-day, at an average of $2 75 a piece, mostly to New-York dealers.

Important from Venezuela.

APPEAL OF THE FOREIGN CONSULS FOR PROTECTION.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

A file of the St. Thomas *Tidende* to Sept. 18 received at this port, contains an important document showing the terrible condition of affairs in Venezuela, where a war of races, fanned by political and military aspirants, is rapidly depopulating that country. The document in question is an appeal for protection of the foreign Consuls at Ciudad Bolivar to to the Governors of the French, English and Danish West India Islands. In this appeal the Consuls say that the contest now going on is not one of ordinary revolution, having for its object a political end, but on the contrary, the motto now is violence, death and pillage. The acts of atrocity committed by these vandals, are, they say, so numerous that it would be difficult to enumerate them. In the provinces of the interior whole communities with their inhabitants have disappeared. Nothing but foreign intervention probably will save the country from entire destruction.

Fairs.

THE ST. LOUIS AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL FAIR.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The Fair of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Society was visited to-day by 30,000 people. In the ring were six splendid roadsters, stallions; but the famous horse *Silver Heels*, owner Gen. SINGLETON of Quincy, Ill., took the first premium. A large number of Devon, Ayreshire, Hereford and Alderney cattle were also exhibited, and the prizes fairly distributed among the various States represented. The Art department is full and attracts much attention. It contains several gems by old masters, also a number of fine and spirited pictures of Western scenery. The weather is clear and delightful. Vast crowds of strangers continue to arrive from all parts of the country.

THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE FAIR.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The State Fair opened to-day, and was well filled with visitors. The Fair is held at the same place where the United States Fair was held a few years ago. Some fine full-blood horses, and splendid specimens of cattle, are on exhibition. The steam and hand fire engine trial commences to-morrow. No. 1, of Baltimore, have signified their intention to participate in the contest, and are expected to arrive here to-morrow evening. The champion yacht, *George M. Hill*, is on exhibition, and attracts considerable attention. The city is crowded with strangers, and every train that arrives adds to their number.

THE CANADIAN PROVINCIAL ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

KINGSTON, C. W., Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The Provincial Annual Exhibition was opened to-day. The number of entries exceed forty-five hundred, and the city is filling rapidly with visitors.

The Board of Agriculture passed a vote of condolence to Sir EDMUND HEAD and lady, on their sad bereavement, by the death of their son by drowning.

No Tidings of the Aeronauts.

WATERTOWN, Tuesday, Sept. 27—9:30 P. M.

No tidings of the fate of Messrs. LA MOUNTAIN and HADDOCK, now absent over five days, came to hand here. When they were last seen, they had traveled only about thirty miles, and were at an altitude of about three miles, bearing nearly east, and over the New-York wilderness. Search is being made there.

[It will be seen, by reference to our City Intelligence, that the aeronauts landed safely in Canada.]

The Canal Convention at Utica.

UTICA, N. Y., Tuesday, Sept. 27.

A fair number of delegates are here to the Canal Convention, among them quite a sprinkling of politicians. There is no caucusing to-night, and no indications what is to be done, further than the presumption that the action of the Convention will turn upon individual preferences as to candidates. It is generally believed now that no nominations will be made, but that the views of the Convention will be indicated by resolutions.

Affairs in Boston.

MR. EVERETT'S ORATION—THE BROKERS' BOARD.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

Hon. EDWARD EVERETT repeated his oration on WASHINGTON in the Capitol grounds this afternoon to an immense audience.

The Boston Brokers' Board celebrated their Twenty-fifth Anniversary last evening, by a dinner speeches, &c. HENRY W. PICKERING was reflected President, NATH'L TRACY, Secretary, and J. G. SOHST Treasurer.

News from New-Mexico.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The Santa Fe mail of the 13th inst., has arrived at Independence.

OTERO is re-elected to Congress by 2,500 majority.

Serious difficulties are apprehended with the Indians in the vicinity of Allison's ranch, in consequence of the abandonment of that trading post.

Steam Boiler Explosion and Loss of Life.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

On Monday the boiler of a freight engine on the Baltimore and Ohio road, at the Cameron station, near Wheeling, burst, killing JOHN HARNER, engineer; JAMES DAVISON, fireman, and JAMES WEBERS, conductor—all residing at Wheeling. Several hands at the station were also injured—some, it is thought, fatally.

Sinking of the Steamboat Irene.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The Arkansas river steamboat *Irene* sank on Saturday night. Loss $30,000.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE'S FAIR.

Opening Day at Palace Garden—End of the Cattle Show—Fruit and Lees of last week's Exhibitions.

The American Institute's Annual Exhibition—the grand affair which, years ago, attracted such crowds to Castle Garden, which afterwards idly followed the World's Fair into the Crystal Palace, and was a tenant of that beautiful bubble of iron and glass when, a year since, it kindled suddenly in a conflagration, and as suddenly melted into lava and old iron, (which the Fort Wardens of this port had the impudence to charge an auction duty on when it came to be sold, though they had no more to do with the sale than had the editor of the late *Daily News*, or the poet TENNYSON)—this same Institute's Annual Fair, after two postponements, was opened yesterday at Palace Garden. "Opened"—the word is used discreetly—only opened far enough for visitors to enjoy the smell of varnish, and to rub against the fresh paint, and for the misguided individuals who paid their entrance-fee of a quarter, to see where the machinery will be arranged some days hence, the tables almost empty yet, under the tent for the display of flowers and fruit, and the long hall into which exhibitors are hastening to roll in their goods. Of the nine gentlemen who compose the Reception Committee, and who all might find ample work in receiving and disposing of goods, only a solitary one was present—he working like a beaver. By noon to-day it is probable that there will be a good deal to be seen; and out of the ashes of the Crystal Palace this consolation is born, that the vast amount of trumpery which was turning up year after year, and giving to the whole an air of very old acquaintance and sameness, is missing. The scarcity of room, too, makes it necessary for the Managers to be choice in their selections. Each exhibitor is restricted to a small show of his wares; but enough is offered to allow only that which has something of novelty or superior merit to recommend it.

The statuary of the old Palace is sadly missed. A solitary bust, by DAVID RICHARDS, of PETER COOPER, a very true portrait of the celebrated citizen, and consequently not a very pleasing piece of sculpture, is all that is to be seen in this department of art. The pictures are all painted photographs, and there are but few of them as yet. A case of Lepidoptera attracts the attention of the devotees of the net, who need to to give pretty close attention to discover that they are "done in sugar," and the work of a confectioner. The lower end of the Hall, where the patent bedsteads and mattresses are to stand, was merry with the laughter of half a score of little girls, each mounted on a hobby horse, or a perambulation of which CRANDALL & BROTHERS were the favorites,—the hobby horses being of the only sort fit to do much duty on a costly carpet. They have no rockers, but a stout spring coiled round an axle, which is fixed in a stationary foundation, gives to the wooden horse ample room to gallop at his mistress' will. SAUERBRAH'S exhibits a fine case of mechanics' tools, (from Newark,) and HENRY NELSON, an attractive case of steel tools.

Workmen were busy erecting the steam engine, which will afford power for the machinery, with which, by Saturday, the long shed will be filled. There is promise of a good exhibition in this department, but of course nothing is yet up.

The fruit is coming down from the Horticultural show to-day. Mr. C. W. GRANT, of Iona, (near Peekskill,) had already laid out a handsome variety of grapes—among them, choice Delawares, Dianas, and *Annas, which being three of the four true natives*, hardy and early, that are recommended as fit to replace the Isabella, will attract attention. Mr. GRANT exhibits a few clusters of Isabellas that are *almost* perfect, and some "Union Villages" which have very nearly the Isabella flavor, and are but little under the Black Hamburgh in size. On the whole the Fair, yesterday, was only a shadow of what it will soon be. The exhibitors who have their goods ready will do well to be on hand to-day. The public got scarcely a glimpse of the shows of last week, and will doubtless make a rush upon the Palace Garden, which, if the managers will give a little attention to their business, will soon present a creditable and instructive assortment of novelties. The grounds are lighted up in the evening, and the music is good.

The cattle show on Hamilton Park came to a conclusion yesterday. The competition of saddle and draft horses was spirited. The Judges unanimously decided that the roadster harness mare *Lady Clay*, owned by JOHN G. LIGHTBODY, was entitled to the silver cup. The draft horses owned by B. GREENHARDT received a discretionary premium. The first premium for saddle horses was awarded to PHILIP LYDIG's bay mare. In view, however, of the extreme difficulty of deciding between her merits and those of the Arabian stallion *Hassan*, owned by C. H. CORNWALL, of North Belleville, N. J., the Judges recommend the latter to the Committee for a discretionary premium.

The Third-avenue Railroad Company acted with great generosity toward the Institute. It gave the use of its fine halls and of the Park gratuitously for the shows, and fenced in the Park grounds at its own expense. The weather prevented its receiving any considerable remuneration in the way of increased travel. The Institute itself expended some $3,000 on the Cattle Show and Horticultural Exhibition, and received scarcely $700, for which bad luck or the almanac is to blame. The shows have never been beaten in New-York, and great as was the Institute's loss, the public's in not seeing them was far greater.

The opening address of the Institute is to be delivered this evening, by Judge MEIGS, the Recording Secretary.

Mysterious Murder at the Five Points.

Last evening a most singular case came to light in the Sixth Ward, the dead body of a man, evidently murdered, being found in a house corner of Little Water and Worth streets. The scene of the tragedy used to be the resort of murderers and thieves, and years ago, when the Five Points were much worse than at present, "Crown's Corner," as it was known, was decidedly the worst locality in the neighborhood. The building, which is a three-story one, is now occupied by prostitutes, organ-grinders and thieves, and maintains some of its old reputation. On the second floor a man named JOHN H. BENJAMIN, who sells hot cakes around the Park for a living, occupies a room, with a mistress named JANE BRADFORD. Last evening, when he went home, he found the door of his room bolted on the inside. All demands for admission brought no answer, and supposing that all was not right, he went down stairs to get assistance in solving the difficulty. As he passed out of the hall he happened to look up towards the window of his room, which is on Little Water-street, and saw a man in the act of jumping out of the window. The fellow observing BENJAMIN immediately jumped back into the room.

BENJAMIN went into a liquor store kept by a Mrs. GOSPER, in the lower part of the building, and received the assistance of an acquaintance, and then *went up stairs. The door of his room was now open*, and he entered. The room was dark, and everything was quiet; on striking a light, an investigation was immediately made. JANE BRADSHAW, the mistress was there, and apparently alone, but upon looking at the bed, the body of a man, covered with blood, was discovered. He had evidently been choked to death, as marks upon his throat indicated, and the blood was still running from his nose. Officers DONAGHEY and HUGGINS were notified, and conveyed the body to the Station-house in Franklin-street, and then arrested BENJAMIN, Miss BRADFORD, JANE McCABE and JOSEPHINE SMITH, the two latter being supposed to have some knowledge of the affair. They were all locked up.

On the body of the deceased there was found nothing by which he could be identified. In the bed and beside him, however, there were some naturalization papers, which may have belonged to him. The name of JAMES MAGEE was upon them. It is rather a singular circumstance that these papers should have been found where they were. The girls all profess to have no knowledge of the affair. Miss BRADFORD states that a man in a red shirt, whom she does not know met her in the liquor store down stairs, in the evening, and insisted on going with her. She emphatically declares that he was repelled by her, but several witnesses are positive that the man who was about to jump from the window (and who afterwards did so) had on a red shirt. It may be that he is the perpetrator of this deed. Still another of the girls declares that JANE BRADFORD told her that BENJAMIN killed the man, but that party informed our reporter that the deceased came into her room early in the afternoon, remained there till evening, and then lay upon the bed, having quarreled with no one whatever. She expresses much astonishment at hearing of his death. The whole case is now shrouded in complete mystery, and only an investigation can bring everything connected with it to light.

THE MANCHESTER MURDER.—In the case of BRIDGES RILEY, the woman found dead in an outhouse in Manchester, N. H., on Friday morning, the jury on Monday returned the following verdict:

"That the said BRIDGES RILEY came to her death on the night of Sept. 23, 1859, or the morning of Sept. 24, 1859, at said Manchester, by a blow inflicted upon her head, by the hands of some person or persons to us unknown, with some instrument or weapon to us unknown."

THE GREAT CRICKET MATCH.

Match Between the Eleven of England and Twenty-two of Canada—The Betting—The Playground—The English Players—Particulars of the Match—England Victorious—Dinner of the Montreal Cricket Club.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MONTREAL, Monday, Sept. 26, 1859.

The great cricket match between the Eleven of England and Twenty-two of Eastern Canada is, of course, the great subject of interest here, just now. Nobody talks or writes or dreams of anything but cricket. Bazaar discussed at breakfast as freely as beefsteaks, and balls, at dinner, as often as if they were eatable. All the world is here. Philadelphians jostle Chicagoans, and New-Orleanists New-Yorkers, Englishmen shake hands with the Canadian French, and even the phlegmatic Dutch turn out spiritedly and come hither to see *Das Cricket-spiel*. I am aware you have, here, a Special Correspondent; but I may give you a few notes which you need not print unless you find in them something new.

Before I tell you anything of the first day's play, which came off on Saturday, I must inform you how the betting goes. The Eleven do not bet, at least openly, but outsiders do, and they make such wagers as these: Two to one that the Eleven win any given one of the four matches named; even bets that they win all four contests; even bets that there will be seven or eight noughts in any given innings of the Twenty-two; varying wagers in which one man's eleven is pitted against another's. The most animated betting is on the New-York match—the Americans, or philo-Americans, backing the United States to win, the British and Canadians eagerly backing the Eleven of England. Hundreds, aye, thousands of dollars are pending on the result of the game to be played in your City this day week. I would advise the readers of the TIMES—if they must and will bet—to lay their money on the Englishmen; and I say this, knowing that all but three of the Twenty-two are English, and eight of them professionals, and having often seen most them play.

The Eleven of England are the picked men of the two leading clubs of that country—the "All England," the oldest national club, and the "United All England." These bodies are nearly even in force; each have won four matches against the other. This year, the United have been the victors twice, but they do not dare to boast of any superiority.

Now, although this is so, and although the Eleven are all professional cricketers, who do nothing but play Cricket all their days, it must not be imagined that they are perfect, that they never miss hitting a loose ball or catching that they have a chance at. They have made several bad "muffs," here, which they ought to be ashamed of. JOHN LILLYWHITE and GEO. PARR—names known wherever Cricket is—have both shown that they have some "butter" in their fingers.

The Montreal ground is a very fair one. It is of course very wet, just now, for it has been raining for a week. But this is accidental. There are about eight acres in the ground proper, and several more in a field only separated from it by a small foot-path. So there is ample room to play the game—as much, in fact, as there is at Lord's, where there are just eight acres, if I recollect aright.

At 11, on Saturday, the Eleven went to the field. Each had a carpet-bag, containing a bat, pads, gloves, &c. They were not in uniform, although they all wore the usual flannel trowsers, their flannel shirts being differently or variously spotted. They are almost all small men—say 5 feet 4 or 5 inches; JACKSON alone is tall, and he cannot be more than six feet. They are all young men—GRUNDY, the eldest, having been born in 1824. They are all muscular and all as active as cats. None of them have any superfluous flesh.

They began practicing as soon as they reached the ground, and a fine time there was of it. A dozen balls were flying around in all directions, so that "mind your eye!" was the universal exclamation. Nor was this needless, for JACKSON and CAFFYN often hit so violently as to send the ball right over the fence, and sometimes over the road beyond it. CAFFYN seemed the sharpest hitter. In playfulness he now and then struck the air with his bat, and actually made it buzz, as a boy does a switch. At about 12¼ o'clock the match commenced, the Twenty-two being sent to the wickets. There was half an hour's intermission, for dinner, and at 5 o'clock the Twenty-two were all disposed of for 36 runs. After a rest, the eleven took the bat, and had served 7 before the stumps were drawn—1 wicket (GRUNDY's) being down.

I think it useless to chronicle how each one of the Twenty-two made his score. Mr. DALY, the only one who reached double figures, and numbered 19, did it by splendid leg-hits and drives to the long-hits. Capt. WEBBER SMITH, who made 6, did it by a succession of clever draws. No other did very much. Mr. PICKERING, whose name is also down for 6, did not get them fairly. He is the secretary of the Montreal Club, and was the means of getting the Eleven out, so of course he could not be sent home with a duck's egg. The first ball he got he hit up into GEO. PARR's hands, but old PARR, who knows a thing or two, playfully tossed it from one hand to the other, and let it fall. Then CAFFYN and JACKSON bowled an over or two of balls which could not be missed, letting PICKERING get a few, after which they resolved to put a stopper on him, and did so.

JACKSON, the fastest bowler in the Eleven, and perhaps in the world, is a most dodgy fellow. His average pace is perhaps not much faster than that of HALLIS, but then he sometimes sends in a regular cannon shot, and the varying swiftness is a most puzzling thing to stand. When he is about to bowl fast, not a single man of the field is placed before the wicket, the long fields off and on being drawn back to near the places of cover-point and square-leg. The rapidity of his balls is such that they cannot be hit forward, and some of them rise above the wicket. They are also remarkably straight.

GEO. PARR, the slow bowler, bowls underhand When he has the ball, none of the field are put behind the wicket. LOCKYER, the wicket-keeper, then dispenses with the long stops. GRUNDY stands at short square-leg. WISDEN takes point about four yards from the bat. If a powerful hitter is in, the long hits are doubled, if a weak one, the mid-wickets and cover-points are. PARR proved *dreadfully destructive; far more so, indeed*, than JACKSON.

CAFFYN is the only other man whose performance in the field was at all remarkable on Saturday. He covered an immense extent of ground—more than any of the rest. He seemed to be everywhere, and to know by instinct, whither each ball would be hit.

PARTICULARS OF THE PLAY.

The cricketers reached the ground between 10 and 11 o'clock, and at once went to practice, several hundred persons being on the ground, which was in beautiful order, and beautifully situated to the south of the mountain, and very spacious. Stands have been built to accommodate a large number of spectators LILLYWHITE's tent, for printing cards of the game, and tents and marquees for refreshments, were also erected—a lunch being served on the ground by a caterer who could not, if he had tried, have had the face to have provided worse fare than he did, for which he charged 62½ cents for each victim, who was compelled to take it or nothing. The provisions must have been cooked for the match some days previously, as it was to have come off on the previous Wednesday, at which time the steamer had not arrived at Father Point. The caterer in New-York ought to be very careful in making his mammoth arrangements, for fear he might fail in satisfying the thousands who will be sure to attend the most important match o the series.

At length the grounds were cleared for action, and at about a quarter past 12 o'clock, All England took the field. The players were J. Grundy, J. Wisden, T. Hayward, W. Caffyn, G. Parr, J. Caesar, A. Diver, J. Lillywhite, T. Lockyer, H. H. Stephenson, and J. Jackson. The Canadian players being as follows: Mr. Swain, Montreal; Lieut. Surman, R. C. Rifles; Lieut. Symons, R. A.; Lieut. Bonner, R. A.; Mr. Fisher, Montreal; Mr. Fourdrinier, Montreal; Mr. Hardinge, Montreal; Lieut. Ravenhill, Seventeenth Regiment; Capt. King, Seventeenth Regiment; Mr. Daly, Montreal; Capt. Earle, Seventeenth Regiment; Mr. Pickering, Montreal; Mr. Webber Smith, Montreal; Mr. Bacon, Cornwall; Mr. Morgan, Montreal; Mr. Swettenham, Montreal; Mr. J. U. Smith, Montreal; Mr. Napier, Montreal; Mr. Ellis, Prescott; Mr. Prior, Quebec; Mr. Tilstone, Quebec, and Mr. Kerr, Quebec. R. Carpenter acted as umpire for the Eleven, and Maj. Campbell for the Twenty-two. The scorers were Mr. Bacon, of Canada West, for England, and Mr. Baker, of Ottawa, for the Twenty-two. Messrs. Swain and Surman were sent to the wickets by Mr. Pickering, the Captain of the Twenty-two; Jackson and Caffyn took up the bowling, and Mr. Surman received the first over from Jackson, stopping two of the balls prettily, whilst he let two pass him harmlessly. Mr. Swain was now called upon to face Caffyn, and stood the over well, stopping the first ball, playing back the two next, and driving the ball to the long field-on and scoring a close run for one, which brought him over-against Jackson for the next over. Thus was the ice broken amidst breathless anxiety, and no wicket lost against two of the most renowned bowlers of England.

The first ball from Jackson on the third over was prettily played by Swain to mid off, on which Surman called him, and nearly ran himself out in scoring the run. On the next balls of the over, Surman was completely beaten, nearly losing his wicket. On the fourth over, two balls passed Swain, and the third was driven by him for a two to the long field off, amidst considerable cheering, but the next ball, being dropped short by Caffyn, found Swain's safe. Lieut. Symons (left hand) took the bat and received the last ball of the over—a regular teaser. Surman got one to the long leg from Jackson, and Symons was nearly stumped by Lockyer in attempting to play out at one of Jackson's. It was now pretty evident that, with the superior bowling and really splendid fielding, very few runs could be made more, especially as no sooner was a weak point discovered on the part of the batsmen, or in their field, it was at once provided against by a change in the position of the Eleven in the field. The sixth over counted a two and one for Surman, both to the long leg from Caffyn's bowling. During the next five overs there were some good balls played off the wickets by both batsmen, and two or three close shaves, particularly in the eleventh over, the last ball from Jackson going off Surman's glove to Caffyn at slip.

During the next six overs no runs were obtained. Lieut. Symons playing off some splendid balls, which were too well fielded to allow him a run, Lieut. Bonner, who had taken Lieut. Surman's place, doing nothing except stopping the only ball on the wicket, and being bowled off his pad by Jackson, whose bowling as yet was not well up to the mark. Mr. Fisher succeeded, and some pretty batting took place for the next four overs, Symons getting two to the long field on from Caffyn. At length Fisher retired for leg before wicket, from Jackson's bowling, and Mr. Fourdrinier received the last ball of the over, and played it away from his stumps. Two more overs and no runs took place, in one of which Symons played back every ball from Caffyn, Fourdrinier standing the next maiden over. The second ball of the succeeding over from Caffyn gave Mr. Symons his quietus, the ball from Caffyn's bowling being caught with the left hand by Jackson in the slip considerably above his head.

A specimen of the sharp wicket-keeping of Lockyer was put in force on Fourdrinier, just previous; he played forward at a ball which he failed in touching, and Lockyer took the ball, and in a flash the bails were off. "How's that?" said Lockyer. "Not out," replied Carpenter; but it was not the only narrow escape of the Twenty-two, so keen was the wicket-keeping of Lockyer. Mr. Hardinge was next, and played very coolly, but was bowled by Caffyn on his second over by a baller, without a run, and gave way for Mr. Ravenhill. Some pretty play now took place—good batting, but too good fielding—Grundy, Caesar and Wisden preventing runs in the slips; Fourdrinier a one to long field off—almost a chance to slip—and one run from a chance to Lillywhite at cover point from Caffyn; Ravenhill made a good two to square leg from Caffyn, and was shortly after caught at slip by Jackson from Caffyn,—a splendid bit of fielding. Capt. Earle joined Fourdrinier, who was shortly after caught by Caesar, from a splendid ball from Jackson. His score of six was got by fine play throughout. Mr. Pickering went in, and played for some time in a most spirited manner for a total of eight, during which he gave a chance to Parr at point, and was finally bowled by a baller from Caffyn; he made one to short leg, one to long leg, from Jackson, a two drive to long-field off, and two cuts for two each, all from Caffyn; he had previously lost Capt. Earle, who was run out after he had made four, and Capt. King, who scored three, after some pretty play. Lunch took place, and just after, Pickering was bowled the first ball. Mr. Daly and Mr. Webber came together, and during the next thirteen overs, some fine cricketing was seen on the part of both gentlemen, during which several ones were got, and a three to long-field on, by Daly from Caffyn, and a three to square leg by Webber Smith from Caffyn, were met by great applause. Mr. Smith played the ball on to his pad, and lost his wicket to Jackson for a score of eight; his forward play and straight bat proved a good defence; Stephenson had been put on in place of Caffyn, Mr. Bacon taking Mr. Smith's place at the wicket. For ten overs, Daly and Bacon, who both played very finely, Daly for a two to long-field off, and singles; at length Wisden went on in place of Jackson, and Bacon scored two from him to square leg. Daly, on the next over from Stephenson, playing every ball from his wicket; Bacon was run out, having scored four by a two and singles, and Mr. Morgan joined for a short time, when he was caught in the slip from Stephenson by Wisden, for 0, after playing off a number of good balls. Daly had in the meantime driven Wisden for two to the long field on, and a two from Jackson; and in company with Mr. Swettenham, kept up their wickets.

At length Parr went on with the slows, in place of Stephenson, and Jackson in place of Wisden; and Daly was bowled by Parr, after a splendid innings of nineteen runs, in which he showed the English cricketers what could be done by Canadians—his score was a three, two twos, and singles. Mr. J. U. Smith came next, and played finely for six runs, before he was caught by Stephenson from Parr. Swettenham having been bowled by Parr for three, and Napier out for 0, stumped Lockyer from Parr; Ellis and Prior were together at the bat, and both played well. Ellis drove the ball back to Parr for only two; and Prior was bowled by Jackson, the ball breaking a foot, he scored three one hit to long field off, for two was very good. Mr. Tilstone was out by hitting his own wicket from Parr's bowling; and Mr. Kerr was not out, for one run; the innings terminated for eighty-five runs, including byes. The Eleven soon took the bat, in the persons of Messrs. Wisden and Grundy, to the bowling of Hardinge and Fisher, and when it was time to draw the stumps seven runs had been scored with the loss of one wicket, Grundy being bowled by Hardinge, for two runs, the ball going from his pad to the wicket, and Mr. Hayward taking his place, not out for one, Wisden not out, four. Throughout, the fielding of the Eleven was superb, and their batting, as far as it went, splendid—whilst that of the Twenty-two was better than many country matches, and their strength in the field augurs favorably for a small score for the Eleven. There was an immense crowd to see the match in the latter part of the afternoon.

The following is the score:

TWENTY-TWO—FIRST INNINGS.

	Runs.
Mr. Swain, b. Caffyn	4
Lieut. Surman, R. C. R., c. Caffyn, b. Jackson	2
Lieut. Symons, R. A., c. Jackson, b. Caffyn	0
Lieut. Bonner, R. A., b. Jackson	0
Mr. Fisher, l. b. w., b. Jackson	0
Mr. Fourdrinier, c. Caesar, b. Jackson	0
Mr. Hardinge, b. Caffyn	0
Mr. Ravenhill, c. Jackson, b. Caffyn	2
Capt. Earle, run out	4
Mr. Pickering, b. Caffyn	8
Capt. King, b. Jackson	3
Mr. Daly, b. Parr	19
Mr. Webber Smith, b. Jackson	8
Mr. G. Bacon, run out	0
Mr. Morgan, c. Wisden, b. Stephenson	0
Mr. Swettenham, b. Parr	3
Mr. J. U. Smith, c. Stephenson, b. Parr	6
Mr. Napier, st. Lockyer, b. Parr	0
Mr. Ellis, b. and b. Parr	2
Mr. Prior, b. Jackson	3
Mr. Tilstone, hit wkt., b. Parr	0
Mr. Kerr, not out	1
Byes and leg byes	6
Total	85

THE DINNER.

On Saturday night the members of the Montreal Cricket Club entertained the English players and other guests at the St. Lawrence Hall.

The President was F. G. JOHNSON, Esq., Q.C., A. HEWARD, Esq., acting as Vice-President; and there were present at table between sixty and seventy persons.

After the usual preliminary toasts, the President proposed the health of "Our Guests," to which Mr. PARR responded.

Conclusion of the Match—Success of the All-England Eleven.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

MONTREAL, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The play was resumed at 1 o'clock, to-day, ELLIS joining SMITH, who was in last night. SMITH was bowled by PARR for 17 runs, got by very pretty play. The remainder of the score stood as follows:

SMITH b. PARR	17
ELLIS b. PARR	0
KERR c. CAESAR, b. PARR	2
PRIOR c. CAFFYN, b. PARR	1
TILSTONE, not out	0

Making the total of the innings 63, leaving the eleven 39 runs to get to win. They were obtained with the loss of 2 wickets, the score standing:

LOCKYER b. J. SMITH	10
HAYWARD c. BONNER, b. J. SMITH	17
CAFFYN, not out	4
DIVER, not out	1
Byes, 2; wides, 5

act of forging and counterfeiting the drafts of the Deputy Quartermaster-General at Camp Floyd, (they were then in arrest at that place under the authority of Judge ECKLES, of the First District, to answer for the offence before the Court,) caused a subpœna to be issued for JOHN WALLACE, who, by acting as one of the accomplices in the forgery, kept Gen. JOHNSTON and Col. CROSSMAN, the Deputy Quartermaster-General daily informed of every step taken by the rascals, and nipped their designs in the bud.

In answer to this subpœna Mr. WALLACE addressed the following letter to Judge SINCLAIR:

CAMP FLOYD, U. T., Monday, Aug. 1, 1859.

To the Honorable Chas. E. Sinclair, Salt Lake City, U. T.:

SIR: I have been summoned to appear before the Grand Jury in your Court on the 30 inst. Circumstances that have taken place in the course of the last month, have made a host of enemies for me in the city.

I have been informed and advised by my friends not to come to the city under any circumstances, for I would not be safe, and my life has been told of my danger in case I did come. I am willing to obey and serve the laws of my country, but when I am informed I cannot do it only at the risk of being assassinated by some unknown person, I then feel a delicacy in doing it, and hope you will excuse my disobedience. If I have contempted the Court, I am willing to pay the penalty your Honor may adjudge, knowing that my services are not so much needed in your Court as they are in my family, in case they should put me out of the way, and believing firmly that I would be molested by some one if I should come.

If I knew my enemies I would fear nothing, but as I don't, and at the same time know they do exist, I feel very unsafe in making a trip to the city under the existing circumstances.

With much respect, Sir, I am your humble servant.

(Signed) J. M. WALLACE."

Judge SINCLAIR, upon the receipt of this letter, called the Grand Jury before him, and in open Court read it to them, commenting to them severely upon a condition of affairs in which a man was under the fear of his life, even in obeying the orders of a Court. He then told them he would have Mr. WALLACE brought into Court, in arrest, and thus place him in the care and custody of the Marshal, under the authority of the United States saying: "By that authority he will be protected, and woe betide the man or set of men that dare to interfere with him."

The Grand Jury, before presenting a bill of Indictment against DELOSS GIPSON, who had been tried and convicted of murder, in the Probate Court, sent the following note to the Judge, notwithstanding he had by an order of Court, set aside all the proceedings had in the matter before that Court as null and void.

JURY ROOM, Thursday, Aug. 4, 1859.

The Grand Jury would respectfully represent, that the evidence before them goes to show that DELOSS GIPSON has once been put upon his trial for the offence charged in the accompanying indictment, before the Probate Court of this county, and found guilty.

The Judge thereupon addressed the Grand Jury at length upon this subject, showing to them in pointed terms their duty in the matter and, reiterating to them that the "Probate Court has no criminal jurisdiction, and that convictions found there are just as illegal as if found before a Justice of the Peace."

The jury then found a bill of indictment against GIPSON, upon which he was arraigned, and a day set for his trial. The day before his trial, however, he made his escape from the Sheriff of this County, in whose custody he was confined, and has not yet been recaptured.

On Friday, the 4th inst., THEODORE THORP, indicted for a burglary committed in Davis County, was arraigned and plead guilty. He was thereupon sentenced by the Court to ten years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

On his way to the Penitentiary THORP told the Deputy-Marshal and Mr. HARTNETT, the Secretary of State for this Territory, that he was arrested by the Sheriff of Davis County, upon suspicion, and that after the preliminary examination before a Justice of the Peace, he was taken by the Sheriff and others and repeatedly hung up by the neck until animation was suspended, and was thus forced to confess his guilt and tell where the money was hidden. The statements of the prisoner alone, in regard to such an occurrence, we should have received with caution, were not the marks and bruises of the rope distinctly and plainly visible on his neck.

On Wednesday, the 10th ult., the civil docket being called, the first case brought up for trial was one which had lain over from the last Term against BILL HICKMAN, the notorious *Danite* leader, on a note of hand for some $480, drawn about five years ago, and remaining unpaid. The plaintiff, whose name was CHARLES M. DROWN, has lived during the greater portion of that time in California, and had not had the opportunity until now of enforcing the payment of the note. This suit at the time created no special interest beyond the fact of the temerity displayed by the plaintiff in daring to sue BILL HICKMAN.

By consent of parties, the right to a jury was waived, and the case submitted to the Judge. Upon hearing the evidence in the case and the argument of counsel on both sides, the Judge unhesitatingly rendered judgment against HICKMAN, and in favor of DROWN. Subsequent events, which I shall presently refer to, rendered this an important case.

After the judgment in this case was rendered, an effort was made by HICKMAN's counsel to obtain a new trial, which was overruled by the Court.

In the meantime, the Grand Jury had found an indictment against RALPH PIKE, a Sergeant in Company I, of the Tenth Infantry, U. S. Army, for an assault with intent to kill, committed upon one HOWARD SPENCER at the Military Reserve, in Rush Valley, last Spring.

On Thursday, Aug. 11, Sergeant PIKE was in the Court room all the morning, in the custody of the Marshal, awaiting his trial. At about 12 o'clock he was sent by the Marshal to the Salt Lake House, under guard, to procure his dinner. Just as he reached the porch of the Hotel, a man who was recognized as HOWARD SPENCER stepped up to him from behind, saying, "Are you the man who struck me in Rush Valley?"—and at the same time drawing his pistol, he fired at PIKE, the ball entering at the right side, near the twelfth rib, inflicting a mortal wound. After shooting PIKE, SPENCER ran unmolested across Main-street, in the very heart of the business part of the city, through a large crowd of persons, and, reaching a cross street, jumped on his horse, which was standing there ready for him, and rode off.

There were at least one hundred persons present who saw this daring murder committed, and yet only the comrades of PIKE, who had come up with him as witnesses, and a few Gentiles, who stood near at the time, made any pursuit of the murderer. One of the soldiers had his pistol drawn upon SPENCER in the chase, and would have shot him, had not his arm been caught by one of the policemen of the city.

PIKE lingered in dreadful agony until Monday morning, when he died. He was known in the army as the best soldier in the Tenth Regiment, and was esteemed as a gentleman by every one. His funeral at Camp Floyd was attended by nearly 2,000 persons.

On Thursday, the 18th inst., ALEX. WILSON, Esq., the United States District-Attorney, entered a nolle prosequi on the indictment for treason found against BRIGHAM YOUNG and the other leaders o the Mormon rebellion, in Chief Justice ECKLES' Court, held at Fort Bridger, in Green River County in the Winter of 1857-58.

On Friday the Court adjourned until the 12th of September next, to give the attornies an opportunity to attend the session of the First Judicial District Court, which met at Nephi, in Juab County, on Monday.

[illegible] Court adjourned on Friday [illegible] by Mr. DROWN's counsel [illegible] the execution issued in his favor against HICKMAN one week, as HICKMAN had informed him he intended to settle the matter as soon as he could not be necessary to serve the execution.

On Saturday, the 20th inst., DROWN, who lives about 25 miles south of this city, came to town on business, accompanied by JOSIAH ARNOLD, his partner, and the principal witness in his suit against HICKMAN. This afternoon HICKMAN was [illegible] about town, accompanied by some eight or ten companions of his action in regard to this [illegible]

[illegible] nine of his gang of Danites, and several persons then remarked that there was mischief brewing.

At about 10 o'clock that night the city was startled by the rapid firing of pistol shots on Main-street. Some thirty shots were fired within two minutes. Upon inquiry, we learned that at that time HICKMAN and his gang rode up to the house of Mr. EDDY, on Main-street, in the most thickly settled part of the city, where DROWN and ARNOLD were stopping for the night, and called for DROWN to come out. DROWN refused to do so; whereupon the party broke down both the front and back doors of the house and commenced firing in upon DROWN and ARNOLD, shooting the former fatally through the abdomen, so that he died early the next morning, and the latter through the fleshy part of the thigh. ARNOLD, in the encounter, retained his self-possession sufficiently to fire his revolver at the assailants five times, and one of them was heard to exclaim, "I am shot!"

After committing this bold and dreadful murder, the party mounted their horses and rode around town unmolested.

At about 3 o'clock that same night, Mr. SPENCER and his family, living one block from the house in which DROWN was murdered, were woke up by an unusual noise in front of the house. Looking out of the window, they saw two men clenched in a struggle. Presently one of them fell, groaning as if dying, and the other one ran off. The wounded man, with a desperate effort, got up and staggered across the pavement into the street, where he again fell, and, as Mr. SPENCER is positive, died. Mr. S. was afraid to go out and assist the wounded man, or to see who it was, but determined to watch the body until morning. Just before daybreak, however, three men came and carried off the body.

In the morning the Marshal, being apprised of the fact, visited the place and found a large pool of blood, and a hat lying near the spot.

It is a matter of conjecture who this man was; whether it was some new victim who was killed with a knife, or whether it was one of the assailing party who was fatally wounded by a shot from ARNOLD's pistol, and was endeavoring to get off undiscovered.

Thus during the past short session of the Court three men have become victims to their efforts to obtain justice before it. By the murder of one of these a suit brought against the Church leaders was most easily disposed of. By the murder of another and the wounding of his companion, a timely lesson was given to the people of the Territory, that it was *death* to dare to make use of a United States Court in obtaining redress for the wrongs committed upon them by the "destroying angels" of the Church.

In its past session it has been able to do nothing except to pass sentence upon a man who was compelled by torture to confess his participation in a burglary committed upon a good Mormon, and in civil cases to render judgment where judgment was confessed. In those cases in which a jury was called, the jury had either to be discharged in consequence of the abduction of witnesses, or else their verdict had to be set aside by the Court and a new trial granted. All possible means were made use of to exhaust the time and patience of the Court, and, by creating vexation and delay, to subvert the ends of justice.

The Federal Judges having recently made complaints to the proper Department in regard to the official conduct of Mr. WILSON, the United States District Attorney for this Territory, he will leave here for Washington about the 15th inst., in company with Mr. HOOPER, the newly-elected Mormon delegate for Congress, in order to justify himself before the Administration. In his absence he has deputized HORSE STOUT, a most bitter Mormon, and the attorney of the Mormon Church and of the Danite organization, to act in his place.

The Hon. CHAS. E. SINCLAIR, Judge of this District, by request of his associates, will also leave this city during this month for Washington, *viâ* California, to represent properly the condition of the Federal Judiciary here, and to suggest measures for its proper relief, at the hands of the Administration and Congress.

The following letter of resignation of P. K. DOTSON, Esq., late U. S. Marshal for the Territory, sent to the President on the 1st of August, several days before the session of the District Court, shows clearly the feeling existing among those best acquainted with the affairs of the Territory in regard to the efficiency of the present system of government in the Territory:

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Utah Territory, Aug. 1, 1859.

To His Excellency James Buchanan, President of the United States:

SIR: I hereby tender to your Excellency my resignation as United States Marshal for the Territory of Utah, to take effect from the 20th inst.

In tendering this my resignation, I deem it my duty to warn you, so far as my humble voice will avail, that the present policy of the Government towards this Territory will be fatal to Federal supremacy in Utah, and can only tend to build up, consolidate and perpetuate the political and ecclesiastical power of BRIGHAM YOUNG and his successors.

The unasked and to this day derided pardon extended to Treason, has only tended to encourage traitors, and the presence of Federal troops, crippled and humiliated by the instructions and restraints imposed on them, serves only the purpose of enriching the coffers of the Mormon Church and of subserving the ends of Mormon polity.

The Courts of the United States in the Territory, powerless to do good, in dreadful mockery of justice, are compelled to lend the power and majesty of the law to subserve the evil designs of the very criminals whom they seek to punish. Impotent to protect innocence, they encourage crime.

The Federal officers of the Territory, opposed and annoyed continually by those whose cordial support and cooperation could alone enable them effectively to sustain the dignity of the positions which they occupy, are as forms without substance, shadows without reality.

Though willing to serve the Administration from which I received my appointment, I cannot remain an officer of the Government without the power to maintain its dignity.

It becomes me, in this connection, to represent to your Excellency the entire inadequacy of the compensation of the United States Marshal in the Territory of Utah. The salary attached to this office is only $200 a year, and the fees in connection with the same have scarcely amounted to $800 per annum.

The duties of the Marshal are very onerous and fatiguing, and, if strictly attended to, preclude almost entirely his engaging in any other business.

In this expensive country an unsettled salary of $1,000 per annum will pay but a small share of the expenses of a family.

The Territorial Legislature have refused to appropriate the necessary funds to pay the Marshal's fees whilst engaged upon Territorial business; he is, therefore, obliged to perform the service gratuitously, or to place an effectual check upon the proceedings of the Court—an end which the legislators hoped by this means to accomplish. The emoluments of the office are thus entirely disproportioned to the labors it imposes. I am, Sir, very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

P. K. DOTSON,

U. S. Marshal for Utah Territory."

DELOSS GIPSON has since been rearrested, and is now again in confinement. Having killed the son of a Mormon Bishop, it is determined by the Church that he shall be punished, and a reward of $300 was offered by the Sheriff of this County for his recapture.

A. B. C.

MORE OUTRAGES IN UTAH.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Friday, Sept. 2, 1859.

The shedding of blood seems greatly on the increase in Zion. Since my last five persons have been shot within the walls of the New Jerusalem, a sixth been stabbed, and yet the authors of these crimes walk and ride through the streets by day and night undisturbed in their liberty and license for crime.

On Saturday night last a band of horsemen several times rode through the main street, and over the sidewalks, upon porches, and into drinking-houses, seemingly on a heavy blow-out. When riding down the street, about a block from the very centre of business and commotion, they commenced firing their *fusiliers*,—for you must know all such carry one or more "side-pieces" at least, and at all times. After discharging about thirty shots they wheeled and rode down several blocks and returned to the saloon street several times and dispersed, when up came the report of two men badly shot by the party; as at the time of the firing they had surrounded and attacked a house, in which were some inimical parties, and shot one DROWN mortally, one ARNOLD badly, but not fatally, and having one of their own party wounded by return fire, they were obliged to leave off to attend him, else he detected outright, which would not do by any means; but so long as they can throw the lightest possible shade of concealment over their murderous deeds, no action is taken by the officials here to bring them to justice. The same evening a man was stabbed. A lady fell from her window, but before assistance could be rendered the victim was removed, and thus far unknown. On the following (Sunday) night another man were shot, neither mortally—yet by accident. So things run riot throughout the Territory, and no action is taken to arrest them. Governor CUMMING is a mere cypher. He has never offered one cent reward for the capture of criminals; nor has he taken any visible steps to check the crime so rampant in our midst. None are safe. Parties are getting together and lodging about their places of business for safety. Another United States Court has been rendered a farce, and so it continues. The Army is a protection to the rascality of this people, and so they go on snapping their fingers and their pistols in Uncle Sam's face, regardless of any offence the old gentleman may take. Secretary HARTNETT and Judge SINCLAIR have both been threatened, and are marked for sacrifice at the first opportunity.

The Court at Nephi has proven of little avail. Parties fled, juries would not work, and nothing in criminal docket was effected save the conviction of MCKENZIE, the forger, who was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary and to pay a small fine. Already petitions are afoot for his pardon. Rather precocious. He was left to his fate by his Mormon counsel, either for effect or for the want of funds. He arrived last night in charge of Deputy United States Marshal BIGLER, and will to-day be conducted to his quarters.

Large trains of Mormon emigrants have arrived, and others are near at hand. The Church train of merchandise, numbering about one hundred wagons, also arrived yesterday. The hand-cart train is expected in to-morrow.

The new paper, under game of the *Mountaineer*, made its appearance on last Saturday—made few promises for its future behavior—was quite forward for a nurseling—and from the cheers its birth received from the Danite band, we doubt its loyalty. Hereafter we are to have weekly mails, which is greatly rejoiced at. Colorado excitement failing.

A. B.

LAW REPORTS.

ELLA BURNS CASE.

The Evidence—Sparring Among the Counsel—History of the Child—Medical Testimony as to her Treatment.

In the matter of the petition of Francis Whitten.—The readers of the TIMES will remember that a week ago Mr. Whitten commenced proceedings in the Supreme Court, before Mr. Justice DAVIES at Chambers, to obtain possession of his child, whose true name is Eva Bell Whitten, but who is known familiarly to the public under the name of "Ella Burns," in the capacity of a juvenile elocutionist, or as Mr. Crummles would say, "an infant phenomenon." The person who had possession of the child is a Mrs. Burns, who has been accustomed to exhibit her, and conduct her performances, and with considerable success. Mrs. Burn insisted that she was entitled to retain the child under any indenture of apprenticeship, by which the father had bound her out, to Mrs. Burns, some time ago, in the State of Ohio. The cause having been adjourned to enable counsel to produce affidavits, came on accordingly yesterday, before the same Justice.

Mr. Ashmead, as counsel for Mr. Whitten, commenced the proceedings by reading an affidavit in respect to the mode of treatment of the child. To this Mr. Laroque, on behalf of Mrs. Burns, objected. He said that the Court ought not to hear *ex parte* affidavits as evidence on which to determine the question of the custody of the child. If the witnesses were not produced in Court, the relator ought to proceed under the statutes of the State providing for the issuing of a commission to take testimony in such cases.

His Honor said that if he allowed the affidavit to be read, he would certainly give the defendants an opportunity of cross-examining the deponents as witnesses.

Mr. Ashmead said it was the settled law of England and this country that affidavits should be read.

A long argument then followed on their admissibility. The Judge finally allowed them to be read, with the privilege to the other side of cross-examining the witnesses.

The affidavits of Drs. Francis and Dr. Foster, followed, setting forth that the elocutionary lessons and mode of life led by Little Ella were detrimental to health and life.

Affidavits of Drs. Bogart, Freligh and Kinney, deposing as to the ill effects upon the health of a child engaged in the pursuit of a profession like Little Ella, were also presented.

The affidavit of A. Fretto was next read, deposing that he had heard Mrs. Burns teaching Little Ella in Bleecker-street, in 1856; she had used harsh words to Little Ella, who wept bitterly; Mrs. Burns had said that it was her own child, who had not left her since its birth, and that her husband was in San Francisco.

Mrs. Fretto's affidavit was to the same facts.

Mrs. Elizabeth F. Ellett's affidavit stated that Mrs. Burns told her of Ella's reading at her benefit—at the Academy of Music; she said that Professor Brown had given the child fifty or more lessons in elocution; that she had signed a contract to let Ella give readings with him for two years, but that she should break the contract, as it was not to her advantage; Mrs. Burns said she knew a point of law unknown to him and others generally, which would enable her to escape, if she chose, from any contract she might sign about the child; Mrs. Burns said she meant to speculate on the child, and had a right to do so; at various times, she had remarked, "Ella does not grow a bit, and I mean to keep her down as long as possible."

Francis Whitten, the relator, was then sworn and cross-examined. He testified that he resided in Cincinnati, where he was a policeman; his salary was $600 per annum, and he was dependent on his pay for subsistence; was a widower; had nine children and one step-child living; had been married twice; little Ella was his youngest; she would be six years old in December next; apprenticed Ella in August, 1856, to Mrs. Pollock or Burns; within three weeks afterwards, witness went to see her, but could not find her; did not know the child was out of the State; a reading had been given by little Ella in Cincinnati about a year ago; he aided a little in getting it up, that is, he went on some errands for Mrs. Burns; he sold three tickets and gave the money to Mrs. Burns; Mrs. Burns had consented with him to take little Ella to the State of Indiana to give a reading there, and he had advised with her in relation to the matter on the express condition that they were to return within two or three days; he had objected to anything being done with the child at any of the theatres, as he did not like the associations of the stage; had not seen or heard of Mrs. Burns or the child from August 1856 to November 1857; witness had said to Mrs. Burns that she acted wrong in sending the child from the State without his consent; the present *habeas corpus* was issued on the 15th ultimo; knew Sergeant Lefferts; had conversed with him at Mr. Cook's office; did not recollect that he (Lefferts) had asked witness what Mrs. Ellet had to do with the case, and that witness had said Mrs. Ellet was to have the child.

The examination of the relator being here concluded, the Court adjourned until this morning.

DECISION IN ADMIRALTY ON APPEAL.

Collision Between Sailing Vessels—When Larboard Tack may hold on.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—SEPT. 27.

Before Judge Nelson.

William H. Wells vs. *The Schooner Ann Caroline.*—NELSON, C. J.—The libel in this case was filed by the owner of the schooner *John C. Wells*, against the schooner *Ann Caroline*, to recover damages for a collision occurring in the month of February, 1854, on the Eastern shore of Delaware Bay. The two vessels were beating up the Bay in company with several other vessels, in a channel about a mile wide, between Crow Shoal and the Jersey shore. The wind was N. N. W., about a five or six knot breeze; the tide flood, setting up the Bay. The *John C. Wells* was close-hauled on her larboard tack, which was her long tack from Crow Shoal to the Jersey shore; the *Ann Caroline* close-hauled on her starboard tack on the opposite course from the Jersey shore to Crow Shoal. The *Wells* was very heavily laden—the *Ann Caroline* in ballast. The two vessels had tacked at the Crow Shoal upon their long tack nearly at the same time, the *Caroline* at the time being to the leeward of the *Wells* and somewhat astern of her. The *Ann Caroline* ran out but one-half or two-thirds of her course, when she suddenly came round on her starboard tack, in consequence of a vessel ahead suddenly backing and obstructing her course. While on this course she came in collision with the *Wells*, striking her on her starboard side aft, about ten or fifteen feet from her taffrail, opening her side, and from which injury she sank to the bottom of the channel in a few minutes.

The main ground upon which the defence of the *Ann Caroline* is placed is, that she was on the starboard or privileged tack, and that it was the duty of the *Wells* to give way and pass to her right. The controling question in the case is whether or not the *Wells* was to the windward, and so far above the course of the *Caroline*, before the two vessels came together, as to forbid the application of this settled rule of navigation, that when two vessels are approaching each other on opposite tacks, both having the wind free, the one on the larboard tack shall give way and pass to the right. On looking into the proofs in the case, which are very voluminous, it will be found that the testimony of the master and hands on board of the respective vessels, as usual, is contradictory—those of the *Wells* claiming that the course of the *Caroline* was to the leeward and southerly of that of their vessel, while those on the *Caroline* insist that her course was to windward of the *Wells*.

If the case stood upon the testimony of these witnesses, we should regard it as so far conflicting and doubtful as to lead us not to interfere with the decree of the Court below dismissing the libel. But there are four witnesses, masters and hands upon other vessels, engaged at the same time in beating up this channel, and who were on the same tack with the *Wells*, but to the leeward and a little to her stern, who witnessed the collision and the course of the vessels previous to the accident, and they all concur in confirming the testimony of the master and hands of the *Wells* as to the course and relative position of the two vessels. The testimony of one of these witnesses has been taken in this Court and was not before the Court below, which is very explicit and direct upon this question. There were several considerations urged on the argument by the counsel on both sides in support of their respective views of the case, which, as they rest principally upon a controverted state of facts, we do not deem it important to notice. We must, therefore, reverse the decree of the Court below, and direct a reference to a commissioner to take proofs and report upon the libelant's damages in the case.

For libelant and appellant, Messrs. Benedict, Burr & Benedict; for respondents, Mr. Donohue and Messrs. Owen & Voss.

Important Patent Case.

CAVEAT—ITS EFFECT WHEN NOTICE OF A SUBSEQUENT APPLICATION FOR A PATENT IS NOT GIVEN.

We publish the following opinion of Judge NELSON in a patent case in the District of Connecticut, o[illegible] movent of the importance of the decision itself and the [illegible] of the parties in this City.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

District of Connecticut.

Phelps, Dodge & Co. vs. Brown Brothers & Co.—NELSON, C. J.—A patent was granted to the plaintiffs, as assignees of Lyman C. Camp, on Jan. 4, 1855, for a machine for the manufacturing of brass kettles. On Jan. 16, 1854, Camp had caused to be deposited in the Patent Office a caveat, describing his said invention, with drawing of his machine. A patent was also granted to O. W. Minard, for the same invention, on April 18, 1856. A caveat, with drawing annexed, accurately describing his machine, had been filed in the Patent Office, April 17, 1854. The defendants claim under this patent.

The application of Camp for a patent was made in November, 1854, within a year from the time of filing the caveat by Minard, but no notice was given to him of the interference of Camp's application by the Commissioner of Patents.

The 12th section of the Patent act of 1836 provides for the filing of a caveat in the confidential archives of the Patent Office; and that, if application shall be made by any other person within a year from the filing of the caveat, for a patent for an invention that shall interfere with the one described in the caveat, it is made the duty of the Commissioner to give notice to the person filing the caveat of the application, who shall within three months file his description, specification, drawings and model; and if, in the opinion of the Commissioner, the specifications and claims interfere with each other, like proceedings shall be had as in the case of interfering applications.

The fifteenth section provides, as a defence to an action for an infringment of a patent, among other things, that the plaintiff "had surreptitiously or unjustly obtained the patent for that which was, in fact, invented or discovered by another, who was using reasonable diligence in adopting and perfecting the same."

We are of opinion the case falls within the scope and meaning of the defence prescribed in Section 15. The purpose of the caveat is to save the discoverer from the effect of the rule of law which gives to the inventor that first adapts his invention to practical use, the right to the grant of the patent; and in case the Commissioner complies with the terms of the 12th section, it does secure him against the effect of the rule. It is not surprising, in the multiplicity of applications before the Commissioner, that he should accidentally overlook a caveat filed some time before the application by another party, and doubtless this officer issued the second patent in this case with the view that the patentee might have an opportunity of correcting the error. He should not be prejudiced by the accidental omission to give him the notice. New trial denied.

The Hudson City Lynch Law Case.

THE JURY DISAGREE—HOW THEY STOOD.

Mower vs. *Bogardus.*—In this case it will be recollected that the Jury were instructed to bring in a sealed verdict. They came into Court, however, stating that they could not agree. They were remanded by Mr. Justice PORTER for further consideration but after being shut up together some time longer without coming to any verdict they were discharged.

It is understood that three were in favor of acquitting all the defendants, and eight were for a verdict against some of the defendants; of the eight seven were for $10,000 and one for $15,000. There were but eleven jurors, one having been excused by reason of sickness.

West Washington Market Case.

The People and Taylor vs. *The Mayor, &c.*—This case was taken up again, and the proceeding of impanneling a jury continued, but the day drew to a close without the result having been accomplished.

The panel was exhausted, and an additional panel of 200 jurors was ordered, and the Sheriff directed to say to each of them that the fine would be enforced if not in attendance.

The matter was then adjourned over until Wednesday, with but ten jurors.

A Husband Imprisoned by his Wife.

In the matter of the petition of Robert M. Poor.—This was a *habeas corpus* to the keeper of the City Prison to produce the body of the petitioner, and a *certiorari* to Ald. Brady, who as a magistrate had committed the prisoner thereto, to produce the proceedings relative to the committal, that the Supreme Court might inquire into the justice of the imprisonment. Mr. Justice INGRAHAM, before whom the case came, took the papers which were submitted to him without argument, and will examine and determine the questions involved, and announce his decision probably this morning.

Notice.

The Supreme Court General Term will adjourn on Friday, Sept. 30. The balance of the calendar, which is not recalled at the adjournment, will first be called without further notices of the term to be held first Monday in November, to which time the present term will adjourn. New causes put upon the calendar will be called after the causes on the present calendar are disposed of.

Court Calendar—Wednesday, Sept. 28.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—West Washington Market case.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Enumerated—Nos. 56, 63, 64, 65, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 75, 76, 77, 79, 10, 31, 37, 49, 81, 85, 86, 89, 90, 91, 69, 36, 58, 88, 92, 93, 95.

Real Estate.... TUESDAY, Sept. 27.

By order of the Court, Mr. JAMES M. MILLER sold house and lot, north side Monroe-street, 62 feet east Montgomery-street, 20x65 feet 4 inches, subject to lease for $1,000. Also house and lot north side Thirty-sixth-street, 165 feet west Second-avenue, 20x98 feet 9 inches, for $6,575. Bought by the plaintiffs in each suit.

Mr. MCCLAVE reports the sale of the four four-story dwellings, on the east side of Eleventh-avenue, commencing at the north corner of Thirty-fifth-street, each house 18 feet 9 inches by 45 feet lot, 70 feet deep. The four sold for $27,000.

Messrs. RAYNOR & BLACKWELL have sold one lot north side of Forty-second-street, about 62 feet east of Broadway, 25x100 feet 5 inches, for $7,000; also, one lot, north side of Seventy-eighth-street, 225 feet east of Second-avenue, full in size, for $550; also, one lot, south side of One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, about 350 feet west of Seventh-avenue, for $400.

We report the sale of 6 lots north side of One Hundred and Ninth-street, 100 feet east of Fifth-avenue. Five of the lots are 25x100 feet, and the others 20 feet front and rear by 100, for $4,800.

We hear it currently reported, and have no reason to doubt the fact, that Messrs. GREENLEAF and HOUGHTON, one or both, have bought the block of ground between Third and Fourth avenues and Ninety-eighth and Ninety-ninth streets, for $43,000. The same recently bought by Messrs. CLARK & Co. for $36,000, as is reported.

Sales of real estate at auction by ADRIAN H. MULLER:

Sept. 8, by order of A. D. DITTMARS, Referee, 1 lot north side of Thirty-ninth-street, 160 feet east of Fourth-avenue, 25x98 feet 9 inches, $4,200.

Sept. 14, 1859, by order of C. H. LILIENTHAL, Executor, 2 lots west side of Eleventh-avenue, 53 feet 11 inches north of Thirtieth-street, each 22 feet 5 inches by 100. Each $2,500.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO BAKERS, CONFECTIONERS, RESTAURATEURS AND OTHERS.—For sale on liberal terms the lease, stock and furniture of Fanning's large and splendid Ice Cream Saloon, Confectionery and Restaurant, covering the whole lot of ground No. 744 Grand-street. Reason for selling the owner's other business requires all his attention. This is one of the finest saloons in the City, and location for business unsurpassed. This is a chance worth attending to. Apply on the premises to E. T. FANNING.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF a grocery-store; has been doing, and is capable of doing, a first-rate business. Corner of 10th-st. and 1st-av. The owner wants to sell on account of ill health, and must go into the country. Inquire any day before 12 o'clock at the store, or of O. B. STEVENS, firm of Stevens & Durland, No. 17 1st-st., or of Mr. SEAMAN, No. 117 West-st.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK OF THE "OLD-established" Livery Stable, Nos. 151 and 153 Attorney-st., formerly owned by Henry W. Colyer, deceased, consisting of horses, carriages, wagons, sleighs, harness, &c. A lease of the premises can be had for a term of years. Apply to ABRAM BEERMAN, No. 129 Attorney-st.

PAPER MILL FOR SALE.—A FIRST CLASS Paper Mill in good order, located at Trenton, N. J. It is driven by steam, and the exclusive water power of the Assanpink Creek. It has nine rag engines, two Fourdrinier machines, and is in every way a perfect mill. For further particulars apply to S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 119 Nassau-st. New-York.

REAL ESTATE BUSINESS FOR SALE.—The advertiser is anxious to dispose of his business to a responsible party, who will continue the reputation it has already gained; situation of office is central, and offers a good opening to any one wishing to purchase an established business. Address REAL ESTATE, Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

$6,000 TO $10,000.—PARTNER WANTED with this amount by a thoroughly experienced and well posted man in the pawnbroker and loan-office business; this is an unusual good chance to get in a first-class paying business, without the least risk, as capital, with interest, is always at command. Address A. B., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

PATENT FOR SALE.—CAPITALISTS ARE SOLicited to examine a useful invention, needed in every family, particularly for ladies. It has been patented in France, England and America. Office, No. 143 Fulton-st., near Broadway, third story. Office hours from 12 to 2 o'clock.

$25,000.—PARTNER WANTED—WHO can command $20,000 to $30,000, to take half interest in an old-established business; an active business man preferred, who can also invest his time. For particulars, apply to JOHN BRAINERD, 2 Pine-st.

$2,000.—A PARTY WANTED TO ENGAGE AS a partner in a neighboring city, in one of the very best paying businesses in this country, and one in which he may satisfy himself of before investing. Address IRON, Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE AT NEWTOWN, L. I.—A good location for a physician or apothecary. Five years established. Rent low. Will be sold cheap. Apply to H. A. SIMMONS, Newtown, L. I.

LECTURES.

IRELAND AS IT WAS AND AS IT IS.—The Rev. Dr. EDGAR (one of the Irish deputation) will lecture on this subject in the Cooper Institute on THURSDAY EVENING, 29th inst., at 4 o'clock. Tickets of admission, 25 cents, may be had of Mr. CROWEN, No. 820 Broadway; CARTER & BROS., No. 630 Broadway; Mr. RANDOLPH, No. 683 Broadway; Mr. BUSHTON, No. 10 Astor House and No. 417 Broadway, and at the door. Proceeds go to the Irish Mission.

CHRISTIAN UNION, OF BROOKLYN.—The address before this body, by O. B. FROTHINGHAM, was postponed, on account of the rain, till WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 28th inst., at the Tabernacle. Instead of the address announced, Mr. Frothingham will read his poem, "The Continuum of Full and Free Society." [illegible]

MUSICAL.

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Known for the past thirty years as among the best in the country.

IMPROVED NEW-YORK PIANOS.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS, first-class makers, in good order, at very low prices.

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AMERICAN ORGANS, (styles) PEDAL BASS, MELODEONS, and MELODEONS of every style in Church, School or parlor use.

New and second-hand Pianos and Melodeons to rent. Rent allowed if purchased.

A. M. RANOUSE, No. 425 Broadway.

THE DRIGGS PATENT PIANO-FORTES.

Having purchased the manufacturing interest of DRIGGS, PARMELEE & Co. in the above Piano-Fortes, together with their extensive stock of materials, we are now prepared with greatly increased facilities to supply these instruments.

They are constructed on purely scientific principles; having upper and lower sounding-boards, (with an entire iron frame for sustaining the strain of the strings) the chase forms a complete vibrating shell, and approaches nearer to the violin in perfection than any other instrument of its class.

The public are respectfully invited to call and see them at the Warerooms of this Company, No. 256 Canal-st.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

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C. & SONS have been awarded 25 prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past 30 years.

ALSO FOR SALE,

MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR

MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,

For parlors, churches, vestries and lodges.

At wholesale and retail.

PIANOS TO RENT.

WONDERFUL IMPROVEMENT IN GRAND PIANOS.

STEINWAY & SONS invite artists and the public in general to call and examine their newly invented OVERSTRING GRAND PIANO, which, for power and quality of tone, is pronounced superior to any other grand piano by all who have examined it, among whom are the best musical judges of the country, such as R. GOLDBECK, TH. HAGEN, (Ed. of the *Musical Review*,) U. C. HILL, W. A. KING, W. MASON, R. O. THMM, H. A. WOLLENHAUPT, A. H. WOOD, O. BAR, and many others.

STEINWAY & SONS,

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ESTABLISHED 35 YEARS.

We don't make the Patent (!) Pianos, or Pianos with the Attachment!!

But we do make good substantial and warranted Piano-fortes of excellent tone and action.

Our instruments RECOMMEND THEMSELVES IN PRICE as well as in other particulars.

Call and see them. New and second-hand PIANOS TO RENT.

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STODART PIANO-FORTES.

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

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BIBLE-HOUSE PIANO WAREROOMS.

Improved new scale 7-octaves, at $200, $250 and $300.

T. H. CHAMBERS, Bible House, Astor-place.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND ORGANS.—The Horace Waters' Pianos and Melodeons for depth, purity of tone and durability, are unsurpassed. Prices reasonable. Second-hand Pianos and Melodeons from $25 to $150. Pianos and Melodeons to rent. Monthly payments received for Pianos. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 333 Broadway. TESTIMONIALS.—"The Horace Waters' Pianos are known as among the very best."—*Evangelist.* "We can speak of their merits from personal knowledge."—*Christian Intelligencer.* "Waters' Pianos and Melodeons challenge comparison with the finest made any where in the country."—*Home Journal.*

LIGHTE & BRADBURYS, MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES—Constructed with all the improvements conducive to superiority of tone, touch and durability, and to any required style of furniture. An extensive assortment always on sale at their Warerooms and Office, No. 422 Broome-st.; also at their Depôt No. 22 Cortlandt-st.

HALLET, DAVIS & CO'S GRAND, PARLOR GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.—SECOND HAND PIANOS made by Chickering, Gilbert, Hallet, Davis & Co. Prices from $30 to $200. Melodeons very low. Pianos and Melodeons to rent. T. S. BERRY, No. 452 Broadway, corner Grand-st., marble building.

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS.—G. & H. BANNORE, manufactory and warerooms No. 365 Bleecker-st., offer a large assortment of the best Pianos, with all the latest improvements, pronounced unrivaled,

SITUATIONS WANTED.
FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as cook; washes; is a good cook and an excellent washer and ironer; also a situation as a young woman as chambermaid, seamstress and nurse; both would do general housework; a home is desired; wages $12 per month. Call at No. 618 Broadway, 3d floor, front room, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl to do chamberwork and washing, or to do chamberwork and sewing; can give the best of City reference from her last employer, with whom she lived for two years. Also a situation by a respectable young woman as cook; can give the best of City references from her last employer, with whom she lived five years. Call for two days at No. 6 East 31st-st., front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS BY a highly respectable and experienced girl; is thoroughly competent in all kinds of fine washing and ironing; or would be willing to do chamberwork and assist in the laundry; has just left a gentleman's family in Staten Island, where she has been as laundress, with the very highest recommendations. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman; has an excellent plain cook and understands her work thoroughly. Has no objection to assist in washing, or as laundress and chambermaid. Can fill either situation and give entire satisfaction. Has got three years' and a-half reference. Call or address a note, for two days, to No. 287 4th-av., between 29th and 30th sts.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as cook, washer and ironer, or general housework; will be found fully competent for her duties, and not afraid of work; could fill a place as laundress and chambermaid; well recommended in City and country. Apply at No. 276 6th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and fine washer and ironer, or as laundress in a small family, or as child's nurse; is capable of taking the entire charge of a baby from its birth; understands how to fulfill a situation thoroughly; no objection to travel; three years' reference. Apply at No. 146 6th-av., between 10th and 11th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, as ladies' maid and seamstress; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses; understands doing up muslins and French linting, and hair dressing, or would like to wait on a lady going to France or Europe. Has good City reference. Call at No. 97 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—TWO RESPECTABLE AND SMART women wish to obtain work by the day; they are first-rate washers and ironers; excellent housekeepers; can give the best of City references as to honesty and capability. Call or address Mrs. HOWES, No. 183 Madison-street, in the rear house, first floor. Also family washing taken in the house and done in the best manner.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as seamstress; is capable of doing all kinds of family sewing, and willing to assist in light work, if required. City reference. No objection to the country. Call at No. 163 7th-av., between 22d and 24th sts., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation as cook in a private family; she thoroughly understands her business; has no objections to assist at the washing and ironing, if required. The best City references. Call at No. 213 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d ave., top floor.

WANTED.—A SITUATION BY A STEADY, RESpectable person as nurse—she is well experienced in children; can take charge of an infant, and a nursery, or grown children, and plain sewing; has the best City reference. Call at No. 372 1st av., between 22d and 23d sts., over the druggist-store, Room No. 6.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTAble young woman, to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and to assist in washing and ironing; the best of City reference can be given. Apply at No. 212 East 21st-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MOST RESpectable middle-aged woman, as cook, washer and ironer, in a private family. Can give the best of City reference. Apply to Mr. MORGAN, No. 3 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FAMILY SEAMSTress by a very competent girl; is a nice hand at children's clothing, shirt making, ladies' clothing and family sewing. Call at No. 354 7th-av., north of 28th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as chambermaid and seamstress, or as child's nurse and seamstress; the very best of City reference can be given. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 140 26th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., from 10 to 5 o'clock.

WANTED—BY THREE RESPECTABLE YOUNG girls situations; one as chambermaid, nurse and seamstress; the other as waitress; good references from their last places. Call for two days at No. 75 8th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, RESPECTABLE GIRL, a situation as good plain cook; is a first-rate washer and ironer, and can make bread, biscuits and pies; in a small private family. Call at the office, No. 322 8th-av., near 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman, as first-class cook; understands her business in all its branches; has the best of City Reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 88 29th-st., near Lexington-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman, as cook; has no objection to assist in washing and ironing; has the best of City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 269 2d-av., third floor, front room, between 22d and 23d sts.

WANTED—A MIDDLE AGED WIDOW LADY, with one child, a girl aged eight years, wants a situation as housekeeper and assistant in a widower's family, or in any household requiring a faithful person, at any light work. Call at No. 169 East 24th-st., west of 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as first-class cook; understands French and American cooking. The best of City references. Can be seen at No. 69 West 32d-st., in the rear, first floor.

WANTED—A GIRL FIFTEEN OR SIXTEEN years of age to do light work and make herself generally useful. None need apply unless they can come well recommended for honesty, &c. No. 20 Henry-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as wet nurse. The best of City reference given. Inquire at No. 293 Rivington-st., of Mrs. ROBINSON, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY AN EXperienced woman, who can give the very best references. Apply to W. T. Hatch, No. 292 Broadway, or No. 77 Clark-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as waitress and chambermaid, or as the latter and laundress; has three years' City reference in one place. Call at No. 227 6th-av., near 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WOMAN AS a first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly, and can be seen at No. 89 West 11th-st., for a few days, rear house.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress by a young woman; or to sew and take care of children in a private family. Apply at No. 27 Park-st., 1st floor, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT woman as cook; the best of City reference can be given. Can be seen for two days at No. 39 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th ave.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.—FIRST-CLASS FAMIly Office. WESLEY & CO.'S Select Female Office, No. 289 4th-av., near 22d-st. A lady in attendance. There never was a more respectable, experienced and well-recommended class of girls to be found waiting for situations than there is at present—Scotch, English, Welsh, Protestant, and others. Ladies, please observe we do not advertise to a private number.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN FROM THE West, 19 years of age, a situation in some wholesale grocery, hardware or commission store, as assistant book-keeper, shipping or entry clerk; best of City or Western references given if required; salary not so much of an object as permanent employment. Address CINCINNATI, Box No. 196 Times Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY A man of thirteen years' practical experience in grapes, pines, preserves, flower grounds, and well understands the laying out of new grounds to order; well experienced in the planting of fruiting trees and shrubberies; understands the care of cattle. City reference this last seven years. Any parties in want of such a man may address M. GARDNER, No. 9 John-st., N. Y.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION IN A private family by a single young man, who understands his business perfectly; has the best of City reference for honesty, sobriety and good temper; is not afraid of work; would go to the country or travel. Address M. O., Mr. Green's drug-store, 14th-st., corner of Broadway, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, IN A RESPECtable private family, a situation as coachman; he thoroughly understands his business, in all its branches, and perfectly the care and management of horses; is an excellent driver; the best of City reference as to capability, honesty and sobriety. Address F. O. B. Box No. 256 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN MAN AND HIS WIFE, without incumbrance, situations. The woman is an excellent cook; also, chambermaid and waitress, or seamstress; can turn her hand to anything; the man is a first-class waiter; is willing to make himself useful about the house. Has the best of reference. Apply at No. 434 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a single man, who is a most competent groom and safe city driver; has had long experience in the care and treatment of horses both in this and the old country; is not afraid of hard work; can give the best of City reference. Apply at No. 664 Broadway, or address M. E., Box No. 200 Times Office.

WANTED.—A HIGHLY RECOMMENDED YOUNG man wishes a situation as coachman and groom; understands the care and treatment of horses perfectly; understands all kinds of farm-work and gardening, and would make himself in every way useful. A steady place (not high wages) wanted. Call at No. 120 Waverly-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN AS coachman and groom, no objection to work in a garden if required, or make himself generally useful; understands the care of horses, and is a good driver; understands his business in all its branches. Address H. W. Box No. 207 Times Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A single young man 24 years of age, to take care of a team of horses, carriage, &c.; understands the care and management of horses; is a good City driver; has four years' recommend from his last employers. Address, for two days, T. C., Box No. 191 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT man, a situation as waiter, in a private family, who perfectly understands his business in all its branches; has lived with some of the best families in the City; can produce the best of City reference. Call or address, for two days, at No. 371 Broadway, in the fruit store.

WANTED—BY A COLORED MAN, A SITUATION as Waiter in a private family; he is master of his business; can be seen at MRS. GREEN'S Intelligence Office, No. 620 Broadway, for 3 days.

SITUATIONS WANTED.
MALES.

A FIRST-RATE GARDENER, HAVING the management of a place in one of the most populous settlements in England, and having charged some of the best gentlemen's places in the United States, middle aged, married, with but a small family, is now desirous of a situation; he can lay out in the most modern style a new garden and pleasure grounds, has a thorough practical knowledge of grapes, under glass or out—fruit in every department, as also green houses and orchards, with every minutia of the vegetable garden, and works hard himself. Terms moderate. References—George Panton, Esq., Barrington, New-York; Mr. George D. Thorburn, Newark, N. J., or J. M. Thorburn & Co. Address JOHN MARTENS, Newark, N. J., or J. M. Thorburn & Co., No. 15 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman and gardener, or groom; understands his business perfectly, as his present employer can certify. No objections to country. Also, a situation by a young man to take care of horses, milk cows and farming generally; is a good driver, a good plain gardener, and is willing to make himself useful. Good references. Wages for garden work, $10 per month. Call or address COACHMAN, No. 619 Broadway, third floor, for two days.

WANTED—A PORTER'S SITUATION, BY A strong, healthy young man, 22 years of age; of industrious habits; can read and write; understands the care of a horse and driving; would devote his whole time to his employer; wages not such an object as to have steady employment. Call at No. 136 1st-av., corner of 9th-st.; or if more convenient, address J. M., B No. 152 Times Office. Can be seen until engaged.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED ENGLISHMAN without family, a situation as groom and coachman in a private family; understands the care and treatment of horses in all their different branches, and is a careful driver. Also, by the woman, as cook, washer and ironer in the same family. Have got good references from their late employer. A letter addressed E. P., Box No. 312 Times Office, for two days, will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY ACTIVE young man as carpenter on a farm; has a practical knowledge of building, fencing, painting, repairing farming implements; would make himself generally useful. The best of reference given by calling at Mr. Campbell's dry goods store, No. 178 3d-av., near 17th-st., for two days. Here is a chance for farmers seldom met with.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND to be generally useful by a very respectable and deserving young man; will take care of a horse and wagon, work in the garden, or be willing to do anything around the place; understands his business; is not afraid of work, and for honesty and good conduct, refers to the last gentleman he lived with. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a respectable man, who perfectly understands the care and treatment of horses; is a most competent groom and steady driver; will also make himself useful; has had long experience in the care and treatment of horses; has the best of City reference from his last employers; has no objections to the city or country. A note addressed to J. R. D., Box No. 230 Times Office, will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN A private family, by a sober, steady man, without incumbrance; is a man who thoroughly understands his business as to the management of horses in all their diseases, and has the best of City reference; has no objection to go South or to the country. Any address left for P. C., Box No. 202 Times Office, will be punctually attended to for two days.

WANTED—A MAN AND HIS WIFE, WITHOUT family, want situations; the man as coachman and his wife as laundress, in a small family; both understand their business perfectly well; have the best of City reference from their last place, where they lived six years and six months. Address J. C., for two days, Box No. 190 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man, 21 years of age, as groom, or can drive, and understands the care of horses; would make himself generally useful around a gentleman's establishment; no objection to country or City; the former preferred; good City references. Address M. R., Box No. 196 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom by a respectable man who perfectly understands his business in all its branches; has good City references; would make himself useful if required. A note addressed T. C., to Mr. R. CAMPBELL, No. 50 4th-av., will be attended to for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family, by a young man who has lived with some of the best families in New-York. A note addressed to W. G., at Mr. John Morris' grocery store, corner of University-place and 12th-st., will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A man of long practice, near this City; he is also a practical farmer and stock raiser. References good. Address, until employed, GARDENER, Box No. 196 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by a Protestant man, with six years' experience; is a careful driver, sober and honest; would prefer a short distance in the country; has the best of reference. Address J. G., Box No. 202 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a Protestant man, with six years' experience; a careful driver, sober and honest; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Address J. G., Box No. 195 Times Office.

WANTED.—A PROTESTANT MAN OF RESPECtability wants a situation as coachman in a private family; is an excellent City driver; the best of City reference as to capability, honesty and sobriety. Country place preferred. Address R. H., No. 79 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; HAS five years' reference from his last employer, for honesty, sobriety and capability. Address J. R., Box No. 199 Times Office.

WANTED—DRUGGISTS.—WANTED A SITUAtion in a retail store by an experienced and practical apothecary, with the best of City reference. Address PHARMACY, Box 192 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—SITUATION IN A WHOLESALE store by a boy between 15 and 16 years of age, just from the country; wishes a permanent situation. Call at No. 229 Broadway, Room No. 22, third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER, BY A steady single man, (English;) has good City references. Address WILLIAM, waiter, care of Grocery Store No. 591 Houston-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED couple, a situation to take charge of a farm house, for which they are fully competent. Good reference. Address a note to Box No. 209 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman or groom; can give the best of City reference. Apply or address COACHMAN, for two days, at No. 96 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MAN WHO has had several years' experience at the clock and watch business. Address C. G. P., Box No. 197 Times Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A NEAT GIRL TO COOK, WASH AND iron, in a small private family. Apply at No. 190 East Broadway.

A NUMBER OF YOUNG MEN WANTED—To peddle an article of almost universal use. An industrious man can make a good living with very little trouble.
JEEVIS' INFORMATION EXCHANGE, NO. 229 BROADWAY.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, LIVING eight miles from 28th-st., an intelligent, competent Protestant nurse, accustomed to the training and government of children. Apply at No. 113 West 23d-st., on Wednesday, between 2 and 3 o'clock.

WANTED—A BOY IN A LAW OFFICE, ABOUT 17 years of age, who can write a good hand and come well recommended. One that resides with his parents in South Brooklyn preferred. Address LAWYER, Box No. 202 Times Office.

WANTED—A FIRST-RATE WAITRESS TO serve in a gentleman's family, one who understands her business perfectly; none need apply if not fully competent. Call to-day, Wednesday, between 12 and 2 o'clock, at No. 17 West 16th-st.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS; ONE AS cook and assistant washer and ironer, the other as waitress and to assist in ironing. None but Protestants need apply, at No. 43 East 16th-st., between the hours of 9 and 12.

WANTED—A VERY SUPERIOR COOK, SHE must be able to get up dinners and suppers in the best manner. The highest wages given. Call at No. 110 5th-av., from 9 to 12; gate in 16th-st.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR WAITING AND TO ASsist in chamberwork. None need apply but such as are fully competent and can bring the best City references. Apply at No. 11 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A LAUNDRESS.—SHE MUST BE A very good washer and a smart ironer; none but a competent person need apply from 9 to 12 o'clock, at No. 110 5th-av., at gate 16th-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork; she must be a good cook, washer and ironer, and willing to do all that is asked of her. Colored girl preferred. Wages $8 per month. Apply at 14 4th-st.

WATCHMAKER WANTED—TO WHOM WILL be given a permanent situation and good salary. None but the best workmen need apply, to
TIFFANY & CO., No. 550 Broadway.

COOK WANTED—IN A SMALL PRIVATE family; must be a good washer and ironer, and have the best of references. Good wages given. Call at No. 50 East 20th-st.

WANTED—A NEAT, TIDY, GOOD DISPOSITION girl, for nurse; Scotch preferred. Inquire at St. James' House, Room No. 17, corner 14th-st. and 4th-av.

COOK WANTED—IN A FAMILY OF SIX PERsons. Apply at No. 94 West 33d-st., between 9 and 12 o'clock in the morning.

TO CYLINDER PRESSMEN.—WANTED, A good, active and steady man. Apply at No. 13 Frankfort-st.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED ENGLISH HOSTler. Apply to C. W. MOORE, No. 20 Park-place.

WANTED—A GIRL AS SEAMSTRESS AND TO take care of children. Apply at 26 West 46th-st.

FANCY GOODS.

HUGHES, DUPUY & CREHANGE.
Importers, No. 37 Maiden-lane.
Have now in store their FALL IMPORTATION, to which they will receive constant additions during the season. It comprises in part a desirable and complete assortment of
SILK NETS, FANCY COMBS AND HAIR-PINS, HEAD-DRESSES AND ORNAMENTS, STEEL GOODS, SHAWL AND SCARF PINS, BELT SLIDES, BUCKLES AND CLASPS, DRESS BUTTONS, BRUSHES, GARTERS.
ALSO,
Rubber Accordeons, Violin Strings, Portemonnaies, Purses, Gum, Watch Guards, Lacets, Steel Pens, Gilt and Fancy Jewelry, and the
LATEST PARIS NOVELTIES,
all of which they offer in the trade at the lowest market prices and on the most favorable terms.

DRY GOODS.

BEEKMAN & CO., NO. 473 BROADWAY
Full styles in Embroidery and Lace,
French Needlework, Swiss and Cambric,
Lace Sets in Point d'Alençon and Point Applique, &c.
Tarred and French Lace Falls, round and square.
Embroidered, plain and hemmed Handkerchiefs.
A full assortment, and very low.
Pineapple Handkerchiefs, a fresh invoice just opened.
Ladies' Traveling and Breakfast Sets.
Valenciennes, Point Applique, Point d'Alençon and Tarred Lace, by the yard.
Edgings, Insertions, Bands, &c., &c., &c.
This stock will be found complete.
Ladies will do well to call before purchasing.

FALL AND WINTER ENGLISH HOSIERY,
Full assortment of Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's
AT LOW PRICES.
Lambs' Wool and Merino Hose and Half-Hose,
Bleached and Colored Cotton Hose and Half-Hose,
Silk and Raw Silk Hose and Half-Hose.
ALSO,
Merino, Lambs' Wool, Cotton and Silk Drawers and Under Garments of every kind.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

AT NO. 294 CANAL-STREET.
(Broadroth Buildings.
NEW CLOAKS!! NEW CLOAKS!!!
GRAND OPENING DISPLAY
For three days,
Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday,
Sept. 27, 28, and 29.
Ladies are invited to inspect
THE LARGEST AND RICHEST STOCK IN THE CITY
OF PARIS AND NEW-YORK CLOAKS,
Expressly for first-class retail trade.
ELLIOTT, (late McKenzie,)

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Will offer on Monday, Sept. 26:
300 Stella Shawls, at ..... $5 worth $7
400 Stella Shawls, at ..... $6 worth $8
200 Stella Shawls, at ..... $7 worth $11
200 Stella Shawls, at ..... $8 worth $12
200 Stella Shawls, at ..... $9 worth $13
200 Stella Shawls, at ..... $10 worth $15
100 Stella Shawls, at ..... $14 worth $20
These goods have been purchased at the recent auction sales, and are the greatest bargains ever offered in this City. Canal-st., corner of Mercer.

NO. 691 BROADWAY.
WILKES & MOYNAN
Opened this morning
100 pieces FANCY SILKS, in
CHECKS, PLAIDS, BAYADERE STRIPES,
At 70 cents, 75 cents, and 88 cents per yard.
Also, 50 pieces ENTIRE NEW STYLES at $1 and $1 25.
These goods are 20 per cent. below importation prices.
CALL AND SEE.
Also, a lot of all wool Delaines at 31 cents per yard. Very cheap and desirable.

CURTAIN MATERIALS, UPHOLSTERY
Goods, Lace Curtains, Draperies,
WINDOW SHADES, GILT CORNICES,
Tassels, Bands, Loops, Brackets, &c., &c.
BELOW USUAL PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

BLACK CLOTH CLOAKS!
STRIPED CLOTH CLOAKS!
LIGHT-COLORED CLOTH CLOAKS!
IN GREAT VARIETY AND STYLE,
At JAMES G. AITKEN'S,
No. 309 CANAL-ST.

TRIMMED STRAW BONNETS!
COLORED VELVET BONNETS!
ROYAL VELVET BONNETS!
MISSES' BONNETS!
TO SUIT EVERYBODY!
JAMES G. AITKEN,
No. 309 CANAL-ST.

SILKS FROM AUCTION,
AT 75 CENTS PER YARD.
These goods are in new designs and 25 per cent under regular price.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Canal, corner of Mercer.

BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 BROADWAY,
Will open on Monday morning
A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF DRESS GOODS,
In Ottoman Velours, Solferino Crossovers, Irish Poplins, English Poplins, Merinos, Muslin de Laines, Bayadere Imperials, &c., &c., at very reasonable prices.

HEAD-DRESSES! HEAD-DRESSES!!
and CAPS!!
A GREAT VARIETY.
JAMES G. AITKEN,
No. 309 CANAL-ST.

291 WINDOW SHADES 291
AND
WINDOW SHADE HOLLANDS.
291 KELTY, BROTHERS & LUM, 291
BROADWAY, New-York.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.
FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR.
W. K. PEYTON, NO. 264 BOWERY,
HAVE NOW IN STORE
A splendid assortment of all the leading styles introduced for the season in
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S GARMENTS.
Cloth Sbawlettes, in great variety, $3 75 to $6.
Cloth Basques and Sacks, in great variety, $4 to $8 50.
Cloth Burnous, new patterns, $5 75 to $8.
French Beaver Cloaks, new patterns, $5 to $9.
Tricot Beaver Cloaks with rich crochet berthas and fringe, from $8 to $10 50.
French Beaver Burnous, $6 25 to $8 50.
We invite the ladies to inspect our stock. In style, quality and manufacture, our garments will be found superior to many now sold on Broadway and Canal-st., at 40 to 50 per cent. higher prices.
Strangers and others will find our store within five minutes' walk of the Broadway Hotels.
W. K. PEYTON,
Cloak Manufacturer,
No. 264 Bowery, near Houston-st.

JAMES GRAY & CO.
HAVE NOW OPEN,
NEW FALL GOODS,
Of their own importation, comprising a beautiful selection of
SILKS, POPLINS, VALENCIAS, VELOUR OTTOMANS AND POPLIN REPS, MERINOES, DE LAINES, &c., &c., &c.
J. G. & CO. invite special attention to their magnificent stock of
REAL LACES AND FRENCH EMBROIDERIES, manufactured expressly for their retail trade, of the latest Paris styles. No. 129 Broadway.

BLACK SILKS. BLACK SILKS.
W. JACKSON, No. 551 Broadway, is offering at retail the largest and most desirable stock of Mourning Black Silks ever submitted for inspection. Poult de soie Reps and armoires, 24, 26, 30 to 32 inches wide from $1 to $2 per yard.
Also, 100 pieces Bishofs $1, worth $1 25.
50 pieces rich Bayaderes $1, worth $1 25.
100 two-flounced Robes $25 and $30.
GREAT BARGAINS. COMPETITION CHALLENGED.
Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Observe W. JACKSON, Importer of Mourning Goods, No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

ENGLISH CARPETS.
NEW GOODS FOR FALL SALES, at the following low prices:
ENGLISH TAPESTRY, 56c. to $1.
SUPERFINE INGRAIN, 4s. to 6s.
3 ply INGRAIN, 4s. to 5s.
GOOD INGRAIN, 3s. 6d. to 4s.
OIL-CLOTHS, 2s. 6d. to 4s.
Constantly receiving all the new patterns of Tapestries. E. BEATTYS, No. 34 4th-av., near Cooper Institute.

COLUMBIAN HALL
CARPET WAREHOUSE.
We are offering for CASH:
BRUSSELS TAPESTRY CARPETS at ..... 75c. to $1 19
VENETIAN TAPESTRY CARPETS ..... 50c. to 1 19
ALL-WOOL INGRAINS ..... 45c. to 75
COTTON and WOOL ..... 25c. to 35
A good assortment of Rugs, Mats, Table and Piano Covers. Druggets from one yard to four yards wide.
ADAMS & SPENCER, No. 261 Grand-st.

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.
Mme. F. PINCHON has now opened her
FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS,
in Cloth, Silk and Velvet
MANTILLAS AND CLOAKS,
All of which have been selected by herself in Paris, and are of the latest Parisian novelties.
Mme. F. PINCHON, No. 96 Bleecker-st.

MME. DEMOREST'S EXCELSIOR SKIRTS
Have, in every respect, better than the best, and cheaper than the cheapest. Twelve best-tempered steel springs $1; 12 springs, $1 25; 14 springs, $1 50; 20 springs, $2; 25 springs, $2 50; 30 springs, $3.
Mme. DEMOREST'S Excelsior Skirts in every respect are better than the best, and cheaper than the cheapest. No sewing to rip, clasps to cut, or weaving to slip on the springs, and cannot possibly get out of order; graceful in form, lighter, stronger, and much more desirable than any other, and need only to be examined to be fully appreciated.
Mme. DEMOREST'S Excelsior and Woven Skirt Manufactory and Depot, No. 375 Broadway. Retail stores, No. 330 Canal-st. and No. 202 Bowery.
All sizes of Children's Skirts, and Bustles in great variety. Dealers in skirts will find it to their interest to call.

A CARD.—W. JACKSON, NO. 551 BROADWAY, has received, per late steamers, and from auction, a very large and choice stock of Mourning Goods, consisting of black silks in every variety, second mourning silks, select styles of Irish and French Poplins, Valencias, &c.; Shawls for shawls in every width; English and French Bombazines, best make; English Crapes in every width; Henriettas and Mattess Cloth, besides many novelties too numerous to mention. Also, English Crape Veils, Bonnets, Mantillas, Shawls, &c.
N. B.—Two cases more of CURAN CLOTH, 1¼ yards wide, 50 cents.
Ladies will please observe.
W. JACKSON, Importer of Mourning Goods,
No. 551 BROADWAY,
Between Spring and Prince sts.

SKIRTS.—WOVEN SKIRTS, 12 SPRINGS, $1 25; 214 springs, $1 50. Dealers supplied with 9 springs at $7 a dozen; 12 springs, $10; 14 springs, $12 per dozen. Old skirts made over. C. E. HARDING, Woven Skirt Factory, No. 381 Spring-st., near Hudson.

COTTON BATTS AND WADDING—ALL Colors and sizes, at lowest cash prices. Twines, wicks, &c. The trade are invited to call and examine.
R. FURMAN,
No. 20 Cortlandt-st., up stairs.

DRY GOODS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
BOWEN, MCLEES & CO.,
Corner of Broadway and Pearl-street,
HAVE JUST CONTRACTED FOR AND NOW OFFER for sale, the following desirable goods, to which the special attention of the trade is invited, viz:
MERINO CLOTHS—Comprising the ___ entire balance ___ of the celebrated manufacture of
PATURLE, LUFIN & CO.
MERINO CLOTHS—Comprising the ___ entire balance ___ of the popular fabric imported by
LACHAISE FAUCHE & CO.,
MERINO CLOTHS—Comprising the ___ entire balance ___ of the well-known importation of
C. GIGNOUX & CO.
MERINO CLOTHS—A large invoice from the two late ___ auction sales ___ of the delicate manufacture of
THIRION, MAILLARD & CO.
PRINTED MERINOES—Comprising the ___ entire balance ___ of the rich goods imported by
BENKARD & HUTTON.
PRINTED MERINOES—Comprising the ___ entire balance ___ in magnificent shade colors, of the importations of
SCHULTEN & HURD.
PRINTED MERINOS—Comprising the ___ entire balance ___ of the importation of
LANE, LAMSON & CO.
PRINTED MERINOES—Comprising the ___ entire balance ___ of the new and beautiful styles imported by
LACHAISE, FAUCHE & CO.
PRINTED MERINOES—Two invoices from the well-known Commission House in Paris of
P. VOGEL & CO.
SILK ROBES—New and rich designs, from the large importing house of
CHARLES PAYEN & CO.
SILK ROBES—At 25 per cent. below the cost of importation, just received
FROM AUCTION.
DRESS SILKS—The most magnificent stock we ever exhibited, and at low prices, just received
FROM AUCTION.
SAXONY PLAIDS, ELVIRAS, AND POIL DE CHEVRES—At lower prices than the
COST OF IMPORTATION.
SHAWLS—Several large invoices just received
FROM AUCTION.
SHAWLS—Of all the popular makes and varieties, both new and rich styles, both
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.
MUSLIN DE LAINES—In great variety, from the
PACIFIC MILLS.
MUSLIN DE LAINES—Newest and richest styles, from the
MANCHESTER MILLS.
MUSLIN DE LAINES—Large assortment, from the
HAMILTON MILLS.
MUSLIN DE LAINES—All wool, designed for the most fashionable City and interior retail trade, best
PARIS MANUFACTURE.
ALSO,
A FALL STOCK,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES—Comprising probably the most desirable stock ever exhibited in the City.
ALSO,
DOMESTIC GOODS—A complete assortment, comprising all the most popular makes of Prints, viz. Merrimac, Cochecos, Dunnells, Richmonds, Spragues, Mount Vernon, (confined exclusively to us,) and all other well-known styles. Also, Sheetings, Shirtings, Denims, Ticks, Stripes, Checks, Jeans, Diapers, Flannels, Linseys, Rolled Jaconets, &c.
ALSO,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND TAILORS' TRIMMINGS—In great variety, adapted to the best trade.
ALSO,
RIBBONS AND MILLINERY GOODS—Newest and richest styles; a very extensive assortment.
ALSO,
LADIES' CLOAKS—Manufactured expressly for our own sales; great variety, cloth and silk velvet, with newest style of trimmings.
ALSO,
YANKEE NOTIONS—Comprising a very extensive assortment.
The above, together with a great variety of other goods, will be sold for
___ NET CASH, ___
OR TO
___ PROMPT SIX-MONTHS' BUYERS, ___
AT
___ LOW PRICES. ___

SPECIAL NOTICE
TO
DRY GOODS DEALERS.
We have purchased the entire stock of
KNICKERBOCKER PRINTS,
which, together with the celebrated
WARRENS
AND
WAMSUTTAS,
in NEW AND EXCELLENT FALL STYLES, we are now prepared to sell by the PIECE or PACKAGE,
FOR CASH OR ON TIME,
AT EXTREMELY LOW FIGURES.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST.,
New-York.

SPECIAL OPENING AT
BEEKMAN & COMPANY'S,
No. 473 BROADWAY,
ON MONDAY MORNING,
OF SILKS AND ROBES,
AT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS PRICES:
SPLENDID TWO-FLOUNCED ROBES,
at $20, worth $32.
EXTRA RICH TWO-FLOUNCED ROBES,
at $25, worth $40.
SUPER-SUPER TWO-FLOUNCED VELVET ROBES,
at $30, worth $60.
SILKS at $1, SILKS at $1 25, SILKS at $1 50.
Ladies will please call and satisfy themselves.

BLACK VELVET CLOAKS!
BLACK VELVET CLOAKS!
LARGE ASSORTMENT.—LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEWEST DESIGNS!
SPLENDID STYLES!!
NOW READY! NOW READY! NOW READY!
FOR SALE BY
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ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will exhibit Paris Cloaks and Mantillas, together with those of their own manufacture on
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Our novelties—incessant—and the present large stock of
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are incomparable with all others in the market. At
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291 LACE CURTAINS, 291
ENGLISH AND GERMAN
DAMASKS.
291 KELTY, BROTHERS & LUM, 291
BROADWAY, New-York.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Will offer on MONDAY, Sept. 26,
300 STELLA SHAWLS at $5; worth $7.
400 STELLA SHAWLS at 6; worth 8.
200 STELLA SHAWLS at 7; worth 11.
200 STELLA SHAWLS at 8; worth 12.
200 STELLA SHAWLS at 9; worth 13.
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SHAWLETTES, RAGLANS AND CHESTERFIELDS.
Inspection respectfully invited.

FASHIONABLE PARIS SEALE
CLOAKS,
In Lyons Velvet and Fancy Cloths, manufactured in the best manner and in every variety of trimming.
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LOW-PRICED CARPETINGS,
Rugs, Mats, Door-rods, &c., &c., &c.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

MAGENTA! MAGENTA! MAGENTA!

The New-York Times

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 28, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Is published in the Times Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Parkrow, Spruce and Nassau streets.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning—Price Two Cents, served at fifty cents a week, [illegible] for Three Dollars a year.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-weekly)—Three Dollars a year; two copies to one address, for Five Dollars.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—Two Dollars a year; ten copies, to one address, for Twelve Dollars; twenty copies, to one address, for Twenty Dollars. Any person sending up a Club of twenty or more, will be entitled to an extra copy.

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Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Rehearsal.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—Sea of Ice.

WINTER GARDEN—Don.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—Garibaldi—Four Lovers—Virginia.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon and Evening—Family and Box—The Nervous Man.

PALACE GARDEN—Fair of the American Institute.

HOPE CHAPEL—Warren's Italia.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS—No. 444 Broadway—Ethiopian Representations.

ACADEMY OF DESIGN—English and French Paintings.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Galway steamer, touching at St. Johns, N. F., brings news two days later from Europe. The departure of the *Great Eastern*, from Holyhead for Portland, was officially announced for Oct. 28. Almost simultaneously with this notice, the death of Mr. Bennet, the engineer, to whom the first conception of the noble vessel is due, has occurred, resulting from a stroke of paralysis. His health had been failing for some time, inasmuch that he was unable to be present at the great banquet on the ship last month owing to serious illness. Nothing urther had been received from the Zurich Conference. The deputations from Modena and Parma, sent to tender the Sovereignty of the Duchies to the King of Sardinia, had fulfilled their mission, and obtained in reply an answer similar in all respects to that previously vouchsafed the Tuscans. The aspect of affairs in Italy was far from tranquilizing. The Spanish Expedition to Morocco was on the eve of departure. The movement of Consols at the latest moment was 95¾@95¾. Cotton and Provisions were dull; Breadstuffs at an advance.

The foreign consuls at Ciudad Bolivia, Venezuela, have appealed for protection to the Governors of the French, English and Danish West India Islands, in a document which appears in the St. Thomas papers. They characterize the contest now going on in that country as one of violence, death and pillage, without any political object. Acts of atrocity are numerous—in the provinces amounting to the annihilation of whole communities. Nothing but foreign intervention, it is contended, can save the country from entire destruction.

Advices from Jamaica, to the 30th ult., represent that the Governor was about to appoint a special commission to try the late rioters at Falmouth, numbering some 120 persons. There is no indication that the disturbances will be revived.

Our regular Utah correspondent presents a melancholy picture of that ill-governed territory. The execution of the laws is entirely defeated by the boldest acts of outrage and criminal violence, which the judicial authorities cannot, and the executive powers will not repress. The United States Circuit Court, at its August term, had endeavored to bring the leaders of these outlaws to justice; but strong in the connivance of the Federal Government, the miscreants had not only derided the process of the tribunal, but had selected persons in attendance upon it for vengeance, and had murdered them within gun-shot of the Court-house. Among other evidences of this disorganization, which have been thrust upon the reluctant attention of President Buchanan, is a letter from Ex-Marshal Dotson, setting forth the lamentable state of affairs in the Territory, and the need of a radical change of policy.

Some difficulty is apprehended in Kansas, in the coming Constitutional election, relative to the manner of making the returns. The Acting Governor's Proclamation directs them to be made to him, in accordance with a law of the Legislature, while the President of the Constitutional Convention directs them to be made to him, as provided for by the Constitution itself. The Republican Central Committee of the Territory asserts that the intention of the Acting Governor is to divide the returns, so that a pretext may be found by the next Congress for refusing to admit Kansas into the Union; and recommends that two certified copies of the returns be made out, one of which may be forwarded to the Governor, and the other to the President of the Convention.

The absence of two Republican members from the important meeting of the Board of Supervisors, left the Democrats in the majority, and the latter elected their own candidates for Registrars in the 1st, 2nd, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th Wards. Several Americans were chosen, but not a single Republican is on the list. The Board was in session from 12 M. to 8 P. M. A notice of discontinuance in a test suit brought by McSpedon & Baker for the recovery of a heavy claim against the County for articles furnished the Commissioners of Record, was served upon the Board, and with it the papers in a new suit between the parties, directing the Supervisors by *mandamus* to raise by tax $193,820 20 for the compensation of McSpedon & Baker for articles furnished the Commissioners of Record. The Committee on Annual Taxes was directed to defend the suit, and $500 was appropriated for the employment of counsel. The Board adjourned to 7 o'clock this evening, with the understanding that then the balloting shall be resumed, whether all are present or not.

In the case of Ella Burns, proceedings have been renewed by the production of testimony on behalf of the father's claim to his child. His own affidavit and those of many others were read, including some medical testimony as to the injurious tendency of such a training, as the child was subjected to, upon her health. Her father was cross-examined by the defence, without eliciting anything important. In the Hudson City tar and feather case the jury were discharged, after having been shut up many hours, and still being unable to agree. It is understood that three were for acquittal, the remainder voting for $10,000 damages against certain of the defendants, except one of the jury, who was for $15,000 damages.

The American Institute's Annual Exhibition at Palace Garden was opened yesterday, though not by any means fit to be opened. The promise for an instructive display of novelties at some early future day, is fair. The steam engine will be up by to-night, and then the machinery can be afforded power, as it is conditioned to use it. The Cattle-Show at Hamilton Park was terminated by a spirited turn-out of saddle and draft horses in competition for premiums. So much of the Horticultural Show as is still fresh and sightly goes down to the Palace Garden to-day.

The house at the corner of Little-Water and Worth-streets, formerly known as Crown's Corner, and always recognized by the Police as the resort of the most desperate characters among those who frequent the Five Points, was the scene, yesterday morning, of a cruel and as yet mysterious homicide. The body of an unknown man was found in bed in a room occupied by John H. Benjamin, under circumstances which seem to leave no doubt that he was choked to death. Beside the body were found some naturalization papers, bearing the name of James Magee. Various arrests were made last night of persons suspected of connection with the affair. An investigation will be entered upon to-day.

The Stock Market fell off in prices [illegible] all the [illegible] advance noticed in yesterday's report. [illegible] Western list closed week. New-York [illegible] and Missouri Sixes 84 ¾ cent., a decline of 1 ¾ cent from Monday. The Foreign [illegible] settled down at 110¼ on London; [illegible] in Paris. The Bullion shipment by the [illegible] exported $468,000. Money Market steady. [illegible] briskly at improved prices, but [illegible] heavily, with a downward tendency. A [illegible] active demand prevailed for Wheat and [illegible], which was freely met by holders, who made [illegible] concessions to buyers, especially of Corn. [illegible] Cotton, Syrupsords, Metals, Rice, Tallow, [illegible] Tobacco were quiet. Pork, Hay, Hops, Coal, [illegible] Sugars and Molasses were in fair request [illegible]. Naval Leather and Naval Stores were [illegible] inquired for. Fish Oils were active [illegible] advance, as was likewise Whalebone, the [illegible].

The Emperors and Italy.

The Oracles at Zurich are dumb. The diplomatists, French, Austrian, Sardinian, are at their posts, but they are devoting themselves to eating the elaborate dinners of the Hotel Baur, and have left the fate of nations to the telegraphic clerks and the correspondents of the Press.

But the world is not to be given over thus remorselessly to doubtful and desperate speculations on a question which involves the issues of peace and war in Europe for many a year to come. The Emperor Napoleon, the "deliverer of Italy," and master of the position, has spoken his mind from the appropriate locality of St. Sauveur, and in a fresh explanation of that most mysterious convention, the Treaty of Villafranca, throws some gleams of light upon the hardly less mysterious protocols supposed to have been discussed, or to be still discussing, by the plenipotentiaries of the lately belligerent sovereigns.

In an article published in the *Moniteur* on the 9th of September, and which we reproduced yesterday, Napoleon III. recapitulates the circumstances in which he found himself forced, on the morrow of Solferino, to elect between saving something to Austria in Italy and risking everything for Italy and Europe. He claims for himself, in the strongest terms, the credit of having been governed in his final choice by a strict regard to the real interests of the Italian people, as well as by an imperative consideration for the welfare of France. He now maintains that his motives have not been fairly appreciated; and that the Italians, while accepting their political salvation at his hands, have put him into an unpleasant attitude by refusing to take that salvation just as he gave it, and consequently by stultifying him in respect to his antagonist, with whom the compact of Villafranca was concluded, Francis Joseph of Austria.

The publication of this article excited a great and as we cannot but think an exaggerated anxiety in Paris, where it was interpreted by many persons to signify nothing less than the abandonment of the Italians to their fate, and the inauguration of a new Austro-French alliance, or at least of an *entente cordiale* between Paris and Vienna. In Italy its tenor was quite differently, and, as we believe, much more truly estimated. So far as it affects the French Emperor and his part in the great drama now playing out in Europe, it appears to us that the manifesto of St. Sauveur is both rational and temperate. To comment upon it is simply to rewrite the history of the current year.

Napoleon had warned Austria in January that her disposition to deal with Italy as an outlying Province of her Empire, though it might be tolerated as a corollary of the treaties of 1815 by the other Powers of Europe, would not be endured by France. France under Louis XVIII., or Louis Philippe, might have governed herself by a timorous regard to systems which had been established expressly with a view to curb her spirit and control her influence. France under Napoleon III. knew herself to have the right of protecting her own frontiers from insidious aggression, and of maintaining the independence of neighbors whose independence was essential to her own.

This was the sum and substance of Napoleon's speech to Baron Hubner at the Tuileries on New-Year's Day last, as subsequent events have furnished a commentary upon its meaning. Of course the Austrian Court did not so read the words of the nephew of the victor of Austerlitz. For Austria, and for all who sympathized with Austria throughout Europe, Napoleon III., in asserting the authority of France as a great Power, was really aiming at an assertion of the supremacy of France over all other Powers, great and small. The peace of Villafranca gave a death-blow to these imaginings, not less decisive than was administered at Solferino to the military pretensions of Francis Joseph. By offering peace to his antagonist in the very hour of victory, Napoleon III. did all that in him lay to prove that he aimed not at the dominion of Europe, but simply at the restoration of France to her just place as the first of European nations; a place which belongs to her not merely in virtue of her greater wealth, her larger homogeneous population and her traditional rank, but also through her higher civilization and her wider intellectual influence upon the world. It was indispensable to the attainment of this object by the French Emperor that he should not desert the cause which France through him had taken up, of Italian Independence. Had a general European war been precipitated by the perseverance of France in her Italian campaign, this cause must have been seriously jeopardized. France had once before freed Italy from the northern sway, and had then been forced to see the liberty which she had won for the Italian States snatched from them through the victory of a great Anti-Gallican coalition. It certainly was not irrational for the third Napoleon to hesitate at attempting what the first had failed to achieve, and if in 1815, England, arbitress of Europe and victorious at Waterloo, had used her triumph only to aid in riveting the chains of Austria on the limbs of Italy, liberated by Napoleon I., it can be no ground of objection at least with Englishmen against the peace of Villafranca, that Napoleon III. shrank from exposing the independence of Italy, in 1859, to the chances of another despotic crusade, to which England had already almost threatened to become a party.

The French Emperor seems, accordingly, at Villafranca to have succeeded in convincing his Austrian antagonist that it was time for foreign powers to cease contending for the possession of a territory which no foreign power could ever hope to enjoy in peace. The most obvious explanation of these mysterious conferences in the house of Signor Morelli will prove in the end, we are convinced, the nearest to the truth, and it will be found by the historian of fifty years hence that nothing could have been more natural than the propositions entertained by these potentates at their interview. The whole Italian question was referred back to the Italian people. The Austrian Emperor, educated in the Imperial traditions of his house, shrank of course with a distrust which the elect of France could hardly be supposed likely to share, from the notion of submitting the sovereign claims of his kinsmen, the Central Italian rulers, to the verdict of the Central Italian populations; and the military master of Verona insisted with an almost pardonable pride on the retention of fortresses and a dominion which the sword had not yet struck from his grasp. The French Emperor appears to have relied on the drift of general European opinion to move Francis Joseph on to a point from which he might be able to see these particular questions more clearly. In this particular, Napoleon appears to have [illegible] the real failure of his diplomacy at Villafranca.

Central Italy, Tuscany, the Duchies, have now proved their fitness to dispose of their own destinies. They have refused in the calmest and most decided manner to receive back the rulers who have played false to their thrones, false to the people over whom their sceptres stretched, false to the God from whom they pretended their power to be derived. The people of Venetia are chafing under a yoke which no flowers can make endurable, and which no considerations of policy can make them accept as their destiny. Francis Joseph, if we are to judge from the signs of the times at Zurich, has become freshly blinded by fatal counselors to all these things. He persists in seeing Italy, Tuscany, the Romagna, the Duchies, Venetia, as he saw them through the angry smoke of Magenta and of Solferino. This simple fact would suffice to explain the failure of the Zurich conferences. But it certainly does not imply any treachery to Italy on the part of the French ruler or of France. The attitude of Italy throughout these trying months, the sharp crisis of her modern history, has been such as to command the wonder and the worship of the world. With a calmness which England in her days of revolutionary torment did not equal, with a wisdom which the States of Holland, in their final dealings with the tyranny of Spain, did not surpass, the Italians, as Massimo d' Azeglio justly and proudly says, have borne themselves through these stern times of trial in a way "to touch the heart of every honest man, however severe his judgments upon, however hostile his feeling towards Italy."

To threaten such a people with all sorts of pains and penalties for declining to take their destiny ready-made at his hands would be the most suicidal thing which the French Emperor could possibly do. Neither the despotism of legitimacy, nor the unjust influence of Austria in Italy, can receive any strength from Napoleon. We incline, therefore, to the belief that the course of events will prove the manifesto of St. Sauveur to be what leading Italians have accepted it as being—a simple statement of the actual situation in Italy, and not at all a menace for the future. The solution of that situation rests with the national action of Italy, and whether by war or by diplomacy, that solution will be reached with grander results of good to Italy than any foreign benefactor could ever confer.

Vegetable Journalism.

We congratulate our antiquated and slightly dilapidated neighbor of the *Herald*, upon having at last actually achieved something worth bragging about. He has raised a gigantic *pumpkin*. Now that he has gone into the vegetable business we have hopes of him. He has evidently found his vocation at last, and can hardly fail, with due diligence, to achieve as brilliant success with pumpkins as our neighbor of the *Tribune* has long since done with the kindred squash. The fact is Bennett has advantages over Greeley in this line of business, which must tell powerfully upon the vegetable competition that has sprung up between them. His familiarity with sub-soiling operations, with all manner of creepers and crawlers, and especially with every kind of manure, gives him a prodigious start in this exciting race. He begins late in life, it is true,—but he makes a splendid beginning.

Bennett, after all, shows a great deal of pluck. We have indulged in gibes and jocose sneers now and then at his expense; but he must be perfectly aware that we fully appreciate his great qualities. He is as ambitious as Lucifer or Fernando Wood,—and almost as persevering. He is envious, however, and frets incessantly at anybody else's successes. For some three or four years back, he has seemed to be losing the mild, angelic temper that used to characterize him, and we had begun to fear that the Times might unwittingly have troubled his digestion and disturbed his equanimity. We see our mistake now. It was other glories that moved him—higher trophies than those of journalism which disturbed his sleep. The gigantic Squash of Greeley loomed ever before his vexed and aspiring soul! With a steadiness of nerve, and a close, steadfast secrecy of purpose worthy of the Sphynx or the Third Napoleon, he determined to ascend these heights of fame, and there, in the presence of the world, meet his crested and exultant rival face to face. And he has done it! He has beaten him out and out! The *Herald* pumpkin beats the *Tribune* squash, all to eternal smash!

Such splendid success has the usual effect of prosperity; it makes Bennett magnanimous. He offers to strip his establishment of its most splendid ornament for our behoof. He says he will send us a galvanized pumpkin for a war reporter! What would the *Herald* do after such a bereavement? Who would get up those splendid leaders about marching an army from France *across Hanover*, to reach the Rhine? Who would do the bragging about the *Herald's* splendid career, and what fearful things it proposes to accomplish hereafter? We are not half so malicious as our generous but slightly dilapidated neighbor imagines. We wish him no harm. We will not ruin his establishment by accepting his offer.

Naturally enough poor Bennett sighs for a notice of his pet pumpkin in the columns of the Times. "If the Times," he says, "will *say* something handsome about these pumpkins, we will *do* something handsome in return." Now the wish is perfectly natural,—but the promise, like everything else in the *Herald*, is perfectly preposterous. Bennett do "something *handsome!*" That is a joke a good deal bigger than the pumpkins.

But the request does us injustice. We have already said something handsome "about those pumpkins." Bennett ought to have learned by this time that the Times never allows itself to be beaten *in news*, whatever may happen in pumpkins. It was as early with its intelligence of Bennett's pumpkin victory, as of the victory at Solferino. We had a special reporter on hand when that pumpkin took the prize, just as we did when Napoleon crooked the pregnant "elbows of the Mincio," and when the French rear guard ran away from Castiglione. Let our old neighbor put on his spectacles, and look at the Times of last week Thursday, page 5, second column, and he will there read, in the midst of a long account of the Fair, as follows:

"One long table was devoted to specimens from Blackwell's Island—among them some okras, twice the usual size. Another table was occupied, half by productions from Blackwell's Island, and the other half from Mr. James Gordon Bennett's premises. *One of Mr. Bennett's California pumpkins, weighing 160 pounds, took a special premium of $5.*"

What can he want more "handsome" than that? We intend hereafter to have a special reporter watch perpetually the growth of Mr. Bennett's pumpkins. We shall give him special instructions to keep away from the melons, lest the "sympathies of youth" should overcome his native virtue, and the delicate vegetables should perish before they had [illegible] which would render them at premium for the Times Establishment, lest the growing pumpkins shall receive attention. They shall be reported. We shall, in justice to the *Tribune*, see to it that they take no Thirty Gut route to victory, and that no undue advantages are taken in the matter of guano.

As for *beets*, nothing but our native modesty prevents us from remarking that the *Herald* never has equalled the specimens of them which have been displayed in the columns of the Times for the past six months. It was quite unnecessary, moreover, for the *Herald* Editor to go to raising *onions*:—he has found, in our beats, abundant cause to wipe his weeping eyes without the artificial stimulus of that exciting vegetable.

The State of Mexico.

In yesterday's Times we published full and faithful dispatches from our correspondent in the City of Mexico, in which the history of events in that region is brought down to the 1st of the present month. The interest attached to affairs in that country does not abate. From this correspondence it appears that Mr. Otway, the English Minister, has been absolutely and peremptorily recalled, through dispatches forwarded by a special messenger; yet this functionary not only retains his official position, but continues his discreditable connection with the clergy faction, and hangs on to his office to complete the ruin of his countrymen in Mexico. Such an exhibition of official misconduct on the part of an English Minister is probably unknown in the recent history of the English Government; and the only consolation we have in its contemplation is, that it will force that Government to sever all connection with the Miramon usurpation, and join the United States, sooner or later, in sustaining the Liberal Party.

Mr. Otway and the clergy are doomed to disappointment in their efforts to make out Dr. Duval a Mexican citizen, and his assassination a military execution. The documents relative to the nativity of Dr. Duval, his citizenship, the robbery of his watch, money, &c., with other facts, sworn to by a person who was with the Doctor during his last moments, we are authorized to state, *are now in the State Department at Washington.* It was deemed best not to make this fact known until Mr. Otway and the clergy had gone far enough in the matter to be caught in their own toils. They have done this effectually, and our Government will doubtless soon be called upon to act in the matter.

The attempts of the Miramon *régime* to create an additional public debt of $80,000,000, to which our correspondent refers, ought to attract the attention of the United States, but more especially that of England, as she has already but little less than $100,000,000 actually invested in that country, the greater portion of which is due in bonds. But neither England nor any other power having claims on Mexico—neither the great capitalists nor the fraudulent importers, who have accumulated such vast fortunes in that country—can, at the present time, protest with any show of reason against such measures as the Church Party may see fit to adopt to sustain itself. The whole power and influence of those officials who have represented foreign governments in Mexico, in connection with private capitalists of all classes, have, in the main, been exerted to sustain the bigoted and inhuman rule of this same Church party, that immense fortunes might be accumulated by a few private individuals, and by all of which means, the public debt has remained unpaid, and public credit has been destroyed. Were it not that a large body of honest traders in Mexico who have, in the aggregate, a heavy interest at stake would suffer unjustly, it would be nothing more than retributive justice to allow the work of financial ruin to go on until the last hope of foreign bondholders should be destroyed, and the fortunes of such men as Otway, Gabriac, Barron, Jecker, Escandon, and others, be forced from them even to the last dollar.

Although the general tenor of our last advices from Mexico is of a melancholy cast, there are unmistakable signs that the liberal cause in Mexico is making steady progress, and, notwithstanding the threats and note of preparation for a determined continuance of the struggle on the part of the Monarchists, there is no reason to believe that they will succeed in checking the downward tendency of their interests, except temporarily, from some such movement as the departure of Mr. McLane, or the act of some traitor in the Liberal cause.

The faction in the City of Mexico was, doubtless, in possession of all the facts relative to the departure of Mr. McLane on the 1st September, and, though he left an accredited Minister, the fact of his leaving without consummating a treaty will stimulate that faction, to make capital out of the fact, take advantage of the time, and, as we anticipated, renew their efforts against Vera Cruz.

The Election of Registrars.

The Board of Supervisors presented, yesterday, an edifying spectacle. Its action illustrated forcibly the chance of fair play which justice and decency have, when they come in collision with party greed. The Board of Supervisors, as our readers know, is so constituted that neither political party can have a majority of it. Its members are equally divided. The object of this provision is to prevent its action from being controlled by partisanship. To that Board was assigned the appointment of Registrars, or Inspectors, under the new Registry law—whose duty it is to enroll the persons entitled to vote. The appointment was given to this Board in order that so important a duty—one involving the honesty and purity of our elections—might be assigned, not to men of any one party exclusively, but to a fair representation of all. It has been generally understood that, for the purpose of making these appointments, an informal agreement had been entered into, by which, in each Ward, the party having the ascendancy should have the majority of the Registrars, and the other party the minority.

Yesterday, however, two Republican members were absent, and the Democrats proceeded to appoint *all the Registrars*,—following the lead and acting in the temper of Ex-Alderman Purdy, who scouted the insinuation that considerations of honor and fair-dealing could have any weight with him and his political brethren in the Board, and declared that he would vote for none but Democrats. And so the work was done. The lists were made up of Democrats exclusively, an American being thrown in here and there as a sop to the Native Cerberus, but the Republican Party having not a single Registrar on the roll. After six Wards had been thus supplied with Democratic officials, the minority of the Board resorted to the usual device of making motions, calling the roll, &c., &c., to prevent action, and finally succeeded in arresting the process of appointment, which is to be renewed, probably, whenever the convenient absence of Messrs. Voorhees and Ferris can be again secured.

For the effect of this policy upon purely party interests we have no special concern. But we very deeply regret that a Board, upon which our citizens have relied for fair and honest proceedings more than upon any other branch of the City Government, should have plunged itself, upon the first opportunity, more recklessly and more indecently into the slough of partisanship than even the avowedly party Board have ever dared to do. Mr. E. F. Purdy, who was the captain of the conspiracy, took the broadest and the basest ground possible in the contingency. He effectually and even openly discarded every obligation, every duty, every consideration of justice and common fairness, every thought of regard for the purity of elective franchise and the welfare of the City, in a blind, senseless, degrading servitude to his party. We are never surprised to hear such sentiments avowed by some greedy, hungry hanger-on of a political faction, for in politics as in common life, hunger and avarice know nothing of reason or of conscience. But Mr. Purdy has not that poor excuse. He demeans himself voluntarily, and because he likes it. His attempt to excuse his action by denouncing the law, is absurd and will be futile. The character of the law has nothing to do with the question. He will probably congratulate himself on having defeated the object for which the law was enacted,—the prevention of illegal voting. If he succeeds in his purpose, he may elect his party ticket, but he will only confirm the public detestation of his schemes and distrust of his integrity.

Mischief in the Mediterranean.

Some of our readers may remember that we called attention some three months since to a gradual revival then going on in Spain of the question of Gibraltar, as curiously coincident with orders given by the Spanish Government for the construction in London of heavy iron gun-boats, suitable for sea-coast operations. The English journals received by this week's mails inform us that the concentration of military forces by Spain in the neighborhood of the Rock of Gibraltar, has now excited the grave anxiety of the British Government, and that questions on the subject propounded to the Cabinet of Her Catholic Majesty, have met with replies so evasive and unsatisfactory that their publication caused a slight fall in Consols in the London market. If Spain and England were the only Powers concerned in the settlement of the ownership of Gibraltar, it might not, perhaps, be worth while to dwell very particularly upon this incident; for although there can be no doubt that the actual power of the Castilian Monarchy is very decidedly in advance of the prevalent reputation of Spain, still the result of a single combat between the Lion of the South and the Lion of the Seas, could hardly be doubtful; and few Spanish statesmen would think of inviting such a passage of arms.

But other States, largely interested in the freedom of Mediterranean commerce, and of the seas in general, must, in the natural course of things, be brought, one day or another, to ask very seriously by what tenure of really respectable right England can pretend to constitute herself the jailer of that great African strait. The original robbery of the Keys by Admiral Rooke, a century and a half ago, and the confirmation of that robbery by the peace of 1783, can hardly be permanently pleaded against the manifest claim of Spain to the integrity of the Spanish soil. Had the peace of 1783, which gave us in America so much, left England in possession of Staten Island, or Sandy Hook, we should hardly be disposed to sit down forever under favor of her frowning batteries and her foreign flag. It is one of the penalties of such a policy as was pursued by England during the last century, that it projects the mistakes of an age of violence into the midst of an epoch where natural law is daily recognizing a loftier and wider sway; and menaces the peace of a great commercial era with the inevitable consequences of great national crimes. The price which England has already paid for the possession of such posts as Gibraltar and Malta, has not sufficed to make good titles which are intrinsically inconsistent with the rights of other nations and the natural development of the world.

Beginning at the Wrong End.

Experienced accountants, it is said, have arrived at the conclusion that $200,000 may be subtracted from the present expenditure of the City without the least detriment to the public service. Acting on this information Mr. Haws has addressed a circular to the heads of the various Departments asking for a return of the salaries and emoluments of all the *employés*, as well as of all other expenses connected with it, and requesting them to furnish him at the same time with suggestions as to the best means of cutting down the expenditure. Commenting on this very praiseworthy performance, the *Journal of Commerce* says:

"Nobody looks for retrenchment, however, by the turning out of such partisans and shoulder-hitters from the snug and sinecure offices which they hold as a reward for eminent muscular services at the polls. That is a stretch of self-denial which nobody can expect. But there are no outstanding pledges or obligations to prevent the Heads of Departments from cutting down items of expenditure where no political friendships are involved."

Though this has an air of philosophy about it which may possibly impress the youthful mind, we are sorry to differ from our cotemporary as to the "pet partisans" and "the shoulder-hitters." If we may not expect to have the proposed retrenchment begun by turning these out of their ill-gotten offices, there is no use in our expecting anything, and we may as well sit down quietly under our calamities. The persons in whose tenure of their places no political friendships are involved, are most likely honest, capable men, whom each dynasty of rowdy superiors relies on to do the duties of the office. It is they who do most of the work and get least of the money. If we ask to have these turned out, we may as well shut up the public offices at once, and rely on nature and Providence for our paving and lighting and sewerage. It is the "pet partisans and shoulder-hitters" who plunge us into our present extravagance. It would be impossible for any bureau or office to be conducted with an approach to economy whilst a large portion of its *personnel* is composed of the knaves and pugilists who help candidates on election day. If a grand parade of the fraternity were held in the Park, and any banker or merchant in the City were asked to select his clerks from amongst them, he would regard it as an imposition either on his solvency or his sanity. They are expensive because it takes five times as many of them to do whatever there is to be done, as it would take of persons who were selected solely on account of their capabilities,—because they are ignorant, lazy and idle. No one supposes five Tammany Hall pugilists, or Tombs "shysters," or keepers of corner groceries, can keep books, or file papers, or do any other duty of a public office, half as well as one properly-trained clerk. In addition to their incompetency, their roguery [illegible] expense on us. They steal, every time. [illegible] that needs to be done [illegible] We, for our part, tell Comptroller Hawes, and all others whom it may concern, that [illegible] reforms do not begin by the appointment of at least three-fourths of the persons who owe their places to "political friendships." They may as well let matters stand as they are. If they are sincere in their desire to relieve the City of a portion of its present [illegible] burden of taxation, they will show it by turning their batteries on the pugilists. This is precisely what we expect of them; and if we cannot have this, we do not expect anything. Until there is reform in the appointments, there can be no reform in anything, for the business of the appointments is the source of nearly all the waste and extravagance.

Death of Mr. Isambert K. Brunel, Engineer of the Great Western.

By the *Circassian*, arrived at St. Johns yesterday, we are informed of the death, from paralysis, on the 16th inst., of Mr. Isambert Kingdom Brunel, the illustrious engineer. He was immediately of French descent, his father, Marc Isambert Brunel, who was also renowned in the same science, being a native of Rouen. Isambert, the son, was born at Portsmouth, England, in 1806, where the elder Brunel was employed in constructing the docks of that famous seaport and arsenal. While very young he was sent to France and educated at the College of Caen, in Normandy. On his return to England, in 1826, he was engaged for about his father in the construction of the Thames Tunnel, of which he was resident engineer. During the progress of this stupendous work he was, on several occasions, exposed to imminent danger from the irruption of the water, especially in 1828, when, being surprised by the current about six hundred feet from the mouth of the tunnel, he was retired by the water and thrown upon the beach, escaping, however, but little injury. Some years before the completion of the tunnel, namely, in 1833, he was appointed to construct the Great Western Railroad, upon which he employed all the resources of science, and displayed a skill as an engineer which was never before and has never since been equalled. The famous Box Tunnel, on this road, was entirely his work. The longest suspension bridge in England, that of Hungerford, over the Thames, was designed and built by him. He assisted Mr. Stephenson in floating and raising the Conway and Britannia tubular bridges, one of the most difficult enterprises on record. He was also engaged in the construction of the Tuscan end of the Sardinian Railway, and during the late war with Russia was employed to construct and organize the hospital of Scutari, situated on the Dardanelles, and intended to afford accommodation to no less than three thousand sick and wounded at one time. These are only a portion of the land works to which he has devoted himself. Most of the large docks at all the principal seaports of Great Britain were either wholly constructed or completed by him. Nor was his genius confined to railroads, bridges and tunnels. He was also the constructor of the *Great Western*, the first colonial steamship which traversed the Atlantic, and whose arrival in the waters of our Bay will be well remembered by most of our readers. That famous ship was then considered a monster of the deep, being 236 feet in length by 35 feet 5 inches in breadth. Since her time the *Great Britain*, the *Persia*, and all of the Cunard line, have exceeded her in length, especially the *Persia*, which is 390 feet long. The *Great Eastern* is nearly three times her length, and to this last crowning work of ocean navigation Mr. Brunel's name is also intimately attached. It was originally supposed on this side of the Atlantic that he was her builder, but such is not the fact. Mr. Scott Russell designed her lines and constructed the iron hull of the ship, and consequently is responsible for her merits or defects, as a piece of naval architecture. He is also responsible for the paddle-wheel engines of 1,000-horse power, by which she is propelled. But Mr. Russell acknowledges that it is to Mr. Brunel, as the Company's engineer, that the original conception is due of building the monster ship. The idea of using two sets of engines and two propellers, was also his. It was his idea, also, to introduce a cellular feature, like that of the top and bottom of the Britannia Bridge, into her construction. These are the main characteristics which distinguish the *Great Eastern* from other ships, and from any Mr. Brunel's. The launching of the ship, her fitting and masting, her cabins and her outfit, were under Mr. Brunel's superintendence. Building the great ship will be felt at his death—involving, as it does, such a loss to engineering science—it must necessarily be a source of grief not only to his friends, and to artists in the construction of the monster vessel, but to the public at large, in England and in this country, who share so much interest in her success, that he was not spared to witness it, and be a living witness in her renown. He was not able to be on hand to see at the exciting time of her launching from the Thames, and her triumphal progress till she emerged into the Channel. Possibly he heard of the disastrous explosion on board, a short period before his decease, but the dispatch which informs us of his death contains no particulars.

Mr. Brunel was elected in 1830 a member of the Royal Society. He was also an associate of the Institution of Civil Engineers, of the Society of Arts, and a member of the Astronomical, Geological and Geographical Societies of England. He received from Louis Philippe, some years since, the cross of the Legion of Honor.

The Rowdyism at Syracuse—Card from Marshal Hyndman.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I regret that a sense of justice to myself compels me to notice the misrepresentations which have been circulated against me since the meeting of the late Democratic State Convention. It was my intention not to notice them in any manner, but a continued iteration of misrepresentations and falsehoods induced me to publish the following statement made by those who witnessed all that occurred on the occasion referred to. ISAIAH HYNDMAN.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The undersigned delegates and citizens of the City of New-York, who were present at the late Democratic State Convention, in Syracuse, feel it a imperative duty to the public, and especially that important portion of it who depend upon the daily reports of the Press for their knowledge of passing events, to make this concurrent statement of what transpired at Weiting Hall on the occasion referred to.

The New-York *Daily News*, in its issue of the day after the adjournment of the Convention, has charged that Hyndman, the U. S. Marshal of the district, with the premeditated design and effort to break up the Convention by the importation and administration of a gang of hired bullies to Syracuse. It is due to Capt. Hyndman to say that in no manner, either by word or action, did he contribute to the disturbance which took place, and that the only part taken by Capt. Hyndman in the meeting presided over by Mr. Alvord was his rising to second the motion made by John Cochrane for the call for the ayes and noes. At this juncture of the proceedings, the riotous persons who had obtained admission to the floor of the Hall immediately surrounded Capt. Hyndman, and threatened him with personal violence. A few moments subsequent to this, in the tumult that occurred, Mr. Hyndman was pushed from the platform, and the undersigned, including Capt. Hyndman, quietly withdrew, taking no further participation in the proceedings.

John Kelley,	Peter Hoffman,
John Brown,	Abram Hyatt,
Thomas Dunlap,	John Richardson,
Thomas Byrne,	Wm. N. Mesereole,
John Clancy,	John Cochrane,
David Ennis,	Arnold Fanning,
Peter E. Sweeney,	E. W. Sanders, Jr.,
John Vanderveer,	Bryan McCormick,
Bernard Kelly,	R. T. Cooper.

Postponement of the New-Jersey Wife-Poisoning Case.

In the New-Jersey Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Belvidere, yesterday, before the Hon. Edward R. Wheeler, Circuit Judge, the case of the Rev. James S. Hansel, indicted for murder, was called on, when Mr. Vliet, the prosecuting attorney, asked for a postponement. On Friday last he called upon Dr. James R. Chilton, of New-York, a very important witness for the State, and found him sick in bed. He was called upon his physician, and was informed by him that it was impossible for Dr. Chilton to attend at Belvidere at present. Mr. Hansel, the accused prisoner, asked the Court to postpone the trial until the next regular term, in December, which Judge Wheeler, after consultation with his associates, granted the request, and set down the trial for Tuesday, the 25th of October next.

Dr. Chilton is the chemist who analyzed the contents of the stomach of the wife of the prisoner, and although the State does not rely upon his testimony exclusively to show that she died of poison, yet it is considered prudent and advisable to produce him in order to do away with any prejudice which might otherwise be brought to bear upon the case. The court-room, yesterday, was densely crowded.

Academy of Music.

Verdi's admirable opera of "Ernani" will be played here to-night, with a superb distribution, namely: Mme. Gazzaniga, Signor Bettini, Signor Amodio and Signor Junca, in the leading rôles. Few operas of the modern repertoire possess the native strength and vigorous originality of this work. When heard in this stage, as it will be to-night, it cannot fail to charm a crowded audience.

Howe's No. 2 Sewing-Machine, $100.

THE STANDARD MACHINE for manufacturing purposes has proved to be without any competitor, and is the standard machine of the market. Much has recently been published in regard to various cheap machines made by Sewing Machine Companies, whose HOWE MACHINES were the foundation of the business they now represent, and do it in the best style.

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES at $60 and $65, are capable of performing, in the best style, all the sewing with perfect security.

SEWING GAUGES REDUCED TO $4.

G. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway, N. Y.; No. 102 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Gaskes & Baker's, Manchester Family Sewing Machines

Principally at No. 345 Broadway, New-York. No. 102 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Shapes of Shapes.

Nos. 102, 104 Fulton, corner of Nassau-st.,) Have to-day, and the commencement of the Fall

A FEW SEASONABLE WORDS,

Just put in the point,

TO PURCHASERS OF FALL CLOTHING.

Our stock comprises every variety of men's business and dress clothing, included all the best fabrics, foreign and domestic, was cut out by fashionable artists in the latest styles, and made up by superior workmen, affords a broad field of selection for merchants, mechanics, clerks, farmers, professionals, travelers, sporting men, &c., and with all these varying tastes another of paramount importance, viz.:

CHEAPNESS!

We have no in the Union, manufacturing clothing of equal excellence.

SELLS AT SO LOW A FIGURE,

by reason of such a diversity of attractive styles.

We have one price for each article, and make no deviation thereon.

ROGERS & RAYMOND,

to meet the demands of a large increasing trade in

BOYS' CLOTHING,

formed for the Fall of 1859, the most extensive and attractive ever in this department, they have ever submitted to the public.

HEADS OF FAMILIES ARE INVITED

to examine our new styles of dress, school and office clothing for boys and youths, and our fancy suits for every young boy.

THE PRICES WILL PLEASE

as much as the articles will please.

ROGERS & RAYMOND

would suggest to gentlemen who prefer clothing made to measure, that their

ORDER DEPARTMENT

is furnished with a very superior stock of Fall and Winter goods and supplied with capital workmen, and that the styles

FASHION AND FIT,

as well as character, their clothing made to order is guaranteed to give the highest satisfaction.

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The painting trade supplied on liberal terms at the depôt, No. 12 Maiden-lane and No. 7 Liberty-st., New-York.

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Fall. Indestructible Cutter of Hair and Whiskers in every imaginable style to suit the various countenances, and executed in a manner so neat as to be not only a comfort, but an ornament of man. No. 1 Barclay-st., Chest on Sundays.

BILLY'S Hair Dye, black or brown, 50 cents a box, natural, easy, quick and durable. Warranted best in use. Depôt No. 1 Barclay-st., near Broadway, and sold by all druggists in the United States.

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and the

BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE

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Spalding's Prepared Glue,

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For SALE EVERYWHERE.

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$20, $25, $30, $35, $40. All Kinds.

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Lawrence's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—The celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Ladies will find rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, which is the best extant. BACHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Ruptures Cured by Marsh & Co.'s Radical CURE TRUSS. Also, Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins. Superior and Moderate Priced Instruments for deformities made to order. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, New-York, and MARSH, CORLISS & CO., No. 9 West 4th-st., Cincinnati, Ohio. Ladies' private rooms and female attendants.

Dr. Mettler's Chalybeate Pills, an aperient and a preparation of purified iron, of extraordinary efficacy in all cases of debility and impurities of the blood. For sale by all druggists, and at the principal office, No. 102 Broadway. Price 50c. per box.

Wigs, &c., Toupees and Hair Dye.—CAMERON, No. 2 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, inventor of the new Human Hair Foundation Wigs. Our stock of Ladies' Half Wigs, Braids, Curls, &c., is unsurpassed. Our unequaled Hair Dye Wholesale and Retail.

Wickham's Self-Ventilating Spring Bed and Mattress Bottom is the highest invention. Air admitted, as by bellows, beneath, to be forced through by body's pressure, expelling all impurities. Exhibited at No. 672 Broadway, and at Am. Ins. Fair.

Marvellin Cures Baldness, Removes Dandruff, and prevents the hair from falling out. Sold by all druggists, and at the retail depôt, F. PITTS, No. 308 Broadway. BARNES & PARK, Nos. 13 and 15 Park-row; CHARLES KENNEY & CO., No. 96 Maiden-lane.

Odontalgic Hair-Dye, Wigs and Toupees are the best in the world. A complete assortment of Ladies' Long Braids, Fronts, half Wigs, &c., on hand for sale, and the Dye privately applied at No. 6 Astor House.

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The finest Winter underwear.

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Florence and Lucy's Sewing Machines.—Warranted to give better satisfaction than any other machine in the market, or money refunded.

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Gentlemen's Fall Style Hats.

GENIN, No. 507 Broadway.

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SEE WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER'S NEW POEM,

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From the New-York Evening Post.

The scene of this story is laid in one of the Southern cities on the Gulf. Beulah, the heroine, is an orphan of the Jane Eyre type, endowed with such extraordinary strength of will and intellect, and so resolute a spirit of independence, that she conquers her way from the destitution and menial duties of childhood to the highest rank in the literary and social life. Proud, sensitive and self-reliant, she spurns all offers of aid and protection, the acceptance of which might lead the world to doubt that she was the author of her own success, and and many of her acts have an appearance of wayward obstinacy that make her a puzzle to her friends. Not the least strange part of her conduct is her treatment of her generous, but stern-willed guardian, Dr. Hartwell, whose hand, notwithstanding her affection for him, she steadily and unaccountably refuses. The contrast of these characters, and the well-planned conflict of wills as between them, are represented with most effective skill, and give a continuous and absorbing interest to the story. But it is not the importunities of her lover, nor the severe experiences of poverty and the taunts of vulgar and ill-bred acquaintances in the circle in which, while pursuing her education, she is compelled to move, that alone annoy the heroine. Her active mind is early perplexed with the thirst for knowledge and skeptical questions as to the subject of religion and the destiny of the soul. Her doubts on the most abstruse metaphysical problems she endeavors to satisfy by study and inquiry, and though she seems to have mastered the learning of the profoundest thinkers on the subject, she at last finds rest only in the teachings of revelation.

It is the evidence of the possession of this learning on the part of the writer, not less than the attractions of the story, that gives interest to the question of authorship. The writer, Miss EVANS, is a lady of Mobile, hardly twenty-three years of age, who, it is said, can fairly lay claim to the accomplishments and genius which she has bestowed on her heroine. *She has, at any rate, established a rank among the best novelists of her country that our country can boast, and we do not remember any work of fiction which has been produced in this country for years which is written with more power and is more full of promise than "Beulah."* She has achieved a decided literary success, a success which will at least be as cordially recognized at the North as at the South.

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FOR OCTOBER

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ILLUSTRATIONS.—1. Purgatory Cliffs. 2. Newport—From Brenton's Cove. 3. Dumpling Rocks and Fort. 4. Windmill. 5. The Old Vernon House. 6. Fort Adams—Approaching from Sea. 7. Chateau Sur Mer—Seat of William S. Wetmore, Esq. 8. *The Pirate's Cave.* 9. Malbone-Place—Residence of Mr. J. Prescott Hall. 10. View from Spouting Rocks. 11. *The Harbor, North*—Steamer *Metropolis.* 12. The Ferry Monument. 13. The Ocean House. 14. Whitehall. 15. Scene from Sachuest or Second Beach. 16. Beach Cliff—Seat of Mr. Delancey Kane. 17. Easton's or First Beach. 18. The Old Mill. 19. The Hanging Rocks. 20. The Glen.

II. STORIES AND PICTURES OF THE HUDSON. To be continued.

ILLUSTRATIONS.—1. Mouth of the Spyt den Duivel. 2. King's Bridge—from Below. 3. Railway at Spyt den Duivel. 4. The Harlem River and Croton Aqueduct. 5. Residence of Mr. Strange, above Hastings. 6. Academy of Mount St. Vincent. 7. Font Hill, formerly the Residence of Edwin Forrest, Esq. 8. Section of the Palisade Rocks—in Front. 9. Yonkers—from the Railway below. 10. Down the River below Yonkers. 11. On the Neperhan, or Saw-Mill River, at Yonkers. 12. The Old Manor House at Yonkers. 13. Residence of Mr. Lilienthal, near Glenwood. 14. Chestnut Grove, Glenwood—Residence of James G. Colgate, Esq. 15. Up the River, from a Summer-house at Glenwood. 16. North, from the Pier at Hastings.

III. THE BELLS OF DAMBEC.

IV. OF POLITICS AND OF POLITICIANS.

V. THE NEW WORLD.

VI. SONG.

VII. BALLOONERY.

VIII. THE EMPTY CUP.

IX. THE ROMANCE OF A POOR YOUNG MAN. To be continued.

X. TO MY CHILD.

XI. THE HEART-HISTORY OF A HEARTLESS WOMAN. Mrs. S. P. KING. To be continued.

LITERARY NOTICES:

1. NATIONAL SERIES OF READERS.
2. A LIFE FOR A LIFE.
3. THE HISTORY OF HERODOTUS.

EDITOR'S TABLE:

1. EDITORIAL NARRATIVE HISTORY OF THE KNICKERBOCKER.
2. GOSSIP WITH READERS AND CORRESPONDENTS.

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Also goes well, superseding already the old-fashioned high-priced articles recommended as equal, but far from being so. Emphatically, the SHILLING BENZINE is of better quality than any other. A single trial will convince.

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A NEW POEM,

Entitled "AT RICHMOND,"

BY WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER,

Author of "Nothing to Wear,"

Will appear in

THE INDEPENDENT,

This Week.

Published on THURSDAY MORNING,

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SALAMANDER SAFES.

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THE FINE ARTS.

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IS THE GREATEST INVENTION OF OUR AGE.

This new art consists in

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Every one, even those having no idea of painting or drawing, can

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It will be taught by the undersigned for

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No apparatus is necessary.

Samples ready for examination.

Also, materials to be had at the atelier.

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PHILANTHROPICAL LETTERS

TO THE MILLION.

Dedicated to Father Dayman.

No. III.

First Independence—my God; or, Religious Independence and Religious Tyranny.

Price Two Cents.

FREDERIC A. BRADY, Publisher,

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"WATTS' NERVOUS ANTIDOTE"

For epilepsy, mental and physical debility, delirium tremens, nervous headache, neuralgia and any nervous affection. It is ever falls we will refund the price. FYNE & CO., Sole Proprietors, No. 108 Nassau-st., New-York.

HECKER'S FARINA IS IN THE HIGHEST repute as a delicious and wholesome food at all seasons of the year. It is a pure preparation from wheat, without the admixture of any other grain, and hence is invaluable in the Summer season. Extensively used at the Astor House, St. Nicholas, Metropolitan and other first-class hotels and saloons, it is rapidly becoming an indispensable dish on all good tables.

Manufactured and sold at the Croton Mills, No. 201 Cherry-st., New-York. A liberal discount to dealers. For sale generally by grocers and druggists.

HECKER & BROTHER.

HECKER & BROTHER'S Flour and Farina are now exhibited for competition at the Fair of the American Institute, Palace Garden.

ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, SEPT. 29 and 30, 1859, being the Solemn Festivals of the New Year with the people of the Hebrew Faith, my store will be closed on those days.

M. H. LICHTENSTEIN, Ribbon Store,

No. 97 Broadway.

IT IS NOT A PAIN

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER.

The only preparation that has a

SUBSTANTIAL REPUTATION.

Wholesome and not to contain the slightest injurious substance.

This elegant and valuable preparation has been used for many years by hundreds of the most distinguished and wealthy persons, who have previously tried all the nostrums of the day without success, some even seriously injuring their hair and health. This is entirely different from all others.

"IS THERE ANY VIRTUE

IN

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORATIVE?"

We can answer this question by saying that we have already seen persons who have derived benefit from it.

"Persons personally known to us have come voluntarily and told us of good results to either themselves or friends, who have used it before it became known in St. Louis."—*St. Louis Presbyterian.*

"Mrs. S. A. Allen's Hair Restorative has given universal satisfaction wherever it has been used. It can be used with perfect safety, and its perfect freeness from all sediment renders it a very desirable article for the toilet."—*Christian Witness and Christian Advocate, Boston, Mass.*

"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer is worthy of confidence."—*Philadelphia Christian Chronicle.*

"Incomparably the best preparation we have ever used."—*N. Y. Evangelist.*

"All are compelled to acknowledge Mrs. S. A. Allen's as the Hair Restorer."—*N. Y. Independent.*

"Mrs. S. A. Allen World's Hair Restorer has taken its place at the head of all articles of the kind."—*Michigan Christian Herald.*

"Dispel all doubts as to its efficacy."—*Knoxville Presbyterian Witness.*

"There never has been a prescription or remedy for improving the hair, published in the *Adocoate*, which was so fully indorsed by men of unquestionable standing as is that of Mrs. S. A. Allen."—*Buffalo Christian Advocate.*

The Rev. E. R. Fairchild, D. D., Corresponding Secretary American and Foreign Christian Union, New-York City:

"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum have been used in my family with beneficial effects, and I take pleasure in commending them to such as have occasion to use such preparations."

"Another objection to dyes is the unlife-like color and appearance they cause the hair to assume, and the only way to have gray hair assume its natural youthful color is to use that which will be effectual and yet not a dye. Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer will do this."—*U. S. Journal.*

The Rev. J. West, No. 6 Washington-place, (Pacific-st.,) Brooklyn:

"I am happy to bear testimony to the value and efficacy of this preparation of Mrs. Allen's, in the most liberal sense, and also thankfully acknowledge the use of it in curing my baldness and grayness."

"Those of our readers whose hair is turning gray or losing its color, and who are opposed to using a dye, *will find in Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer* a preparation that will speedily change the hair to its natural color, and at the same time render it soft. It is superior to any heretofore produced for restoring and beautifying the hair, possessing none of the burning qualities of a dye."—*Philadelphia Mercury.*

The Rev. J. A. H. Cornell, Corresponding Secretary Board of Education R. D. Church, No. 337 Broadway, New-York, and New-Baltimore, Greene Co., N. Y.:

"Some time since I procured a bottle of your World's Hair Restorer, &c., for the use of a relative, and I am happy to say that it prevented the falling of the hair, and restored it from being gray to its original glossy and beautiful black."

"There is no hair preparation, we believe, that has more popularity than Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer. Why is this? Simply because it is a preparation of real merit, and has never failed in a single instance to produce the good effects ascribed to it on the part of its proprietor. Its sales are constant and most extensive, and we begin to think that it is denominated most appropriately the World's Hair Restorer."—*Newark Register.*

Mrs. D. W. Clark, wife of the Rev. D. W. Clark, Editor *Ladies' Repository*, Cincinnati, O.:

"I have been using Mrs. S. A. Allen's Zylobalsamum with much satisfaction in dressing my own and my children's hair. After trying various articles manufactured for the hair, I feel no hesitation in recommending yours as the best I have ever used. *It gives the hair a soft,* glossy appearance, and retains it in any position desired."

"From individual causes that have come under our own observation, we are satisfied that *Mrs. S. A. Allen's* World's Hair Restorer performs all that it promises, and that instead (as is the case with other restoratives extensively used and highly recommended) of being a useless waste of time and money, it is just what it is represented to be, and will perform all that its proprietor engages it to perform. We therefore most cordially commend it to the notice and the use of those of our readers who need a remedial agent of this character."—*St. Louis Leader.*

The Rev. C. A. Buckbee, Asst. Treas. Am. Bible Union, Editor *Bible Union Quarterly*, New-York City:

"I very cheerfully add my testimony to that of numerous other friends. I have found the Zylobalsamum superior to anything I ever used for the hair, and would fully commend it to all."

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER.—As we were traveling in Massachusetts, a short time since, we met a lady whose appearance indicated that she had attained the age of 60. So we inferred, and but for her beautiful hair we should have added several years. After some conversation, she spoke of her hair, informing us that two years ago at least one half of it was gray, and that she had feared that before then the whole would have turned or fallen off. But our friend read the papers, and acquainted herself with the various remedies for decaying hair, and at length determined to obtain Mrs. Allen's Restorer. She did so, and applied it according to directions, and before a year had passed she assured us that she had as luxurious, even, and beautiful head of hair as when she was but 15 years old. Her statement was confirmed by other members of the family, while we were informed that in the same neighborhood there were other instances where the same happy and signal effect had been produced by applying Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer.—*Providence Daily Tribune.*

The Rev. A. Webster, Editor *Christian Era*, Boston, Mass.:

Having used numerous specifics to little purpose, I discarded all, believing them to be of no value. So I regarded your World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, yet personal friends prevailed on me to use it. I have done so for several months past with good effect and entire satisfaction. I am now neither bald nor gray; my hair was dry and brittle, but has regained the softness of my earlier years.

"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer is the best preparation extant for the various diseases incident to the hair and scalp, and is warranted to restore the hair and whiskers, however gray, to their natural color. It having been before the public for many years, and its efficacy in restoring, invigorating and beautifying the hair, fully established by hosts of persons throughout the country, has led to the manufacture of many worthless imitations, which have been successfully palmed off in numerous instances upon the public as genuine."—*Brooklyn Morning Journal.*

The Rev. H. V. DEGEN, Editor *Guide to Holiness*, Boston:

"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer, found among our other advertisements, we insert from actual experiment. That it promotes the growth of the hair where baldness had commenced we have now the evidence of our own eyes. We can testify to its effects."

"Those unsuccessful with other articles can try this with success."—*Boston Transcript.*

"It is just what it purports to be."—*Cleve. Leader.*

We might swell this list, but if not convinced, TRY IT. We export these preparations to Europe even, and they are superseding all others there as well as in the United States.

It does not soil or stain. Sold by all the principal wholesale and retail merchants in the United States, Cuba, and Canada.

DEPOT, NO. 355 BROOME-ST., NEW-YORK, where address all letters and inquiries.

Some dealers try to sell articles instead of this, on which they make more profit. Write to depôt for circular, terms and information. Genuine is signed *Mrs. S. A. Allen*, written in ink. Beware of counterfeits.

For more information send to Depôt for Circular. Sold everywhere.

32. HEALTH OF AMERICAN WOMEN. 32.

From the New-York Tribune.

The Graefenberg Family Remedies are most reliable. In the universal and distressing diseases of Women, the remedies are gentle, judicious, and surely effective.

THE GRAEFENBERG MARSHALL'S UTERINE CATHOLICON

is offered as a certain cure for all irregularities, weakness, tumors, ulceration, inflammation, discharges, falling and other local derangements of the uterine organs, as well as the constitutional troubles arising from them.

Letters and testimonials from clergymen and public men of distinction can be seen at the rooms of the Graefenberg Co., No. 32 Park-row, New-York, and convincing references to persons in the City will also be given at the same place.

Price, $1 50 per bottle; five bottles for $6. It can be safely sent by express. Address JOSHUA F. BRIDGE, M. D., *Secretary and Consulting Physician, Graefenberg Company*, No. 32 PARK-ROW, NEW-YORK.

DR. J. F. BRIDGE *may be consulted professionally, or by letter, at his rooms in the Graefenberg Institution, No. 32 Park-row. Office hours, 9 to 1 and 3 to 4.*

☞ If an *extended* opinion is required by letter, $1 must be inclosed to insure reply.

100,000 BOXES SOLD IN ONE MONTH.

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MIRACULOUS VERMIN DESTROYER.

IT THOROUGHLY EXTERMINATES

BUGS, ROACHES, ANTS, MOTHS, FLEAS, MOSQUITOES, RATS, MICE, &c.

IT IS USED ALL OVER THE CITY

WITH IMMENSE SUCCESS

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For sale by the Manufacturer, JOSEPH MEYER, No. 612 Broadway, and all Druggists.

NEW-YORK TYPE FOUNDRY.

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Book, News and Fancy Type, Rules, Ornaments, Presses, and everything requisite for a

COMPLETE PRINTING OFFICE,

for sale upon the most reasonable terms.

A specimen book will be sent, upon application, to those wishing to order; also, estimates in detail furnished for News and Job Offices.

TARGET PRIZES! TARGET PRIZES!

A fine assortment of beautiful and useful

SILVER-PLATED TARGET PRIZES.

Companies or individuals furnished at the lowest prices. LUCIUS HART, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.

DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND THROAT.

Persons who are afflicted with these diseases are respectfully invited to call upon E. W. VONDERSMITH, M. D., who has been very successful in curing persons that have been pronounced incurable. Office for the treatment of pulmonary diseases only, No. 130 Bowery.

POPULAR ESSAY

ON THE

DISEASES INCIDENT

TO

TRADES AND OCCUPATIONS.

It is our purpose to write, as briefly as possible, concerning the disorders and diseases incident to certain occupations, including their causes, symptoms and mode of cure. We shall do this in plain language, and in a straightforward way. Our purpose is two-fold—firstly, to give some curious facts not generally known; and, secondly, to bring more forcibly to view the ready relief at hand in RADWAY'S REMEDIES. We frankly avow that the trouble we are taking is a business transaction, meant to benefit both the public and ourselves.

The diseases springing from various trades arise either from the very nature of the occupations, from the materials handled or used, or from both these causes. Scarcely any of these pursuits are necessarily unhealthy, but men will be as imprudent in their business as in their pleasure, and suffer for their neglect of precaution.

Let us first look at those who suffer from poisonous materials.

COPPERSMITHS, BRASS-FOUNDERS, BRAZIERS AND PINMAKERS,

from their manipulation of copper and its compounds, take into their system either the impalpable dust of its oxides or salts, or their fumes. The result is a copper disease, whose symptoms may vary more or less in violence, sometimes creeping slowly along until the system is utterly destroyed, or else opening an avenue to more apparent diseases. The victim to the copper disease notices, perhaps, on rising in the morning a slightly acrid taste in the mouth, a slight constriction of the throat, the tongue dry and parched, and, sometimes, sickness at the stomach. He thinks he has caught cold, and, probably, takes some advertised expectorant, which leaves him worse than before. At times there comes an attack of colic. If dysentery is at all epidemic, he is very liable to be attacked, and his tormina and tenesmus, as the doctors call them, namely, his pain in the bowels and disposition to stool, are exceedingly violent. Often a thirst which he cannot account for, or a distended abdomen, or black stools, slightly streaked with blood, or an undefinable anxiety, is the commencing symptom, and is scarcely noticed. Cramps sometimes make their appearance in the limbs and stomach, either alone or accompanied by some of the symptoms previously enumerated. A headache at the close of work, or during the day, is quite common. A preventive of these would be the use of a respirator, which checks the passage to the lungs or stomach of the dust or vapor, and gloves, to keep it from the pores of the skin. A generous diet should be used, the bowels kept open by moderate doses of RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS; a dose *should be taken in the morning and evening of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF*, and the use of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT persevered in, until the system is rid of the poison.

TYPE-FOUNDERS, PEWTERERS, PAINTERS, PLUMBERS AND GLAZIERS, AND WORKERS IN LEAD MANUFACTORIES OR SHOT TOWERS,

are exposed to the lead disease. This, like the copper disease, may produce a series of insidious but scarcely noticed symptoms, ending sometimes in paralysis, or more especially with painters and white-lead makers, in what is generally called painter's colic. These all, at times, will notice in their mouth, more particularly at rising, a sugary and slightly astringent taste, constriction of the windpipe, pain and uneasiness in the region of the stomach, and occasionally nausea, followed sometimes by vomiting.

COACH PAINTERS,

or those who use much vermillion, will have a tendency to diarrhœa, for, unlike copper, this shows its effects more in the small intestines; and the bladder and urinary passages will be seriously affected, sometimes merely producing painful urination, and at others, bloody or high colored urine. The REGULATING PILL and the RESOLVENT must be mainly relied on, and the parties should never go to work on an empty stomach. For the more painful symptoms the READY RELIEF will be necessary, and will by no means belie its name. It should be used internally and externally. In painter's colic, the REGULATING PILLS should be used to produce a free evacuation, and afterwards more moderately, to keep up regular action; and from the very start, the READY RELIEF given in full doses, in flax-seed or slippery-elm tea, or gum-water. The diet should be light, chiefly beef-tea, (not beef soup) or chicken broth, from which the fat has been skimmed. In paralysis, the persistent use of the REGULATING PILLS, with the READY RELIEF, well and steadily rubbed into the affected limb or part for at least fifteen minutes, three times per day, and a generous, but digestible diet, will effect a cure. In all external application the palm of the hand is the best thing to rub with, and a female hand from its softness, should be preferred.

DYERS AND CALICO PRINTERS

are liable to several severe symptoms. Those who use muriate of tin sometimes perceive its effects in their systems. They observe an austere taste in their mouth, which is apt to turn into a well defined metallic one, together with nausea, especially after rising from a meal. Their pulse is more small and hard, and beats more frequently than natural. One very common symptom is a frequency of stools, not diarrhœa, for during some months this may be unattended by pain, and the consistency of the evacuations be normal. Twitching of the face and extremities is less common, but a more dangerous symptom, for unless promptly met, it may be followed by paralysis of the parts attacked. The treatment in this is the same as in the copper disease, viz: RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, REGULATING PILLS and RESOLVENT.

TINSMITHS

are sometimes affected in a manner similar to dyers, but in a less degree. Their attacks are rare. If peculiarly susceptible they may take the lead poison from the solder, but we never knew but one case of that kind. The acrid fumes of charcoal, in this and similar trades, sometimes produce inflammation of the bladder, which may be effectually combated by the RELIEF and REGULATING PILLS.

PAPER-STAINERS AND TAXIDERMISTS

occasionally suffer some most distressing symptoms—the former from the showy greens they use, and the latter from their constant handling of arsenic or the corrosive chloride or mercury. A fœtid breath is not uncommon, with a rather austere taste at times, considerable increase of saliva, or constriction of the lower part of the throat, which seems to extend into the breast frequent hiccough, sometimes a fainting sensation, which comes and goes very suddenly, very black and offensive stools, or high-colored urine. These are some of the symptoms which may occur separately or together. It is a curious fact that some people engaged at these occupations grow quite plump, and apparently enjoy the best of health, having especially a fresh and clear complexion. If, however, they go into any other employment, or refrain from work for some weeks, they are very apt to be visited with many or all of the above symptoms. In either case the RESOLVENT should be used, along with the REGULATING PILLS, the relief being resorted to in order to remove immediate pain or distress.

ELECTROTYPERS, GLASS-STAINERS AND CARD-ENAMELERS, MANUFACTURERS OF CHEMICALS, GOLD AND SILVER PLATERS AND REFINERS,

are liable to many of the above symptoms. Electrotypers are especially liable to derangement of the bladder.

PRINTERS AND TYPE-FOUNDERS,

from their constant handling of type-metal, contract the effects of antimony. This is shown by the temporary paralysis of the fingers and hands, copious stools, cold night-sweats, loss of strength, tenderness of stomach, bowels and throat. Sometimes though drinking nothing but water, they feel a confused, semi-intoxicated sensation in the head. The treatment here is gentle purging with RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS, aided with the READY RELIEF as a drink; when the disease has become chronic the RENOVATING RESOLVENT must be used as an adjuvant to the RELIEF and PILLS.

MASONS AND BRICKLAYER'S ASSISTANTS, AND MORE ESPECIALLY LIMEBURNERS AND WHITEWASHERS,

are constantly liable to vomiting, pains in limbs or temporary palsy, which latter sometimes becomes permanent. A milk-diet, mucilaginous drinks, and the use of the READY RELIEF will remove most of these symptoms, the RESOLVENT being also necessary where palsy supervenes. Sometimes costiveness follows, demanding the use of the REGULATING PILLS. The particles of lime in the eyes are very apt to produce conjunctivis, which will yield to an eye-wash, made of sassafras pith and water, into which the READY RELIEF is put, in the proportion of six drops to every two table-spoonfuls, increased gradually to ten drops. A dose or two of the REGULATING PILLS will materially assist in subduing the inflammation.

POWDER-MAKERS

are subject to heart-throbbing and heart-disease, with looseness of bowels; and both these and

THE MAKERS OF LOCO-FOCO MATCHES

are liable to a very troublesome skin-disease, developing itself on the scalp, and sometimes in little patches, on the back of the thumbs or fore-fingers, or at the lower extremity of the spine, attended with itching, and scaling off of the cuticle. In the former cases the REGULATING PILLS will be found sufficient, conjoined with the READY RELIEF; in the latter the RESOLVENT internally, with the RELIEF applied externally, diluted at first, but gradually increased to its full extent. The REGULATING PILLS may be advantageously used, if indicated by the state of the stomach and bowels.

The effect of alkaline contact is sometimes shown on

SOAP-BOILERS,

in colic, constipation and diarrhœa. The READY RELIEF will remove these. Lemonade should be used ex-

[illegible] as a drink, and oranges or any ripe fruit slightly acid will be found to be a pleasant as well as a valuable adjuvant. Nature usually suggests a good purgative in these cases.

BLEACHERS AND OTHERS, EXPOSED TO CHLORINE OR OTHER FUMES OF ACIDS,

Are apt to be attacked by pains in throat, stomach or bowels, excessive thirst and tenderness of abdomen. If the exposure is long continued at one time, there comes an acid taste in the mouth which leaves after the fresh air is inhaled; but this only occurs from sheer neglect. The symptoms named first give way to the READY RELIEF. The addition of a slight dose of calcined magnesia will aid the action of the medicine slightly; but it is not absolutely necessary. The RELIEF will do its work well without it. The makers of loco-foco matches are sometimes troubled with

INSTRUCTION.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL, No. 20 West 20th-st.

MRS. WILLIAMS will open her School on Wednesday, Sept. 14.

An omnibus will be provided for pupils residing at a distance.

MISS HAINES respectfully informs her friends and the public that her School, NO. 10 GRAMERCY-PARK, EAST 20TH-ST., will commence on Tuesday, Sept. 20.

A personal attendance of her pupils is requested. Parents who have confided their daughters to Miss HAINES in past years, may be assured of her continued care and, as she trusts, increased ability to impart to her pupils a substantial, useful and accomplished education. She has the aid of teachers of acknowledged talent, and it will be their united aim to contribute, as much as possible, to the personal happiness, as well as moral and intellectual improvement, of those committed to their care.

ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Principal of the HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE, At Claverack, Columbia County, New-York. Offers Board and Tuition for $150 per year. Term opens Sept. 15. Male and Female.

THE MISSES ROHR AND MRS. TUFTS Will reopen their FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL, No. 32 West 32d-st., near 5th-av., On MONDAY, Sept. 19.

PROF. ELIE CHARLIER'S FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN Will reopen on Thursday, Sept. 15.

Boarding and Day School, Classical and Commercial. Fifteen teachers are attached to the establishment; German and Spanish taught. The French is the language of the school. There is a primary department.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, with Gymnasium under special teacher, No. 672 Broadway, reopens Sept. 5. Circulars at Ransom's, No. 697 Broadway, at No. 155 2d-av.; at Christern's, No. 703 Broadway, and at the school. There is a preparatory department for boys from 6 to 8 years old.

SELECT FRENCH AND ENGLISH PROTESTANT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—No. 20 West 20th-st., opposite Trinity Chapel. This school, under the direction of Mlle. ROSTAN, of Paris, will be opened on Thursday, Sept. 15. Mlle. Rostan is grateful for the encouragement given by her friends and pupils, which has enabled her to make valuable additions to the library and important improvements in the apartments for her pupils, and she hopes that parents confiding their daughters to her care will find her effort is spared to give them a thorough finished education. The young ladies residing in the family shall enjoy the best opportunities for the acquisition of a practical knowledge of the French and other modern languages, and will share in all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home. For further information, testimonials, &c., apply to Mlle. ROSTAN, No. 20 West 20th-st. Circulars sent if desired.

MISS HAVENS RESPECTFULLY INFORMS her friends and patrons that, having removed from No. 81 West 32d-st., she will reopen her Boarding and Day School for young ladies in the new and commodious establishment, No. 250 Madison-av., Murray Hill, second house north of 30th-st., on Wednesday, Sept. 14. Her facilities for imparting a thorough and finished education to her pupils will continue to be unsurpassed in the city. French is taught with especial regard to its conversational use. Her school circulars, with references and terms, may be had at her residence; of Rev. R. R. Hanson, Esq., No. 17 Nassau-st.; and at the book-stores of Messrs. Lockwood, No. 411 Broadway, and Randolph, No. 683 Broadway.

A stage is provided for day scholars residing at a distance from the school.

THE REV. H. D. WARD AND MRS. WARD, having removed to the beautiful village of Flushing, beg to announce that they are prepared to receive into their family eight young ladies, to be educated in the best manner, with and as their own children, sharing in all the privileges of a pleasant home and the refined association of cultivated society. The house and grounds are among the most attractive of this lovely and healthful region. Address the Rev. H. D. WARD, or the Rev. J. CARPENTER SMITH, Rector of St. George's Church, Flushing, N. Y.

THE VAN NORMAN INSTITUTE—AN ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, Nos. 2 and 4 West 38th-st., Murray Hill, two doors from 5th-av., will reopen on the 14th of September next. The spirit, aims and practical life of the school may be learned from its prospectus, to which attention is earnestly invited. For full information, references, &c., apply for prospectus to the Rev. D. C. VAN NORMAN, LL.D., Principal.

PARKER AND BERTHET'S SCHOOL, No. 25 East 21st-st., corner of Broadway, will be reopened Sept. 12. Pupils are prepared for College or the mining-room. All the modern languages are taught by native professors, and in one department French is always spoken. There is a Primary department under an experienced female teacher. Circulars at Lockwood & Son's Bookstore, No. 411 Broadway.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH and English School, No. 930 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., reopens on Monday, Sept. 5. Miss SARAH SEDGWICK (formerly of 9th-st.) conducts the primary department with her well-known ability. Circulars at Brewer's, No. 689; Christern's, No. 703; and Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway. Arrangements made for boarders.

A GERMAN LADY, OF MUCH EXPERIENCE in teaching, and who has resided for a number of years in Paris and London, wishes to give instruction in the German, French, English, and Italian languages; best references can be given. Address, L. E., No. 8 Livingston-place, between 15th and 16th st., near 2d-av., or apply personally from 1 to 3 o'clock.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—The Forty-fourth semi-annual session will commence on Wednesday, Nov. 2. Circulars may be obtained of W. W. Rose, No. 68 Cedar-st., and of S. P. York, No. 79 Murray-st., New-York; also, by applying to the Principal, D. S. BOWE, M. A.

FRENCH PROTESTANT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—No. 32 West 20th-st. Mrs. LEVERETT will reopen her school for the coming year on Wednesday, Sept. 18. A punctual attendance of the pupils is particularly requested. Applications may be made to Mrs. L., personally or by letter, at the above address.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE—NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—The next term will begin Sept. 7. The annual Catalogue may be had at the Institute, and may be had of Messrs. Clark, Austin & Smith, No. 8 Park-row; T. J. Crowen, Esq., Broadway, corner of 4th-st.; or by addressing L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD, Principals.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—No. 29 East 31st-st. JAMES WEIR MASON, Term commences Sept. 12. Personal instruction by the Principal and thorough drilling in the English branches. For circulars and further information apply at Carter's Bookstore, No. 350 Broadway, or after Aug. 29 at the school.

MRS. OKILL WILL REOPEN HER Boarding and Day School for young ladies on Wednesday, the 14th Sept., at Nos. 8 and 10 Clinton-place. Mrs. O. will be in the City on and after the 1st of Sept., to receive applications. Previous to that time any additions to her residence will be received by her.

SCHOOL AND HOME EDUCATION.—French and English, Classical and Commercial School with full Gymnasium, Nos. 147 and 49 West 26th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av. Mr. LOUIS KERNOT takes charge of a limited number of boys. Reopened Sept. 12.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL AT NEW-ROCHELLE.—One hour from the City of New-York. As this institution has just commenced on the Fall term, it is a favorable time for pupils to enter. Terms moderate. For circulars address the Principal. R. LOCKWOOD.

J. JAY GREENOUGH'S PRIVATE SCHOOL for boys, No. 11 West 27th-st.—The twenty-sixth year begins Sept. 12. The number of scholars is limited to twenty. Circulars at Lockwood's bookstore, Broadway, and at the school, No. 11 West 27th-st.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, NO. 25 West 16th-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, to open on Monday, Sept. 12. Two departments, each under the exclusive charge of one of the Principals. JOHN ANDREW. JOHN GORMAN.

THE NEW-YORK HIGH SCHOOL.—AN English, Classical and Classical Boarding and Day School for Young Gentlemen, reopens on Monday, September 12, at Nos. 423 and 425 Broadway, Madison Square. F. M. F. REDFIELD, Principal.

$382 50.—ASHLAND INSTITUTE AND MUSICAL ACADEMY.—Catskill Mountains. Students (either sex) received any time. Particulars of Prof. Sandford, Ext., No. 239 Water-st., or the Rev. H. J. Fox, A. M., Ashland, N. Y.

R. A. SMITH'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, LEXINGTON-av., near 27th-st. Term commences Sept. 12. Instruction thorough in all branches; discipline efficient. Philosophical and chemical lectures, with apparatus. Terms, $40 to $75 per quarter.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL, ENTERING on twenty-third year—embraces primary, commercial and classical departments. For circulars, call on the Janitor. ISAAC FERRIS, Chancellor.

THE MISSES FALACHE'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School, No. 153 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 12.

MRS. F. RICHARDS'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 17 West 32d-st., near 6th-av., will reopen on Thursday, Sept. 15.

MRS. MACAULAY, NO. 43 EAST 21ST-ST., (between Broadway and 4th-av.,) will reopen her French and English Boarding and Day School Monday, Sept. 19.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT STAMFORD, CONN.—Z. S. NICHOLS, Principal. Winter Term commences Nov. 1. For circulars containing particulars address the Principal.

LYON & KARGE'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—No. 924 Broadway, between 31st and 32d sts., an English, Classical, French and German School, reopens Sept. 12.

THE COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL Institute, No. 594 West 125th-st., will commence its twenty-fourth year on Monday, Sept. 5. JOHN H. BROWN, A. M., Principal.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., one door below 28th-st., on Monday, Sept. 19.

MADISON ACADEMY.—MADISON-AVENUE, near 25th-st.—Will be reopened on Wednesday, Sept. 14. Rev. E. E. DAVIS, Principal. Residence, 123 Lex.-av.

J. F. WORTH'S CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 202 4th-av., one door above 18th-st., will be reopened on Monday, Sept. 12.

THE FALL TERM OF THE MISSES BUCKHALLS' SCHOOL, No. 48 Bleecker-st., will commence on Thursday, Sept. 15.

MESSRS. [illegible] & E. BREES, No. 1 Fifth-av., will reopen their Boarding and Day School for young ladies, on Tuesday, Sept. 20.

INSTRUCTION.

MRS. WILLIAMS, NO. 28 WEST 20TH-ST., Would inform her friends that her "PRIVATE CLASS" will commence the 1st Monday in October (meeting three times a week.)

This Class offers peculiar advantages to Young Ladies who have left school, and wish to pursue with masters a course of HISTORY, LITERATURE, LANGUAGES and MUSIC. For the latter accomplishment, the most distinguished talent is secured.

MRS. MEARS-BURKHARDT'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES NOS. 23 AND 25 WEST FIFTEENTH-ST., Below 5th-av., New-York, REOPENS ON THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.

Mrs. MEARS-BURKHARDT will be at home to receive parents and guardians who may wish to confer with her on and after Sept. 5.

Circulars may be obtained on application as above, as also at the bookstore of Rob. Lockwood & Son, No. 411 Broadway, and the music store of C. Brensing, No. 701 Broadway.

HARP LESSONS, $30 PER QUARTER. MR. APTOMMAS, Being about to form new Harp Classes for the season, requests that those who desire to avail themselves, will give intimation of their intention as soon as possible.

Private Lessons, $40 per quarter. Pupils that have no Harps of their own, can be accommodated with conveniences for practising, or supplied with instruments. CONSERVATOIRE DE LA HARPE, No. 163 West 31st-st.

COOPERSTOWN SEMINARY, AT COOPERSTOWN, N. Y. Term begins Nov. 11. $120 per year. R. C. FLACK, A. B., Principal.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.—BY THE DESIRE OF some parties, and hoping to meet with success with the public, Madam DON BERNARD (née De Rochefermoy) will open, on Oct. 3, at her Young Ladies' Boarding and Day School, No. 1 West 34th-st., junction of Broadway and 5th-av., several special French Classes of Grammar, Literature and Reading. MONDAYS and THURSDAYS will be dedicated to those who are advanced, and who wish to perfect themselves. Pupils prepared in order to become teachers. TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS will be devoted to beginners. Madam DON BERNARD, formerly French Teacher of the Rutger's Institute, New-York. Her testimonials of success can be seen at her residence. Application from 9 to 2.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS—LITCHFIELD, CONN.—Under the care of Rev. Dr. RICHARDS & SONS, assisted by Werner Bjerg, Esq., late instructor in the Government School of Denmark. A teacher provided for every nine pupils. This is an English, French, German and Classical Boarding-school, on moderate terms. Boys fitted for college or business. For circulars address the Principals, or R. A. Watkinson, Esq., Law Office, No. 20 Nassau-st.

CEDAR GLEN BOARDING SCHOOL—FOR YOUNG LADIES—Sing Sing, Westchester Co., N. Y.—Mr. and Mrs. VAN RENSELLAER will reopen their school on Wednesday, Sept. 28. References: Rt. Rev. Horatio Potter, Bishop of N. Y., Gen. Stephen Van Rensellaer, Mrs. Sarah J. Hale, Mrs. Lincoln Phelps, and others. For circulars apply to Messrs. D. APPLETON & Co., No. 346 Broadway.

AMER. SCHOOL INST., NO. 346 BROADWAY, New-York. Schools supplied with competent teachers, and parents with school circulars. References: Hon. Theo. Frelinghuysen, Dr. Lowell Mason, Wm. Hall & Sons, et. al. Teachers of French, German, and music, wanted. Also, other teachers. SMITH, WOODMAN & CO.

LESSONS IN OIL PAINTING AND PASTILLE.—Ladies desiring to join a class of four can do so at the residence of a lady professor, near Union-square. Terms, $15 each per quarter of ten weeks. Private pupils attended; terms, $25 per quarter. Address ART, care of Mr. Dechaux, No. 709 Broadway, to whom reference is kindly permitted.

INSTRUCTION.—A LADY WISHES TO GIVE lessons on the piano to a few pupils at their residences. Terms, $20 per quarter. Address MUSIC, Box No. 166 Times Office.

RIDING ACADEMY.—C. F. DICKEL'S RIDING Academy, Nos. 5, 7, 9 and 11 West 13th-st., near 5th-av., is now open for the reception of pupils and exercise riding daily.

A TEACHER—GRADUATE OF YALE—WISHES a few private pupils after 3 o'clock P. M. Highest testimonials and references. Terms moderate. Address A. B. C., Brooklyn Post-office.

MISSES MARSHALL'S BOARDING AND Day School for young ladies, No. 141 West 38th-st., bet. 7th and 8th avs., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 12.

MRS. T. Y. CAUCHOIS, NO. 279 WEST 22d-st., will reopen her French and English Boarding and Day School on Monday, Sept. 19.

MISS BUNCE'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG children and misses, No. 131 East 15th-st., (near Stuyvesant-square,) opened MONDAY, Sept. 12.

THE MISSES DANFORTH WILL RECEIVE their pupils Sept 15, at No. 41 24th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

MISS BALLOW WILL REOPEN HER school for young ladies, at No. 24 East 22d-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., on Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS F. B. PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 77 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, will reopen on Monday, Sept. 19.

MISS MORSE'S FRENCH SCHOOL FOR young ladies, No. 1,076 Broadway, opens Sept. 12.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.—MODERN STYLES of school furniture manufactured and for sale by N. JOHNSON, No. 400 Hudson-st., New-York. Illustrated circulars forwarded on application by mail or otherwise.

TEACHERS.

A LADY, THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT with the German, English and French languages, and to whose care the education of the children of a noble family in Germany had been intrusted, is desirous of devoting her time, in the capacity of a daily governess, to instructing young ladies and children in the above-named languages, and in the ordinary English branches, including music; she is willing to live in a family who would consider one or two hours' daily instruction to the children as an equivalent for board. Address S. M., Box No. 169 Times Office.

RESIDENT OR VISITING GOVERNESS.—An English lady, arriving from Europe, and having the highest City references, wishes to form an engagement; she is thoroughly competent to instruct in all English branches, perfect mistress of music, having studied under the very best masters, speaks French and German with pure accent, as she resided in Paris and Germany some years, and has also had much experience in teaching. Address L. Y., care of Mrs. LEVERETT, No. 32 West 16th-st., or Box No. 3,831 Post-office.

A LADY, EXPERIENCED IN TUITION, and thoroughly competent to give instruction in the higher branches of English, French, (which she speaks), and Music on the Piano, desires a re-engagement as resident Governess in a private family; no objection to go South; best reference given. Address TUITION, box No. 1,504, Post office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS TEACHER, BY A young man, a graduate of a New-England college, in a school or private family. Has the best of recommendations as to capacity and moral and religious character. Is also a good gymnast. Address W., Box No. 479 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—TO GO TO ALABAMA, A LADY TO teach plain and ornamental penmanship, vocal music, guitar, embroidery, drawing and painting, (including Grecian.) Salary $25 a month, board and travelling expenses. Address E. B. O., Dayton, Marengo Co., Alabama.

WANTED—BY A LADY EXPERIENCED IN teaching, a situation as visiting governess in New-York City; is competent to instruct in all the English branches, rudiments of music, and various kinds of fancy work. Terms, $300 per year. Address E. K., Broadway Post-office.

A LADY WHO UNDERSTANDS THOROUGHLY how to teach, and has had considerable experience, wishes to form an engagement as daily governess. Her acquirements are English, French, German, Italian and drawing. Unexceptionable references. Address O. Y. X., Box No. 3,802 Post-office, New-York.

A GERMAN LADY, JUST RETURNED from Europe, wishes to find an engagement in an institute where she could give lessons on the piano and in singing; also, if required, in French and German. Reference—Messrs. Scharfenberg & Luis, No. 709 Broadway, corner of 4th-st.

A YOUNG LADY WHO HAS HAD EXperience in teaching, and is competent to give instruction in the higher English branches, French and Music, desires a situation as teacher either in a private family or Seminary. Good referenbe given. Address box No. 207 Middleburgh, Vt.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A SITUATION as governess in a family, in New-York, Brooklyn, or vicinity, or as assistant in a school. Instruction given in English branches, French and music. City references given. Address, L. P. M., Box No. 4,614 New-York Post-office.

A FRENCH GENTLEMAN, WHO IS AN experienced teacher of his own and the Spanish language, and who is conversant with English, is desirous of an engagement in a first-class school in or near the City. Address C. M. T., Hallet's Printing-office, No. 107 Fulton-st.

A GERMAN LADY OF MANY YEARS' experience in teaching German, French, music and the English branches, highly recommended by a number of respectable families, wants a situation as governess. Would like to go in the country. Apply at B. Westermann & Co.'s bookstore, No. 440 Broadway.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER DESIRES an engagement as governess, being thoroughly qualified to teach English, French—which she speaks fluently—music and drawing. No objection to go South or West. Address Box No. 2,271 Post-office, New-York.

TO TEACHERS—A GENTLEMAN PARTIALLY engaged in a school, wishes to assist a teacher during two or three of the morning hours. Address ENGLE, No. 68 Monroe-st., New-York, appointing an interview.

ASTROLOGY.

N. B.—WHO HAS NOT HEARD OF THE CELebrated Madame FREWSTER? She has been consulted by thousands in this and other cities with entire satisfaction. She feels confident she has no equal. She tells the name of future wife or husband; also, that of her visitor. If you wish truth, give her a call at No. 251 3d-av., above 21st-st. Ladies 50 cents; gentlemen $1.

GUTTA PERCHA CEMENT ROOFING, Is the CHEAPEST and most DURABLE ROOFING in use. Is FIRE and WATER PROOF. Is adapted to ALL KINDS of ROOFS, whether OLD or NEW. Sent to any part of the country, with full printed directions for application. JOHNS & CROSLEY, No. 519 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel

$40 NEW SEWING MACHINES. $40 We have just introduced the Parker Machine, under authority of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co. Double thread, lock stitch, and warranted superior. VERNON & CO., No. 449 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE BY S. EDDY & CO., No. 51 Liberty-st., opposite the Post-office. The following lots, that will pay largely as an investment or speculation:

Lots on 8th-av., and 76th, 76th and 77th sts.
Lots on 8th-av. and 66th-st.
Lots on 5th-av. and 105th-st.
Lots on 9th-av. and 110th-st.
Lots on 70th and 76th sts., between 4th and 5th avs.
Lots on 75th and 76th sts., between 4th and 5th avs.
Lots on 100th-st., between 4th and 5th avs.

Also, six entire blocks fronting on, and near Central Park, and a large number of lots in the vicinity of Harlem.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BROOKLYN LOTS.—I WILL sell at public auction, at city salesroom, No. 343 Fulton-st., opposite the City Hall, in the City of Brooklyn, on the 1st day of October, 1859, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described land and premises: all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the Tenth (late Sixth) Ward of the City of Brooklyn, County of Kings and State of New-York, beginning at the northerly corner of Dykeman and Conover streets, thence running northeasterly along Conover-street one hundred feet, thence northwesterly, parallel with Dykeman-street, one hundred feet, thence southwesterly parallel with Conover-street one hundred feet to Dykeman-street, and thence southeasterly along Dykeman-street one hundred feet to the corner of Conover-street, the place of beginning. GEORGE REMSEN, Sheriff.

FOR SALE—AN ENGLISH BASEMENT HOUSE, with all the modern improvements, with extra marble mantles, butler's pantry, and two flights of stairs, &c. The lot is 16 feet 9 inches in front and half the block deep, situated in West 35th-st. between 5th and 6th avs. Very cheap, and on easy terms. Apply to JOHN CULYER, No. 231 Thompson-st.

Also, for sale, an English basement house, No. 163 West 26th-st., with all the modern improvements, and on easy terms. The property will pay 10 per cent. on the whole amount of the purchase money. Apply to JOHN CULYER, No. 231 Thompson-st.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.—TWO of the four new houses on 15th-st., 150 feet east of 2d-av., and looking upon Stuyvesant-square. They are four stories high, twenty feet wide, seventy-five feet deep, with Philadelphia brick fronts, built and finished in the best manner, and are the roomiest, best lighted, and most convenient houses of their size in town. They will be let from now to May 1, at the reduced rent of $1,000 a year. Apply to THOMAS MACFARLANE, No. 126 10th-st., or to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—ON EAST TWENTY-THIRD-STREET —A first-class house.

ON WEST SIXTEENTH-ST.—A brown-stone house, between 5th and 6th avs.

ON THIRTY-FIRST-ST.—A first-class house, near 5th-av.

ON WEST FIFTEENTH-ST.—A three-story brick house.

ON EAST TWENTY-FIFTH-ST.—A three-story brown-stone house, near 4th-av.

ON EAST FIFTEENTH-ST.—A three-story brick house, near Irving-place. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—A NEAT TWO-STORY ATTIC AND basement house, situated at No. 118 Bank-st. Price, $3,500. Also, for sale a two-story house, with an alley to the rear, and full lot, situated at No. 112 Bank-st. Price, $4,800. Also for sale, a large house, No. 4 Carroll-place, Bleecker-st. Price, $15,000.

Also, a large house, situated in West 21st-st., near 5th-av. Price, $22,000. Apply to JOHN CULYER, No. 231 Thompson-st.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS. —In another column our readers will see the advertisement of a block of ground to be sold by the Messrs. BLEECKERS, TO-MORROW. This is a good property for purchasers to make money out of, either presently or remotely. The lots lie on the 3d and 4th avs.—both Railroad thoroughfares—on the high grounds north of Yorkville, overlooking the East River, Harlem and Long Island.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LEASE OF LOT No. 197 Henry-st.; the house is three-story, brick, with all the modern improvements and in first-rate order; the ground-rent is only $150 per annum, and has eighteen years unexpired. Will be sold low to close an estate. For particulars, apply to CROMWELL & BIRDSAL, No. 209 Front-st., THOS. W. BIRDSALL, No. 31 Pine-st., or EDWARD WOOD, No. 180 Fulton-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE CHEAP—the owner going to Europe; a first-class three story and high stoop, brown stone front, in complete order, and replete with all the modern improvements; newly painted and decorated in the best style; delightfully situated, being located near Broadway and 6th av., in one of the most desirable streets up town. Terms very easy. For particulars apply to D. GARRISON, No. 71 West 35th-st., near Broadway.

CENTRAL PARK.—A PARCEL OF GROUND fronting the Park between 96th and 97th sts., being 116 feet 10 inches on the 6th-av., 200 feet deep on the southerly line, 273 feet on the northerly line, and 117 feet 2 inches on the westerly line, being equal to 13 lots. Price $25,000. Apply to F. DUGAN, at the office of P. CALLAGHAN, No. 20 Nassau-st., between the hours of 12 A. M. and 2 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE BUILDING NOW OCCUPIED by the East River Bank, corner of St. Mark's-place and 3d-av., opposite the Cooper Institute. It is finely situated in a rapidly increasing business neighborhood, and is a good chance for investment. Apply at the Bank, or of J. A. FERRER, at the St. Mark's Fire Insurance Office, No. 69 Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—TWO NEW HIGH-stoop brick houses, Nos. 311 and 313 West 25th-st., three stories, basement and counter cellars; have all the modern improvements, and are so arranged as can be occupied by one or two families. Built in the very best manner. Terms easy. Apply to DAVID McMASTER, 32d-st. and 11th-av., New-York.

FACTORY PROPERTY FOR SALE IN PHILADELPHIA.—The subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, his manufactory and lot of ground, fronting on three wide streets. The main building is 4 stories high, 40x172. Size of lot, 103x172. For particulars, at Nos. 1,009 and 1,011 Chesnut-st., Philadelphia. WM. D. ROGERS.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE SITUATION FOR A boarding-house or hotel in White Plains, opposite the new Court-house; lot 110 feet by 200 deep; building in good order; good water and fruit. Terms reasonable. Apply to J. F. JENKINS, Surveyor, White Plains, or M. K. COUZENS, No. 51 Liberty-st., New-York, or to J. H. TRAYNIER, on the premises.

FOR SALE—ON THE HEIGHTS, BROOKLYN first-class House on Pierpont-st., Willow-st., Columbia-st., Montague-st., near Wall-st. Ferry; also on Carroll Park, 1st, 2d and 3d Places, and on Clinton-av.; No. 102 and No. 110 Ryerson-st., and several Cottages. Full particulars at No. 2 Metropolitan Bank, Pine-st., JOHN BRAINERD.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE front house in 48th-st., near 6th-av., containing all the modern improvements. Also a good brick front house in 36th-st., near 8th-av. One also in 44th-st., near 9th-av., and one in 33d-st., near 10th-av. To a cash customer either of the above places will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of H. JELIFF, No. 263 8th-av.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown stone house and lot, No. 254 3d-av., between 17th and 18th sts., opposite the residence of Gov. Fish; the house is 26 by 64 feet, in good order, and replete with all the modern improvements. Lot 26 by 100 feet. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st.

EXTRA LARGE HOUSE ON SECOND-AVENUE FOR SALE CHEAP.—For sale, the extra large three-story brick house and lot No. 137 2d-av., just north of St. Mark's-place. The house is 37 feet 6 inches by 62 feet; lot 125 feet deep; stable on the rear, with entrance on 9th-st.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME THREE-STORY brown-stone house on 28th-st., near 4th-av.; house 22x55; lot 100 feet deep; house in elegant order; well arranged and well built; price $13,000; also, two fine basement houses near Madison-av., on 32d-st., $12,500. KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

CAIRO CITY LOTS FOR SALE—OR WOULD be exchanged for New-York City property. Four lots of land in Alexander County, State of Illinois, first addition to the City of Cairo, block 3, Nos. 6, 7, 8 and 12. These lots are well situated on the Mississippi levee. Apply to C. T. CURTIS, No. 56 Murray-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR COUNTRY seat near New-York, lots or Western lands, 2 elegant brown-stone houses; first-class in every respect; also, marble store and Nos. 102 and 110 Ryerson-st., Brooklyn. Full particulars at No. 2 Metropolitan Bank, Pine-st. JOHN BRAINERD.

GREENPOINT PROPERTY FOR SALE. —A two-story house, with store attached, suitable for any kind of business; good cellar; grape vines, &c.; to be sold at a bargain. Apply to C. MONTROSS, Java-st., 5th lot east of Union-av. No agents need apply.

TENTH-STREET, NEAR FIFTH-AVENUE. —For sale or to rent furnished, the valuable house and lot No. 39 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. The house is handsomely located, in good order, and replete with all the modern improvements. Possession immediately. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., 14 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT house, in 37th-st., near Broadway; in first-rate order, with all the modern conveniences; price, $6,650; furniture will be sold with it, if desired. Address box No. 2,200 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BRICK ENGlish basement house and lot, No. 139 West 36th-st., in perfect order, with all the modern improvements; house 18 by 50, lot 98 feet. Two-thirds can remain on bond and mortgage.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID HOUSE ON WEST 34th-st. near 8th-av., a full sized lot, 3 story Basement, high stoop house with all the improvements, Gas fixtures &c. Price $10,000, $4,000 can remain. KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

FOR SALE—THE TWO-STORY HOUSES NO. 162 West 26th-st. and Nos. 112 and 118 Bank-st., and the three-story house No. 35 West 35th-st. Apply to D. CURTIS & DYCKMAN, No. 36 Beaver-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A VERY DEsirable property, in the 8th Ward, near Bedford-st., now renting for over $1,200, in fine order. Apply to KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE OF ALL DESCRIPtions, at the Real Estate Agency of SILAS SEYMOUR, Consulting Engineer and General Agent, No. 23 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FURNISHED HOUSE, WITH LOT. Price, $9,000. No. 79 West 22d-st. Inquire on the premises.

UP TOWN LOTS, WITH A BUILDING Loan, for sale, well situated on a 100 feet street. Apply to E. MARTINDALE, No. 167 Broadway, 3d story.

PAINTS, OILS AND BRUSHES.

MINERAL OIL.—THIS IS A VERY SUPERIOR Coal Oil, unsurpassed in quality and cheapness, by any other in market. There is nothing more beautiful in color, or more brilliant or durable in burning. It does not explode, and burns in the usual Kerosene lamps, and being uniform, purchasers will always obtain the same excellent article. Barrels, 40 gallons. Agents, JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 96 William-st.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT the Brush Factory, No. 320 Pearl-st., Franklin-square. All articles sold at the lowest factory prices. Paint Brushes of a superior quality constantly on hand. Machine Brushes made to order. J. K. HOFFEL.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

AT EVERDELL'S THESE CELEBRATED cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

TO LET.

TO LET IN BROADWAY—THE FIRST-CLASS 5-story English basement dwelling, No. 1,385 Broadway, containing 26 rooms and all the modern improvements, well adapted for a large private family or a genteel boarding-house; newly painted and papered throughout. Apply at PRIOR'S drug-store, corner of Broadway and 31st-st., or to EDMUND MURRY No. 46 William-st.

TO LET, IN BROOKLYN—THE PLEASANT cottage, with ten rooms, gas fixtures, dumb waiter, and very convenient, and in good order, near to Myrtle-av. cars, and only 15 minutes to Wall-st. Ferry; possession now; No. 182 Ryerson-st. JOHN BRAINERD, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE NEAT FRAME HOUSE, NO. 3 Phillips-row, Skillman-st., Brooklyn, north side of Myrtle-av., convenient to the cars; possession will be given on the 1st of November next; rent low, and furniture would be disposed of if required. Apply on the premises, or to Box No. 3,455 N. Y. Post-office.

TO LET—THE SALOON NO. 239 WILLIAM-ST. 100 feet deep, with a room adjoining 36 feet square; seven bedrooms and a large front basement, all fitted up in the best manner; workshops for light manufacturing purposes, in No. 239 William and No. 113 Nassau-st. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 79 Nassau-st.

TO LET.—THE BUILDING NO. 661 BROADWAY, near 11th-st., facing Union Square. Store 25 feet front, plate glass windows; three stories above the store finished for a dwelling; basement has a vault under the sidewalk, all plastered and finished with patent vault lights. Apply to Mr. JACKSON, No. 691 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—NO. 45 East 21st-st., between Madison and 4th avs.; three story, high stoop. A portion of the rent taken in board, if desired. Inquire on the premises, or of WM. C. BARRET, Esq., No. 14 Wall-st.

TO LET—WITH GAS FIXTURES, AND ALL THE modern improvements, the house No. 138 East 21st-st., near 3d-av., except the parlor floor, which is occupied by two persons only; rent about $30 per month. KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

TO LET—FROM ONE TO TEN YEARS, THE NEW building corner 7th-st., opposite the new Tompkins Market. The location is unsurpassed for any kind of business. Possession at once. JOHN BRAINERD, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—ON THE WEST SIDE OF THE CITY, A very nice house, with gas fixtures; rent $650. Furniture for sale—price $300—on easy terms. A gentleman will board. A fine chance for a smart woman. KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS NEW THREE-STORY high-stoop house in 53d-st., between Broadway and 8th-av. Will be let with gas-fixtures to a good tenant, at $500 per annum. Apply to the owner at No. 622 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

TO LET—THE BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, NO. 86 Hammond-st.; also, No. 294 West 14th-st.; also, No. 151 East 50th-st., modern house. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE COTTAGE NO. 134 Vanderbilt-av., near Myrtle; 13 rooms; rent low; immediate possession. S. EDDY & CO., No. 51 Liberty-st.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR AND BACK BASEment of House No. 136 Orchard-st. Rent $16 per month. Inquire on the premises.

TO RENT—TWO OFFICES ON THE THIRD floor, fronting the Park, in the Times Building. Apply at the Times Office.

STEAM POWER—WITH LARGE ROOMS TO let at No. 213 Centre-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—A SYMmetrical and graceful house, located in the most beautiful part of the city. The house is new, and was erected in the most substantial manner by the present occupant; is most conveniently arranged, has water, gas, &c.; about eight minutes' walk from the New-Jersey Railroad dépôt. The lot is 75x160 feet, situated on a corner, and is tastefully laid out and planted with ornamental and fruit trees, &c. A very desirable residence. Price, $7,000. Terms easy. Apply to G. B. WHITTLESEY, No. 26 William-st., Room No. 23, or No. 223 Broadst., Elizabeth, N. J.

FOR SALE—AT NORTH ORANGE, N. J., A spacious dwelling-house, having 16 rooms, with extension in the rear, containing kitchen, wash-room and two bedrooms. The premises embrace more than an acre of ground, are very pleasantly located, within five minutes' walk of railroad station and on the stage-route, and contain a variety of choice fruit trees. Apply to J. F. TRIPP, Esq., No. 90 Warren-st.; E. S. HERRICK, Esq., No. 58 Exchange-place, or S. C. HAY, Esq., No. 58 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY property—A handsome country seat at New-Rochelle, 6 minutes' walk from the Neptune House and from the depôt; a very good house, with out-houses; 5 acres, consisting of beautiful ornamented grounds, large shade-trees, apple-orchards, &c.; water view unsurpassed; the property is entirely unencumbered, and will be disposed of at a bargain. Apply to KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

HOUSE AND LANDS F

RAILROADS.

[illegible] RAILROAD.—ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Sept. 26, 1859, trains will leave as follows: [illegible] Express Train at 7 A. M. for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Suspension Bridge. [illegible] Express Train at 3:30 P. M. for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua and intermediate stations. The Express Trains will connect at Buffalo with the Great Western Railway for Hamilton and all Canadian stations, with the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad, for Sarnia; at Corning with the Erie Railway, Corning and Blossburg Railroad, for Elmira; at Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations, with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, &c. [illegible] Railroad.

CHAS. MINOT, Gen'l. Supt.
NATHANIEL MARSH, Receiver.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD.—Leave Fulton market slip for FLUSHING, per steamboat, at 7 A. M., 12:30 P. M., and 4 P. M., connecting with cars at Hunter's Point. Return: Leave Flushing at 6:30, 8 A. M., 1 and 3:40 P. M. Extra trains leave Hunter's Point for Flushing at 7:45 and 11:45 A. M., returning, leave Flushing at 1 P. M.; passengers by this train will cross the 34th-st. Ferry. Fare 12 cents. Fare from Fulton-market slip, 25 cents. All above trainsmay be stopped at the way stations, Call-ferry, Newtown and Bowery Bay. Leave Hunter's Point for Flushing and all way stations at 5:30, 7:15, 8, 9, 10, 11, 2, 4, 5 o'clock, returning, leave Flushing at 6:30, 7:45, 8, 9, 10, 11, 2, 4, 5:30 o'clock. Excursion tickets for the trip, 20 cents.

C. CHARLICK, President.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM SEPT. 12, 1859, Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains 5 and 11 A. M., and 3 P. M.; for Albany, 7:30 P. M.; for Sing Sing 9:45 A. M., and 4 and 5:30 P. M.; for Poughkeepsie, 9 A. M. and 1:15 P. M.; for Newburgh, 9:45 and 5 P. M.; for Peekskill 6:30 P. M. Leave Hudson, Poughkeepsie, Peekskill, Sing Sing and Tarrytown, the Train stopping at all the way stations, Tarrytown take at Chambers Canal, Christopher and 42d-sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:45, 8:30 and 10:30 A. M., and 3:55 P. M., and Albany about 15 minutes later. On Sunday at 5 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Sept. 19, 1859, trains going East leave Brooklyn for Greenport at 10 A. M.; leave Brooklyn for Riverhead at 10 A. M.; leave Brooklyn for Sag Harbor at 3:30 P. M.; leave Brooklyn for Farmingdale at 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; leave Brooklyn for Syosset at 12 M. and 4:30 P. M.; leave Brooklyn for Hempstead at 10 A. M., 12 M., 4:30 and 6 P. M.; leave Brooklyn for Jamaica at 10 A. M., 12 M., 4:30, 6 and 8:30 P. M.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST FROM JERSEY CITY.—Mail and Express Line. Leaves New-York at 9 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3. Express Line, 10 A. M., fare $2 50. Tickets and information at Cortlandt and N. Fork ferries, and at Depot, foot of Cortlandt-st. Baggage checked to Philadelphia at 10 A. M. and 6 P. M.

T. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS

TIME TABLE—SEPTEMBER, 1859.

SHREWSBURY, NAVESINK, LONG BRANCH, HIGHLANDS, FORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S AND BROWN'S DOCK, FAIR HAVEN AND RED BANK.—The new and splendid steamer HIGHLAND LIGHT, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will run as follows from foot of Robinson-st.:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Wednesday, Sept. 21	11 A. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 21	7 P. M.
Thursday, Sept. 22	11 A. M.	Thursday, Sept. 22	4 P. M.
Friday, Sept. 23	12:30 P. M.	Friday, Sept. 23	4:30 P. M.
Saturday, Sept. 24	1:30 P. M.	Saturday, Sept. 24	5 P. M.
Sunday, Sept. 25	9 A. M.	Sunday, Sept. 25	5 P. M.
Monday, Sept. 26	7:30 A. M.	Monday, Sept. 26	3:30 P. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 27	8 A. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 27	3:30 P. M.
Wednesday, Sept. 28	8 A. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 28	3:30 P. M.
Thursday, Sept. 29	8 A. M.	Thursday, Sept. 29	4 P. M.
Friday, Sept. 30	8 A. M.	Friday, Sept. 30	4:30 P. M.
Saturday, Sept. 17	12:30 A. M.	Monday, Sept. 19	7 A. M.
Monday, Sept. 19	8 A. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 20	7 P. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 20	10:30 A. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 21	3:30 P. M.
Thursday, Sept. 22	11 A. M.	Thursday, Sept. 22	3 P. M.
Friday, Sept. 23	11 A. M.	Friday, Sept. 23	4 P. M.
Saturday, Sept. 24	12 M.	Saturday, Sept. 24	4 P. M.
Monday, Sept. 26	6:30 A. M.	Monday, Sept. 26	3:30 P. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 27	8 A. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 27	3:30 P. M.

NORTHERN PASSENGER ROUTE BY Steamer FRANCIS SKIDDY and COMMODORE, from foot of Liberty-st., EVERY EVENING, except Saturday, at 5 o'clock, to Troy, thence on Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad to Whitehall, there taking Lake steamer AMERICA, UNITED STATES or CANADA, for all points on Lake Champlain, Montreal and Ordensburg. Fare to Whitehall, $3 50; Burlington, $4 50; Plattsburgh, $6 50; Rouse's Point, $6 25; Ogdensburgh, $7; Montreal, $8 25. Apply, for through tickets, at Troy Steamboat Office, foot of Liberty-st.

DAILY FOR HARTFORD, DIRECT—FROM CITY OF HARTFORD, on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS; and GRANITE STATE, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS.

DANIEL A. MILLS, Agent.

FOR FLUSHING, COLLEGE POINT, ST. ANN'S AND WHITE HALL.—The steamer ENOCH DEAN leaves Fulton Market Slip on and after Sept. 19, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Leaves Flushing at 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. Fare, 12 cents. Excursion tickets to go and return, 25 cents.

CHANGE OF HOUR.—FOR SAG HARBOR—Leaving at Orient and Greenport. The steamer CATALINE every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 3 o'clock, from Oliver-st. Pier, the East River. Freight taken.

IF YOU WISH TO ENJOY A MOST DELIGHTFUL excursion trip, and take a view of the beautiful scenery on the East River, the public inlands, with the improvements, Hell Gate, &c., take the fast-sailing steamer ENOCH DEAN. See advertisement.

FOR NEW-HAVEN.—THE STEAMER ELM CITY leaves Brooklyn, East River, EVERY DAY, at 3 P. M. Steamer TRAVELER, EVERY NIGHT, at 11, arriving in time for the early morning trains.

RICHARD PECK, Agent.

WEST POINT, CORNWALL, NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, TOMPKINS'S, DONDERT.—Steamboat THOMAS POWERS, foot of Jay-st., at 2½ o'clock.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—MIAMORA, from foot of Jay-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 A. M.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

EYLANDS' SUPERIOR "E B" IRON WIRE.

BRIDGE WIRE, SPRING WIRE, TINNED WIRE AND GALVANIZED TELEGRAPH WIRE.

CAST-STEEL WIRE, WIRE ROPE, BOILER RIVETS, &c.

For sale by T. J. EAGLETON, 36 John-st., New-York.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

J. B. & W. W. CORNELL & CO.'S

Iron Works, 104 and 106 Gouverneur-st., New-York.

J. B. & W. W. CORNELL & CO. are manufacturers of

IRON FRONTS for STORES, IRON BEAMS, FIRE-PROOF CEILINGS, FLOORS and PARTITIONS, CAST and WROUGHT IRON RAILINGS, for Dwellings, IRON TOMBS and CEMETERIES, of various designs.

WARE'S PATENT CHILLED-IRON BANK VAULT DOORS and SAFES.

IRON LINTELS, CORNICES and COLUMNS.

CAST-IRON BEAMS and GIRDERS.

SOLID FORGED and RIVETED BEAMS, of various sizes.

IRON DOORS, VAULT DOORS, SHUTTERS, SASHES, SKY LIGHTS and FLOOR LIGHTS.

Any quantity of the above will be furnished on application.

BOILER AND PLATE IRON.

WRTH. LAP-WELD BOILER FLUES, &c., &c.

EXTRA-SUPERIOR QUALITY—AMERICAN MANUFACTURE. Also, a full stock of common grades.

SPECIAL CONTRACTS solicited, and executed with promptness, at LOWEST RATES.

Orders received for immediate exportation.

WALLACE & BULKLEY,
10 and 12 Albany-st., corner of Washington, New-York.

TO PROPERTY HOLDERS AND OTHERS ABOUT ERECTING OR ALTERING BUILDINGS.—Iron building fronts, with and without rolling shutters; iron columns; wrought and cast iron sidewalks; skylights; illuminating tile and vault covers; iron shutters and doors; court-yard and office railing; iron door and window lintels and sills, about one-third the price of brown stone.

JACKSON & THROCKMORTON,
Architectural Iron Works,
Nos. 55 to 67 Cooper-st., New-York.

Bleecker-st. cars pass in rear of office; South-st. cars pass in front of the office. Manufacturers of the iron work of New-York Times Building and balance of the block; Union Bank, Nos. 49 and 51 Broadway, &c., Jas. Bowlsby & Sons' iron vault to vault extensions and Lost Securities, Bowlsby-row—New-York Times' vault, Express vault, 51st-st. and Broadway vault, &c.

N. B. Every description of fine iron work for building purposes.

SWEDES IRON.—ASSORTED, RECEIVED DIRECT from the Swedish iron masters, by C. E. HAIGHT, No. 120 Pearl-st.

NORWAY IRON.—BEST QUALITY FOR NAILS, constantly for sale by C. E. HAIGHT, No. 120 Pearl-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, Tin Plates, Sheet Zinc, &c., for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 84 Pearl-st.

OAKUM & HOMEWOOD'S NAILS AND SPADES for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 84 Pearl-st.

SHIPPING.

NORTH ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP CO.

REGULAR THROUGH LINE
to
SAN FRANCISCO,
via
PANAMA RAILROAD,

Connecting at Panama with the steamships GOLDEN GATE, GOLDEN AGE, JOHN L. STEPHENS, and SONORA, of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company at Panama.

DIRECT TO ASPINWALL.

The splendid steamships BALTIC, ADRIATIC and ATLANTIC having entirely refitted, will hereafter run as above, leaving this port on the

5TH AND 20TH OF EACH MONTH,

from the foot of Canal-st., North River.

THE BALTIC,
4,000 tons burden, A. G. Gray, Commander, will leave on the 5TH OCTOBER, AT 2 P. M.,

to connect at Panama with the well-known and superior steamship JOHN L. STEPHENS, F. B. Baby, Commander.

THE ATLANTIC
will follow on the 20th October.

An experienced Surgeon is attached to each ship.

Through freight and passengers will be immediately forwarded upon arrival of the steamer at Aspinwall.

Each of the above steamships has capacity for 600 to 800 tons freight, which will be taken at moderate rates.

It is believed that the accommodation afforded by the above ships are unsurpassed by any in the world.

An extra ship is always in reserve at Panama, so that there will be no detention in forwarding passengers, baggage and freight.

For freight, apply at the office of the Company, No. 68 Wall-st.

For passage apply at the only office of the Companies, on the wharf foot of Canal-st., to WM. H. WICKHAM.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$130
Second Cabin Passage.....75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$110
Second Cabin Passage.....60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Miller.
ASIA, Capt. R. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, Sept. 28.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 5.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 12.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 19.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, Oct. 26.
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 2.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, Nov. 9.
AMERICA, Miller, leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 16.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 23.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.—SEMI-WEEKLY UNITED STATES MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.

Cabin Passage.....$15 Deck.....$6

The splendid steamship MARION, W. J. Foster, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 28, at 4 o'clock P. M. precisely.

Through tickets to the following places:

To New-Orleans	$30 75	To Augusta, Ga.	$20 00
To Mobile, Ala.	25 00	To Atlanta, Ga.	23 00
To Montgomery, Ala.	26 00	To Columbia, S. C.	20 00
To Memphis, Tenn.	33 50	To Charlotte, N. C.	22 00
To Nashville, Tenn.	30 00	To Jacksonville, Fla.	31 00
To Knoxville, Tenn.	27 00	To Pilatka, Fla.	23 00

For freight or passage, apply to STOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

The NASHVILLE, Capt. Murray, succeeds SATURDAY, Oct. 1.

FOR ALEXANDRIA, WASHINGTON AND GEORGETOWN.—The New-York and Virginia screw steamship Company's new and first-class steamship MOUNT VERNON,
F. C. Smith, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 13 North River, for the above ports, on SATURDAY, Oct. 1, at 3 P. M.

Cabin passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $7 50.

Freight 5 cents per foot on measurement goods. Other articles in proportion, and received on Fridays and Saturdays.

No commission charged for forwarding.

No bills of lading signed after departure of steamer.

For freight or passage apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

FOR THE SOUTH—
NEW-ORLEANS AND MOBILE,
MONTGOMERY, ATLANTA, ALBANY, COLUMBUS, MACON, AUGUSTA, AND VARIOUS PLACES IN FLORIDA, via SAVANNAH, Ga.—The favorite steamship AUGUSTA, Capt. M. S. Woodward, will leave on SATURDAY, Oct. 1, at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River. Through tickets can be had for the following places. Fare as low as by any other steamers from New-York to Savannah. Accommodations superior.

New-York to New-Orleans,	$30 75;	Mobile,	$25;
Montgomery, Ala.,	$22;	Atlanta, Ga.,	$22;
Albany, Ga.,	$22;	New-York to Columbus, Ga.,	$22;
Macon, Ga.,	$21;	Augusta, Ga.,	$20;
Savannah,	$15.		

For freight or passage apply to SAM'L L. MITCHELL & SON, No. 13 Broadway.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMship NEW-YORK, H. A. Von Santen, Commander, carrying the United States Mail, will sail positively on

SATURDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 M.,
FOR
BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON,
Taking passengers for
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON and BREMEN,
at the following rates:

First Cabin, $100; Second Cabin, $60; Steerage, $35. For freight or passage, apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 84 Broadway.

REDUCED RATES.—THE NEW-YORK AND Virginia Steamship Company's steamships will receive freight every day for Tennessee, North Carolina, Portsmouth, Norfolk City Point and Richmond, and will leave Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:

ROANOKE, Capt. Couch, on TUESDAY.
YORKTOWN, Capt. Parrish, on THURSDAY.
JAMESTOWN, Capt. Skinner, on SATURDAY.

Passage, stateroom included, to Norfolk, reduced to $4. Petersburgh and Richmond, stateroom included, reduced to $5. Meals 50 cents extra.

LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.
Freight taken on moderate terms.

FOR NASSAU, N. P., AND HAVANA.—THE British and North American steamship KARNAK, Capt. Brownless, will sail from the Company's wharf at Jersey City, after the arrival of the steamship *Africa*, which leaves Liverpool Oct. 1 (about Oct. 14.)

Passage Money to Nassau.....$45
Passage Money to Havana.....60
Passage Money between Nassau and Havana.....15

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD,
No. 4 Bowling Green.

NOTICE.—TO SHIPPERS TO CENTRAL AMERICA AND THE WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.—Office of the North Atlantic Steamship Company.—This Company is prepared to grant through bills of lading in connection with the Panama Railroad Company, on shipments of merchandise to Central America and the West Coast of South America. The same facilities will also be afforded on shipments from Central America to Liverpool by arrangement with the Cunard line. For rates of freight apply at the office of the Company, No. 68 Wall-st., to
J. P. STEPHENS, Secretary.

FOR SAVANNAH, GEO.—THE WELL-KNOWN first-class side-wheel steamship STATE OF GEORGIA, Capt. J. J. Garvin, will leave Philadelphia for SAVANNAH on FRIDAY, Sept. 30, at 10 o'clock A. M. Very superior staterooms can be secured by letter or telegraph. The KEYSTONE STATE will sail as above for CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 5th.

Fare on either ship, $15.

A. HERON, Jr., Agent,
corner of 4th and Chestnut sts., Philadelphia.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP PERSIA—FOR LIVERPOOL.—The PERSIA, C. H. E. Judkins, Commander, will sail from the Company's Dock, at Jersey City, with the mails and passengers for Europe, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant. Passengers are requested to be on board by 3 o'clock A. M. The ASIA will sail on the 12th October. E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NOTICE TO CALIFORNIA PASSENGERS.—The ticket-office for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company has been removed from No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren, to the office of the North Atlantic Steamship Company, on the wharf foot of Canal-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS ISSUED through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 222 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates.

MACHINERY.

COMBINATION MACHINE
FOR CIRCULAR AND SCROLL SAWING, MORTICING AND BORING.

The attention of the public is invited to the application of "Keefer's improved method of transmitting motion" to the above machines, one of which is now on exhibition at

THE FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE,
PALACE GARDENS.

It is worked by the foot, and forms
THE MOST COMPLETE AND COMPACT COMBINATION OF POWER AND SPEED

Ever invented for use in carpenters' or cabinet-makers' shops, or other places where steam or water power is not available.

THREE HUNDRED MOVEMENTS OF THE SCROLL SAW,
TWELVE HUNDRED REVOLUTIONS OF THE CIRCULAR SAW,

And six hundred of the Borer, are obtained by one hundred tramps of the foot, while the
MORTICING CHISEL,

At the rate of one hundred strokes per minute, descends with
A POWER HITHERTO UNEQUALED.

Machines, also Patent Rights, for all parts of the United States or England, may be had on application to the
KEEFER POWER COMPANY,
Harlem Railroad Depôt, cor. Centre and White sts.,
Room No. 28; entrance on White-st.

PUMPS AND FIRE-ENGINES.

TO OWNERS OF STEAM-VESSELS, FACTORIES, MINES, &c.

HOLLY'S PATENT PUMPS.

The BEST ROTARY PUMPS yet brought forward. Applicable to FIRE-ENGINES, FIRE-PUMPS FOR FACTORIES, STEAM-VESSELS, &c., and to MINES, QUARRIES, HOTELS, RAILROAD STATIONS, WRECKING, HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES, &c. Arranged to be driven by STEAM, BY BELTS or GEARING, BY HORSE-POWER or BY HAND. Apply to
CHARLES W. COPELAND,
General Agent,
No. 122 BROADWAY, New-York.

BEAUMONT'S STEAM GUAGES.

Perfectly reliable, handsomely made, and warranted, at very low prices.

BEAUMONT'S BAROMETERS only $5 each.
CHAS. W. COPELAND, No. 122 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, THE STEAM Engine, tools and machinery of two-story factory No. 69 Banks-st., near Abingdon-square. A good chance for a machinist or manufacturer. Inquire on the premises. Factory to let—rent $300.

J. T. BARNARD, STEAM KINDLING WOOD FACTORY.—No. 226 South and No. 204 Front-st. KINDLING WOOD from the best of yellow pine, at $2 50 per load.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN HUNTER & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 8 RUE DELLA PAIX, PARIS, AND
NO. 11 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR MERCANTILE PURPOSES. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal Towns and Cities of

FRANCE, BELGIUM, ITALY,
GREAT BRITAIN, SPAIN, GERMANY,
HOLLAND, PORTUGAL, RUSSIA,
SWITZERLAND, SWEDEN,

and on

ATHENS, CONSTANTINOPLE, ALEXANDRIA,
CAIRO, BEYROUT, JERUSALEM,
&c., &c.

BILLS ON PARIS, and Sterling Bills, at short or 30 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

BANK-NOTE ENGRAVING.

AMERICAN
BANK-NOTE COMPANY.

New-York, Sept. 1, 1859.

The business of this Company is New-York having been concentrated in the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, the several firm agencies of RAWDON, WRIGHT, HATCH & EDSON, TOPPAN, CARPENTER & CO., DANFORTH, PERKINS & CO., BALD, COUSLAND & CO., JOCELYN, DRAPER, WELSH & CO., and WELLSTOOD, HAY & WHITING, are discontinued, and all communications may hereafter be addressed to the Secretary.

The Company is now prepared to afford to BANKING INSTITUTIONS and THE PUBLIC, THE ADVANTAGES CONTEMPLATED IN ITS FORMATION, both as it regards the SUPERIORITY OF THEIR WORK *and the provisions made for the safety of the trust confided to their care*, and they respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to them under their separate Firm organizations.

Offices at NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON, NEW-ORLEANS, CINCINNATI, MONTREAL and CHICAGO.

CHARLES TOPPAN, President.
WM. H. WHITING, Secretary.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 80 Wall-st.,

issue letters of credit for travelers available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. Rothschilds of Paris, London, Frankfort, Naples, and Vienna, and their correspondents.

DRESSELL, PARRAR & CO.,
Bankers, No. 62 Wall-st.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Funds for investment on Foreign account. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted us by country Banks and Bankers.

EUGENE THOMSON, NO. 37 WILLIAM-St., offers at PRIVATE SALE the following desirable Insurance Stocks for permanent investment:

Arctic Co.	$50 each	Indemnity	$100 each
Atlantic, of Br'lyn.	50 each	Jersey City	50 each
Brewster	50 each	Knickerbocker	40 each
City	70 each	Lenox	50 each
Columbia Marine	100 each	Long Island	50 each
Commonwealth	100 each	Lamar	100 each
Equitable	25 each	Mercantile Mutual	100 each
Excelsior	50 each	Manhattan	50 each
Firemen's	17 each	Merchants'	50 each
Grocer's	50 each	Relentate	100 each
Goodhue	100 each	Relief	50 each
Harmony	50 each	St. Mark's	25 each
Howard	50 each	Security	50 each
Hanover	50 each	Williamsburgh City	50 each
Home	100 each	Washington	50 each

Also, 100 shares American Express Company.
Securities negotiated at Brokers' Board by
EUGENE THOMSON,
Stock Auctioneer and Broker.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—The undersigned commissioners, etc., will attend at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st., on MONDAY, the 3d day of October next, at 12 o'clock M. to receive subscriptions to the capital stock of the Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Company, chartered by act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed April 19, 1859.

EDWIN CROSWELL,
EPHRAIM BEN KIRBY,
D. N. CARRINGTON,
} Commissioners.

New-York, Sept. 20, 1859.

N. B.—The business of the Company will be the transportation of passengers and freights by steamship between the ports of New-York and San Francisco.

Office of the Great Western Railroad Co. of 1859,
No. 54 William-st.,
New-York, September 20, 1859.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS DUE ON THE FIRST of October next, on the ten per cent. Bonds of the Great Western Railroad Company, of Illinois, will be redeemed at maturity, at the office of this Company, upon the Bonds, the back coupons of which shall have been surrendered, and Stock in this company accepted therefor, in accordance with the compromise and the Act of incorporation of this Company.

J. N. A. GRISWOLD, Treasurer.

Office of the New-York and Erie R. Co.,
No. 2 Dey-st.,
New-York, Sept. 6, 1859.

NOTICE.—THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE NEW-York and Erie Railroad Company are hereby notified that the annual election for Directors for the ensuing year will be held at No. 45 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, Oct. 11. The polls will be open from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

The transfer books will be closed at 2 o'clock on the 30th September, and open the day after the election.

By order of the Board,
HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.

The New-York Central Railroad Company,
Treasurer's Office, Albany, Sept. 26, 1859.

THE COUPONS APPENDED TO THE Rental Certificates of the Niagara Bridge and Canandaigua Railroad Company, payable on the 1st day of October next, will be paid by this Company upon the presentation thereof at the Bank of Commerce in New-York.

GILBERT L. WILSON, Treasurer.

Pacific Bank, New-York, Sept. 26, 1859.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR FOURTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank, will be held at their Banking-house, on TUESDAY, the 11th day of October next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Board,
N. BUCK, Cashier.

INTEREST NOTICE.—THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST on the Land Grant Bonds of the "Cairo and Fulton Railroad Company of Missouri," due Oct. 1, 1854, will be paid, on presentation of the proper coupons, at the office of M. K. Jessup, house agent, &c., No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York, on and after that date.

M. BRAYMAN, President.

NOTICE.—THE SINKING FUND BONDS OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY, in exchange for coupons from Ohio and Pennsylvania, and Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad First Mortgage Bonds, are ready for delivery on application to JOHN FERGUSON, Trustee, No. 35 Pine-st., up stairs.

ROSE HILL SAVINGS BANK.—CORNER OF 14th-st. and 8th-av. Open daily from 1 to 5 P. M.; Wednesday and Saturday until 7 P. M. All sums deposited as late as the 10th of October will commence to draw interest at once.

WM. F. HAVEMEYER,
President.
RICHARD H. BULL, Secretary.

$45,000 TO LOAN AT SIX AND-A-HALF per cent. Interest, (in one or more sums) on bond and mortgage, on first-class productive or unproductive real estate, in this City. Apply to JOHN J. CONREY, office of the People's Fire Insurance Company, No. 66 Wall-st.

GROCERS' BANK.—NEW-YORK, SEPT. 13, 1859.—The Annual Election for Inspectors and Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY next, Oct. 3, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock. By order of the Board,

SAMUEL B. WHITE, Cashier.

HOLDERS OF UNITED STATES COUPON 6 per cent. Bonds, redeemable in 1874, issued under act of June 14, 1858, may exchange the same for inscribed stock of same issue, on terms ascertainable on application to DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY STOCK WANTED—From one to five shares, for cash. State price and number of shares. Address, for 3 days, ENTERPRISE, Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

$20,000 LOAN WANTED.—CAPITALISTS seeking a good investment at a large interest, are invited to examine some Western securities at No. 2 Pine-st. JOHN BRAINERD.

BILLS £1 UPWARDS ON UNION BANK, London, and Royal Bank of Ireland, for sale by WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 22 Broadway.

SIGHT AND TIME BILLS ON ALL THE Southern cities, purchased by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

WANTED—AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY Stock, Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Stock, by CROMMELIN & GOODWIN, No. 50 Wall-st.

GAS-LIGHT STOCKS PAYING 8 TO 12 per cent. dividend for sale by JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

INSURANCE.

SECURITY
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 31 Pine-st.
CASH CAPITAL—$500,000.
CHEAPEST AND SAFEST
INSURANCE.
DEALERS RECEIVE
75 PER CENT. OF NET PROFITS.

When preferred a discount from the premium will be made in lieu of participation in profits.

JOSEPH WALKER, President.
THOS. W. BIRDSALL, Vice-President.
E. L. HAYNOR, Secretary.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—In all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture, finished to handsome, fresco, fruit and flowers, at E. P. PARRINGTON'S, No. 342 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1833.

CHAMBER ENAMELED FURNITURE AT the old-established Eagle Manufactory, No. 424 Broadway, five doors above Lafarge House, Theatre. Elegant suites in all styles and colors, from $25 and upward, superior to any manufactured in this country. Mattresses, wardrobes, &c.

ARE YOU TIRED OF HARD BEDS?—THE Oriental Elastic Spring-bed Bottom—Ulmer's invention—is the best and cheapest in the market. Call at No. 285 Canal-st., five doors east of Broadway, and examine it. Retail price $3 50. Agents allowed a liberal commission. ULMER & CO.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURniture, in all colors and styles, wholesale or retail, at $25 and upwards; also mattresses and palliasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON FRIDAY EVENING, A PAIR OF GOLD-mounted EYE-GLASSES, either in 29th-st., between 6th and 8th-avs., or in a 6th-av. stage. The finder will be suitably rewarded on having them at No. 22 West 29th-st.

AUCTION SALES.

Henry L. Hogan, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE.
BUFFALO ROBES.
WILMERDING, HOGUET & HUMBERT,
Salesrooms Nos. 23 and 25 Rockaway-st.,
Will sell,
On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 28, 1859,
At 11 o'clock,
At No. 59 Exchange-place,
25,000 BUFFALO ROBES,

Manufactured by Messrs. RAMSEY, CROOKS, SON & CO.,

N. B.—These goods are the BLACKFEET and UPPER MISSOURI ROBES, and they are the LARGEST and DARKEST that come to this market.

The skins will be ready for inspection, with catalogues, two days previous to sale. Terms liberal. EVERY ROBE IS OF THIS YEAR'S COLLECTION, AND FRESH.

M. O. Eddy, Auctioneer,
LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE SALE
OF
STEREOSCOPES, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS,
PASSE PARTOUTS, &c.

EZRA LUDLOW, Sr., will sell on THURSDAY, Sept. 29, at salesrooms, No. 68 Cedar-st., (opposite the Post-office,) a LARGE INVOICE (just received from Paris) of the above description of goods, embracing some of the NEWEST STYLES OF STEREOSCOPES, in mahogany and morocco cases, for the pocket as well as the parlor, FRESH STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of figures, domestic scenes, landscapes, statuary, marine views, &c., on paper and glass, some illuminated.

ALSO—An EXTENSIVE and RICH ASSORTMENT of PASSE PARTOUTS, comprising game pieces, military and fancy sketches, &c. Catalogues will be ready and the goods exhibited one day previous to sale. The lots will be such as to accommodate the private buyer as well as the trade.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

MAGNIFICENT PARIS FANCY GOODS.—By E. S. J. H. SCHENCK, THIS DAY, 28th, and THURSDAY, 29th instant, at 10½ o'clock, at their salerooms, No. 24 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office. The goods consist in part of

BRONZES,

Groups and figures in large variety, viz.: superb equestrian groups of Francis I., Richard III., Charlemagne, and many others; fine statuettes of Poetry and Music, Tragedy and Comedy, Atilla and Rienzi, the Painter, Music and Painting, Hunter and Leopard, Kiss' Amazon, and many others of great artistic merit. Also

PARIAN WARE.

Groups and statuettes of the most beautiful designs, both white and colored, viz.: Miranda, Dorothea, the Finding of Moses, Abraham Offering up Isaac, Cupid and Psyche, Urania, Resignation, Hesitation, Flora, Ariadne, Innocence, Old Mortality, &c., &c., &c.

PARIS DECORATED VASES

of most elegant designs and exquisite paintings.

CLOCKS.

Magnificent marble, bronze and ormolu clocks.

SILVER-PLATED WARE.

Superb tea and coffee sets, liquor frames, casters, fruit and jelly stands, cake and card baskets, fruit-knives, goblets, waiters, &c., &c., and a large variety of different descriptions.

GLASSWARE.

Elegant cut Bohemian, white and colored vases, decanters, wine sets, goblets, tête-à-têtes, &c., together with a large variety of other French and English fancy goods.

The above is believed to be the finest sale ever offered to public. The goods are now on exhibition. Ladies as well as the public generally are invited to examine them. Purchasers can have their goods packed and shipped at a small cost.

A. J. Bleecker, Auctioneer.

GREAT SALE OF 275 VALUABLE LOTS on 3d and 4th avs., 97th and 98th sts., Yorkville.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Sept. 29, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following valuable property:

On 3d-av., 8 lots, W. S., between 97th and 98th sts.
On 4th-av., 9 lots, E. S

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The Appointment of Registrars—Two Republicans Absent—Democratic Registrars Chosen in 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th Wards—Not a Republican on the List—Mr. Spencer Baker vs. The County—A Mandamus.

At seven yesterday the Board of Supervisors held its regular meeting, and it was in session until 6 P. M. The principal business to be transacted, it was well known, was the appointment of Registrars, and there were a good many interested spectators present. All the members of the Board except Messrs. VOORHIS and MORRIS (Republicans) were in attendance. An informal meeting was to have been held at 11 A. M., but the members did not come together at that hour.

As soon as the minutes had been read,

Supervisor BURNS moved that the Board proceed to ballot for Registrars.

Supervisor KEENAN had some friends to consult with about this matter before it proceeded, and Supervisor BURNS withdrew his motion.

Supervisor TWEED immediately renewed the motion that as quickly withdrew it.

A notice of discontinuance of the proceedings by Mandamus in the case of McSpedon & Baker vs. the Board of Supervisors, was served upon the Board together with the papers in a new suit between the same parties, directing the Board, by mandamus, to pay to say $132,606 20 for stationery, &c., furnished the Commissioners of Records by McSpedon & Baker, or to show cause why they should not do so before Judge Ingraham in the Supreme Court, at 10 A. M. on the 30th inst.

The Board now proceeded to ballot by Districts for Registrars. The tellers were appointed.

Supervisor TWEED nominated three candidates, and then

Supervisor KEENAN arose and appealed to the magnanimity of the Democrats not to violate the previous understanding, agreeably to which the nominations were to be equitably divided. The absence of two Republicans left that Party powerless.

Supervisor PURDY knew his duty to the Democratic Party too well to let personal feelings interfere with it. He would vote for none but Democrats. He desired to take no advantage, but if members on the other side were absent now, it was the misfortune of war. He thought delay was dangerous. This Registry law had been passed by a partisan Legislature; now let the Democratic Party give it a trial. No party was so competent to give anything a fair trial.

Supervisor BURNS said that at an informal meeting of the Board a proposition had been made to arrange this matter so that both parties should be equally represented. The Democrats had then said they wanted first to take counsel in Tammany Hall before deciding. Were these the instructions of Tammany Hall?

Supervisor PURDY said they were—to vote for none but Democrats.

Supervisor BURNS wanted to know whether there was anything fair about this. If the Republican members proposed to act thus he would not vote with them for a moment.

Supervisor KENNEDY—Nor I.

Supervisor BURNS continued—What would the Democrats grasp next? If the Democrats desired to act in this way he had nothing more to say.

Supervisor PURDY would ask whether it was fair for a partisan Legislature to pass such a law; and he would ask again whether, if twenty thousand Republicans were absent from the City on election day, it would be deemed proper to postpone the election. He denied that he had entered into any understanding with the Republicans about this matter. If Republican members were not here to do their duty, it was their fault, not that of the Democrats.

Supervisor BURNS said that the Democrats had voted for the bad laws passed by the last Legislature. He contended for fairness, but if Tammany Hall had instructed the Democratic members to take the whole loaf, they must do so.

Mr. KENNEDY spoke at great length of the necessity of a Registry Law. Where did those 41,000 votes for Fernando Wood at the last election for Mayor come from? Would any one present say that that was within 15,000 votes of the number actually cast for Fernando Wood? Was it not time that the people of New-York endeavored to wipe this disgrace from the State? And now, if the Democrats took any such action as this, the people of the State of New-York would take such vengeance as would make the Democratic Party shrink into such insignificance as such villainy and rascality deserved.

Mr. PURDY told the gentleman to bring his black legislation, and the Democratic Party would go before the people of the State of New-York, and abide the decision that they should render.

The balloting then proceeded with the following result:

REGISTRARS ELECTED—FIRST WARD.

1...Michael J. Cody, John A. Hearn, Richard Dooly.
2...M. Meehan, D. Egan, M. Higgins.
3...R. Fryer, W. Bacey, Patrick Walsh.
4...Thomas Campbell, Michael Healey, P. Mullins.
5...M. Doran, Patrick James, Philip J. Wood.

SECOND WARD.

1...Charles W. Cruger, J. Codett, J. B. Williams.
2...A. Keating, A. Williams, Patrick McMahon.

THIRD WARD.

1...S. Cole, John Hurley, Jonas R. Harris.
2...Edwin M. Haggerty, G. D. English, T. Monroe.
3...E. Phister, S. W. Swift, W. Downs.
4...R. Lansing, Neil Kelly, John Clark.

FOURTH WARD.

1...D. Dougherty, H. Nieman, J. Langdon.
2...E. Morris, M. Fagan, J. Davis.
3...J. Ware, W. P. Kirk, Daniel Murphy.
4...J. Courtney, C. Kelly, J. Cussen.
5...Egan, R. Molmoney, T. Fitzgerald.

FIFTH WARD.

1...H. Webber, A. H. McKerner, J. D. Hale.
2...J. McIlvyre, A. R. Dunning, T. Weaver.
3...J. Hevies, W. H. Baker, L. Irvine.
4...J. O'Neile, J. T. Burling, J. V. Marsh.
5...V. Clark, T. M. Schenck, D. O'Brien.
6...M. Clark, J. Lowell, C. A. Brown.
7...A. McFadden, J. Lancaster, R. Wiant.
8...J. H. Sherwood, —McMurphy, W. H. Bailey.

SIXTH WARD.

1...W. C. Jenkins, R. Wilkinson, Thos. Kivlen.
2...D. Burns, L. Chaney, Pat. Troy.
3...J. O'Rourke, H. Conway, W. F. Gould.
4...Owen Rooney, R. Royce, Michael Flynn.
5...J. Donnelly, James Conlan, Ed. Travis.
6...J. Hall, Chas. Gordon, Chas. Cutrell.
7...Geo. Ryan, A. Bingham, Wm. Colman.
8...J. McGowan, Geo. Pierson, J. McCluskey.
9...J. Lord, Jas. E. Kerrigan, Henry Ryan.

Frequently while the balloting was proceeding unavailable motions to adjourn were made by the Republican members of the Board. After the announcement of the result in the Ninth District of the Sixth Ward these motions were renewed with similar success, and from that time the proceedings were a farce. Motions to adjourn, to appoint a day for the next meeting, or to ballot for Registrars in some of the upper Wards, were frequently made, supported by long speeches and lost, and during the whole of the afternoon no further progress was made in the choice of Registrars.

During these proceedings, a motion to give the Committee on Annual Taxes power to defend the new suit commenced against the Supervisors by McSpedon & Baker, and to appropriate $500 for the employment of counsel in the case, was offered by Supervisor KENNEDY and carried.

The talking against time and the motions to adjourn continued to monopolize the time of the Board until 6 P. M., when the members gave way to a sense of weariness and consented to adjourn to 7 P. M., this evening, with the express understanding that then the balloting should be resumed, whether all the members were present or not. By the terms of the Registry Law, six days remain, for the transaction of business relating to the selection of Registrars.

The action of the two Republican members, whose absence gave all the power *into the hands of the Democrats*, was discussed freely. In several of the Districts in which appointments were made *two* Democrats and one American were chosen. In the Sixth Ward the Registrars elected are Democrats. There is not a Republican on the list. A committee of the American Council was present, and every name presented by them was placed upon the list.

Central Park Commissioners and the Common Council.

The Central Park Commissioners sent in a communication to the Board of Aldermen on Monday night, setting forth that $237,766 07 of the last issue of the stock of the Central Park Improvement Fund is still unexpended, and that $16,600 of this sum yet remains in the hands of Comptroller HAWES. The liabilities of the Board for laborers' wages, materials, &c., will, with the current expenses for the month of October, and the first half of the month of November, more than consume that amount unless the force of men be materially reduced. The Commissioners desire to know whether a force of workmen they can consistently employ during October and part of November are especially available for planting trees. They have made considerable arrangements for carrying on this kind of work and for completing the drives, ride and walks of the lower part of the Park. The Commissioners, therefore, ask the Common Council to create and issue of the Central Park Improvement Fund the amount remaining unexpended and authorized by the provisions of the Act of April 15, 1859. The matter was referred to the Special Committee of the Aldermen on the Central Park Investigation.

The City Inspector's Bureau.

GARBAGE, STREET-CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

The City Inspector will send a communication to the Board of Aldermen at its next meeting, recommending the passage of an ordinance requiring that garbage boxes, to be approved by the City Inspector, shall be placed in front of every tenement house in which more than three families reside. Mr. DELAVAN complains that the throwing of garbage into the streets interferes seriously with his efforts to keep the streets clean. After the latter have been thoroughly swept during the night, many of them before noon the next day, are anything but tidy in their appearance solely from this cause. The contract for cleaning the streets with Serrr's sweeping machines will probably be entered into, and go into operation on the 1st inst. Next Thursday the City Inspector will also present to the Common Council a statement, compiled from the reports of all the Health Wardens of the City, with regard to the condition of the streets, their cleanliness and their want of repair.

Health Commissioners.

FINAL MEETING OF THE BOARD THIS REASON.

The Health Commissioners met for the last time this year, at noon, on Monday. Dr. GUNN reported the arrival of several vessels. The schooner *Susan Cawsen*, from Sierra Leone, an unhealthy port, had two men sick with bilious remittent fever when she arrived here; one recovered, the other was sent to the Hospital. The Captain of the brig *Susanna*, arrived here on the 29th ult. from St. Marks, Florida, died on the passage. Two men, sick with bilious remittent fever, were sent to the Hospital on her arrival. One man afflicted with the same disease on the brig *Sea Lark*, from Black River, Jamaica, was sent to the Hospital on the arrival of that vessel. The schooner *Alma*, from Kingston, Jamaica, with eight passengers, all well, was allowed a stream permit. The other vessels will be detained several days for observation in the upper bay. The Health Officer and the City Inspector stated that the announcement of one death from yellow fever in the weekly report of deaths was a mistake. No death from that cause had occurred. The Board adjourned *sine die*.

Croton Aqueduct Board.

APPOINTMENT OF A WATER PURVEYOR.

The Croton Board, on Monday, appointed Dr. AARON B. ROLLINS Water Purveyor, in place of JOHN P. FLEMMING, removed. The salary is $1,500 a year, and the duties of the office consist in the superintendence of all work relating to the pipes and sewers. The appointment takes effect on the 1st inst.

PROPOSED REORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT.

The Croton Board will, very soon,—perhaps at the next meeting of the Board of Aldermen,—transmit to the Common Council a communication representing the necessity of a reorganization of the Croton Aqueduct Department. The Commissioners of the Department say that all the other Departments of the City Government have been reorganized since 1849, except their own, which is still constituted precisely as it was when the Department was created. Meantime the City has increased in size vastly, and the work which in 1849 could be readily performed under the existing organization of this branch of the City Government, has now become more arduous. One Water Purveyor for the City in these days, they claim, is not enough, and they ask for a provision enabling them to appoint a Deputy Water Purveyor. Moreover, they desire that there should be some check upon the Registrar of Taxes received in the Tax Commissioner's office, and they request permission to designate a clerk to keep a duplicate set of books in which all the transactions relating to the collection of water taxes may be entered as they are entered by the Registrar in his books.

The Comptroller's Office.

PAY OF THE CITY PARK LABORERS.

Those who chanced to pass through the City Hall about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon wondered what occasioned the gathering of laboring men who were assembled at the door of the apartments occupied by the keeper of that dilapidated edifice, at that hour. Some said the building was going to be repaired immediately, but those who were better acquainted with the dilatory movements of the City Fathers in all matters requiring speedy action, scouted that idea as soon as it was conceived. Others suggested that a "stride" had brought them together, but the appearance and behavior of the men did not support this conclusion. Those who inquired further ascertained that the Convention was a semi-monthly one, and that the City Chamberlain, through one of his clerks, was paying to each of those then there his wages for laboring at the City Parks during the past two weeks. Each of the laborers thus employed by the Superintendent of Lands and Places—there are about forty of them—to keep the Parks of the City in good condition, receives $1 50 for every day's work. They can work only in fair weather, so that their weekly compensation is not often very much more than it should be, and last week the equinoctial storm reduced it to a very diminutive sum. It costs the City $16,000 to keep its thirteen Parks in order for the present year. Half of that sum is appropriated to the rejuvenation of Tompkins Square, whose grass-plots had grown bald with age, and whose fences, from the same cause, perhaps, were very much broken down.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CASUALTIES.—The corpse of an unknown man was found, on Sunday afternoon, in the water at Pier No. 1 North River. Deceased appeared to be of middle age. On his person were found three letters, written in California, and addressed to JAMES AHERN, of Edgar, Keene County, Ill., bearing the signature of MARTIN AHERN. There were also passage tickets for California; a seal bearing the initials "J. P. A.;" a temperance medal; a porte-monnaie, and a pair of spectacles. He was a stout man, about five feet seven inches in height, and was dressed respectably, in black cloth coat, light spotted vest, plaid pants, black silk neck-tie and heavy boots. The body had been in the water apparently about five or six days.... A lad 8 years of age, named PATRICK MANSFIELD, was seriously cut about the head on the Hudson River Railroad, near Forty-sixth-street, last evening, from being knocked down by the locomotive. He was taken to his home, No. 334 West Forty-sixth-street ....JOHN MULHOLLAND, a lad 8 years of age, was found drowned last evening at the foot of Tenth-street, East River. An inquest was held by Coroner JACKMAN. It appeared that deceased had been missing from home since last Friday. A playmate named THOMAS WILLIAMS, testified that on that day he saw the lad sitting astride a hawser which secured a steamer to the pier, and two men who were sitting on the string-piece pushed him into the water and he was drowned. Fearing that he too would be shoved overboard, WILLIAMS ran away. Other boys who were near the spot at the time did not notice the occurrence. A verdict was rendered of "Death from drowning by being pushed overboard by some boys to the jury unknown."

BEATEN WITH A SLEDGE-HAMMER.—GEORGE ERVING went into the blacksmith's shop of HORACE WILLIAMS, No. 25 Hammersley-street, on Monday afternoon and asked to have his horse shod. Being busy at the time, WILLIAMS did not immediately attend to his customer. Thereupon the latter waxed wrath, and called WILLIAMS hard names. Similar abusive language was used in response. ERVING thought enough had been said, so to silence his opponent he seized a heavy hammer, and, making an anvil of the blacksmith's head, beat away like an expert at the business. The extemporized anvil being softer than iron, not many blows were needed to hammer a hole in it. Officer HALPIN, of the Eighth Ward, witnessed the difficulty, and arrested ERVING. Justice KELLY committed the accused to answer a charge of felonious assault. WILLIAMS was placed under a doctor's care. His injuries are pronounced to be of a serious character.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN SLAVE LABOR.—Mr. AYRES, an English gentleman, who has had extensive experience as a superintendent of the Warwickshire mines in England, and who, for the last eleven years, has had charge of a large mining force of slaves in Virginia, was to have lectured last night in Clinton Hall on the comparative pecuniary and physical position (of both sexes) of the laborers in the mines of England and of the slaves in America. Owing either to a meagre system of advertising, or to an indifference on the part of the public as to the subject, there was no attendance worth considering, and the lecture was postponed until next Tuesday evening, when it will positively be delivered at the same place.

THE CROWD OF SHIPPING IN THE HARBOR.—Monday having been the only real sunny day experienced in New-York for an indefinite length of time, the shipping in the Harbor, whose canvas has been exposed to mildew in the protracted wet weather, improved the occasion to loosen all their sails and *hoist them up to dry. During the day there was a* cloud of canvas spread to the sun, both on the East *and North Rivers. The shipping which lay at anchor* in the North River stretched from one side to the other of the channel, the smaller crafts occupying the flats, and shut out all view of the Narrows from persons crossing the river above them.

A BALLOT-BOX STUFFER IN GRIEF.—Mrs. JANE MCINTOSH lives at No. 166 Eighth-avenue. By some unexplained means she became possessed of a ballot-box, which she made the repository of her treasure—some $300—and placed under her bed. Three weeks ago her money was stolen. Suspicion rested upon MARY LEE, the servant girl. Yesterday Officer ROACH arrested her, and she confessed the theft. $260 were recovered from beneath the kitchen floor, where it had been hid. The remainder MARY had spent in finery. The girl said she was desirous of paying her relatives in Ireland a visit, and had stolen the money to pay her traveling expenses.

TARGET EXCURSIONS.—The Talcott Guard, Capt. G. F. HOFFER, on Monday made its annual parade. The Guard proceeded to Bull's Ferry, dined there, and after a day pleasantly spent, returned to the City, and marched to Military Hall, where speeches were made by the Captain and M. D. RAINEY, Esq. It was altogether an enjoyable occasion. The D. P. ROGERS Guard, the members of which are the employes of the Tribune office, and which bears the name of an attache of that paper, made its fourth annual target excursion to East New-York, accompanied by Shelton's band, last Saturday. More than thirty valuable prizes were distributed, and all returned satisfied with their day's shooting.

MOZART HALL DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.—A special meeting of the Young Men's Democratic General Committee was held last evening, CHARLES A. MAY, vice-chairman, presiding. There was a large attendance, 123 out of 166 being present. Monday night next was fixed upon for the election of delegates to the Assembly and Senatorial Nominating Conventions. The details will be advertised the Saturday previous to the election. The Committee then adjourned.

THE CONDITION OF MR. THOMSON.—Mr. GEO. F. THOMSON, the Editor of the *News*, who was so savagely assaulted a week ago by FRANK MCCABE, a liquor-seller on Broadway and a Tammany Democrat, continues very ill from the effects of his injuries. His physicians yesterday positively prohibited the admission of any visitors to his chamber. It is thought that, should Mr. THOMSON recover, his face will be permanently disfigured.

SAFETY OF MR. LAMOUNTAIN AND HIS COMPANION.—A dispatch has been received in this City from Mr. LAMOUNTAIN, who ascended in his balloon, on Thursday last, at Watertown, N. Y., announcing his safe arrival at Kingston, Canada West. Seats in the balloon, for his next ascension, which is to take place in this vicinity, are to be sold at public outcry by one of our leading auctioneers.

BALLOON ASCENSION TO-DAY.—Mr. WISE will make a balloon ascension at noon to-day from Hamilton Park, corner of Third-avenue and Sixty-sixth-street. He will be accompanied by a select party, including reporters from the daily papers. It is the intention of Mr. WISE to take stereoscopic views, if possible, from a considerable elevation.

LECTURE BY THE REV. DR. EDGAR.—A lecture is announced for delivery at the Cooper Institute this evening, by the Rev. Dr. EDGAR, of the Irish Deputation. His subject is "Ireland as it was, and as it is."

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

ACCIDENT ON A CITY RAILROAD.—The Wallabout Light Guard, (a target company,) Captain ENSIGN TALLEY, of Brooklyn, while returning home on the Second-avenue cars at about 7¾ o'clock last evening, after having spent a pleasant day at Jones' Woods, met with an accident which caused the instant death of one of the company, and severely injured several others. Two cars, both occupied by the members of the corps, were coupled together, and, when upon the descending grade in Oliver-street, one of the brakes gave way, permitting the cars to press forward upon the horses, which, becoming unmanageable, dashed down the street at a fearful speed. The occupants of the cars were alarmed and a rush was made to escape. Much excitement prevailed, during which a boy named HALLETT, ten years old, fell under the rear car, the wheels of which passed over his neck and head, causing instant death. PETER MACE, another member of the company, had his left hand badly crushed under a wheel, and several others were more or less injured by jumping to the ground while the horses were going at their greatest speed. The mother of the deceased resides on Myrtle, near Kent-avenue, Brooklyn. The horses, after running several blocks, fell, and one of them had a leg broken.

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.—At about 9 o'clock yesterday morning, Officer UTTER, of the Fourth Precinct, discovered smoke issuing from dwelling-house No. 154 Navy-street, occupied by JOHN GALLAGHER. He tried to gain admission, but found the door locked. Upon bursting open the door, which was locked, he discovered a bed on fire, and a little girl four years old burnt to death upon it. The fire was quickly extinguished, before other damage had been done to the premises, and the body was placed in charge of the Coroner. It appears that the father of the child, Mr. GALLAGHER, was away from home at work. The mother also was at work in a hat factory, and had locked the deceased in a room alone, and it is supposed that while playing with matches her clothes caught fire, and being frightened, she ran to the bed where she was found.

POLITICAL.—Mr. HASBROUCK, who was recently dismissed by the Board of Police Commissioners for having attended a political Convention in violation of the rules of the Board, was a candidate for the Republican nomination to the Assembly in the Tenth Ward of Brooklyn. The Convention met on Monday night, and out of 73 votes Mr. HASBROUCK received but 27—there being 46 against him. The Republicans generally approve of the action of the Board of Police Commissioners.....The American Primary meetings were held last evening. There was no excitement whatever at the polling places.....The Republican Assembly Convention will be held on Friday evening next.

CITY COURT.—Calendar for this day: Nos. 57—Cain *vs.* Adellman and others; 58—Cain *vs.* Same; 60—Pettigrew *vs.* Pollard and other; 61—Same *vs.* Moore, impleaded; 62—Same *vs.* Same; 37—Grannis *vs.* Schoenck; 44—Travis *vs.* Sharm; 28—Leverich *vs.* Hill; 54—McKinney and other *vs.* The City of Brooklyn; 18—Doty *vs.* Remsen, Sheriff; 3—Searle *vs.* Toucey; 6—Oakes *vs.* Wilson; 39—Hulse and other *vs.* Elkins.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A man, whose name is unknown, fell to the sidewalk on Bridge, near York-street, last evening, in a fit, and received such injuries that he died soon after at the Second Precinct Station, where he was taken by the Police.

INFANT TAKEN FROM THE WATER.—The body of a male child, wrapped in a piece of carpet, was taken out of the Atlantic Basin. The Coroner was notified.

[Advertisement.]

KNOX'S HATS FOR THE FALL SEASON are all the rage, and command the admiration of every one who aspires to wearing a hat of unquestionable style, exquisite finish and irreproachable beauty. Such are the hats that KNOX, the Hatter, offers to the fashionable public, at his well-known establishment, No. 212 Broadway, northeast corner of Fulton-street.

[Advertisement.]

FATHER AND SON.—A very thrilling drama, from the French, is "Father and Son; or, La Charboniero." This and the "Nervous Man," and a delightful entertainment by those graceful and popular danseuses, the Gale Sisters, at Barnum's Museum this afternoon—repeated this evening.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT is more used than any in the world. Why is this? Because it has proved more powerful in healing, and a better pain-reliever than any now in existence. Manufactory, 80 Maiden-lane, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

BRADY'S GALLERY

Has removed from No. 359 Broadway to No. 649 Broadway, corner of Bleecker-street.

Photographs, Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes.

[Advertisement.]

GURNEY'S GALLERY, NO. 707 BROADWAY, First block below the New-York Hotel, Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Miniatures in Oil and Ivorytypes.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New-York.

MARRIED.

PRATT—BOYD.—In this City, on Monday, Sept. 26, at the Madison-square Presbyterian Church, by the bride's father, assisted by the Rev. Wm. Adams, D. D., JAMES HYDE PRATT, Esq., of New-York, to Miss SOPHIE HALE BOYD, daughter of the Rev. James R. Boyd, of Pittsfield, Mass.

DIED.

BUXTON.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 27, suddenly, after a short and severe illness, FRANCIS, son of John P. and Sarah A. Buxton, aged 4 years and 28 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, at the residence of his parents, No. 203 Worcester-st., this day (Wednesday,) at 2½ P. M.

HAY.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 27, after a short and severe illness, THOMAS HAY, Jr., a native of Kelso, Roxburghshire, Scotland, aged 43 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 160½ West 26th-st., on Thursday afternoon, at 1½ o'clock.

☞ Kelso and Dumfries papers please copy.

DODGE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 27, SARAH C., wife of John C. Dodge, aged 41 years.

The funeral will take place at Grace Church, Brooklyn Heights, on Thursday, Sept. 29, at 2 o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

MATHER.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 26, ELIZABETH MATHER, aged 36 years.

The friends of the family, Long Island Lodge, No. 263 F. A. M., and Washington Chapter O. C. A., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 263 Schermerhorn-st., Brooklyn, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

COLTON.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 27, FANNIE LOUISE, only child of G. Woolworth and Sarah E. Colton, aged 1 year, 1 month and 9 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 224 Livingston-st., opposite Hanover-place, Brooklyn, on Thursday afternoon, Sept. 29, at 3 o'clock.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....Sept. 27.

$4,000	U. S. 6s, '86 cp'n.	100	100	N. Y. Cen. R.	b30 82¾
1,000	Ohio State 6s, '60.	105¼	200	do	s10 82
1,000	Mich. State 6s.	99	100	do	81⅞
5,000	Tenn. 6s, '90.	s30 99	200	do	81⅞
2,000	do	99	76	do	b10 81⅞
5,000	Virginia 5s, '62.	s60 94¼	200	Hudson River R.	26¼
5,000	do	94¼	100	do	b15 26¼
20,000	Mo. State 6s.	84⅝	100	do	26
10,000	do	b30 aft 10 84⅝	300	Cleve. & Pitts. R.	75¼
10,000	do	b60 84⅝	200	do	75¼
1,000	do	84⅝	100	Harlem Railroad	56
7,000	Er'n C. W. L.	100	600	Reading R.	s10 44⅛
2,000	N. Y. C. Bds.	76 29	100	do	b10 44⅛
2,000	E. R. 1st m. bds.	95	200	do	44⅛
1,000	Hd. Ry. R. 1st m.	102	10	Mich. Central R.	45¼
4,000	Hd. Ry. R. 2d m.	77	100	do	45¼
4,000	Har. R. 1st mtg.	56	100	M. S. & N. I. R. S.	23¾
1,000	Mich. Cen. R. 8 p.c. 1st m. S. F. con.	90¼	150	do	23¾
2,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bds.	86¼	25	Panama Railroad.	117½
200	do	86	100	do	117¼
1,000	M. & Mi. 2d m. 10 b.	60	100	Illinois Cent. R.	s60 67¾
20	Ocean Bank	93	250	Galena & Chic. R.	74¾
6	Continental Bank.	106¾	200	do	74¾
100	Penn. Coal Co.	42	150	do	74¾
25	Pacific Mail S. Co.	70	50	do	74¾
200	do	b60 72¾	115	Chi. & R. I. R.	69¾
100	do	b30 72	100	do	b60 69¾
100	do	s60 72¼	200	do	69¾
150	do	72¾	100	do	b10 69¾
50	do	b10 72¼	150	do	b10 69¾
200	Cum. Coal Pref.	b30 12½	100	do	69¾
100	N. Y. Cen. Rail'd.	82¼	50	do	b60 69¾
150	do	b60 82¼	100	do	69¾
100	do	s10 82¼	150	do	67¾
100	do	b7 82¼	150	do	67¾
200	do	82			

SECOND BOARD.

$12,000	U. S. 6s, '86 cp'n.	105¼	200	Hud. R. Railroad.	26
10,000	Mo. State 6s.	84¾	50	Mich. Cen. R.	45
15,000	do	84	50	do	s30 45¼
10,000	do	s15 84	100	do	45¼
1,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bds	86	100	Gal. & Chic. R.	s30 74¾
100	Pac. M. S. Co.	70¼	100	do	s10 74¾
105	Ill. Cen. R.	s10 67	200	do	s30 74
400	do	67	200	do	74
20	Erie Railroad	43¼	100	do	b30 74¼
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	81¾	50	Chic. & Rk. Isl. R.	67¾
1000	do	81¾	100	do	67¾
50	do	b30 81¾	50	do	b60 67¾
100	do	s30 81¾	50	do	67¾
200	do	s20 81¾	100	do	67
200	do	81¾	25	Second-av. R.	18
200	do	s10 81¾	100	Stonington R.	b30 67

TUESDAY, Sept. 27—P. M.

There is a more settled feeling to-day in the Foreign Exchanges, and most of the business for the *Persia* was done at the currency of last week, on London 110¼ and Paris 5f. 14¾. Some good transient Bank-bills on London were done as low as 110¼, while in some instances a small fraction above 110¼ was paid for favorite standard signatures. Most of the credit settlements were made at 110¼. The market left off quiet, with a freer disposition than yesterday among the leading Bankers to supply the demand. The export demand for Gold for the *Persia* proved quite moderate. The engagements, as entered at the ship's office this afternoon, amount to $468,800. The market for Money is steadier than anticipated at the beginning of the week. There is a good inquiry from the Stock Brokers to-day, with an easy supply. The general rule on demand is 6 ⅌ cent. with occasional exceptions both at 5½ and at 7 ⅌ cent., according to the nature of the collaterals offered. In Discounts the rates continue the same as last week, the only observable difference in the market being in the more cautious movements of the Bill Brokers in casting up lists of long date papers in advance of demand from outside buyers. At Bank there is no pressure for Discounts, and the general line this week is looking down. A lower Specie Average is of course anticipated on the next return, though we doubt whether it will turn out as poor as a good many parties on the Street seem disposed to make it in advance.

On the Stock Exchange there was rather less business than yesterday, with a declining market in the afternoon, the most decided weakness being shown on the Western Road Stocks, which more than lost the recovery of yesterday. New-York Central, after opening firm at 82½ ⅌ cent., gradually fell off to 81½ at the close of the day, and at one time, at the Second Board, sold as low as 81½ ⅌ cent., and 81⅛, seller's option. The sales of the day were not over 6,000 shares, all told, against 12,000 sold on Monday. There was some pressure in the afternoon to sell Missouri sixes at 84 ⅌ cent., a decline of 3½ ⅌ cent. from yesterday, and Chicago and Rock Island shares at 67 ⅌ cent., which is a fall of nearly 2 ⅌ cent. from the best price of yesterday. The stock subsequently sold at 67½ ⅌ cent. Galena left off 74@74½ against 74½@75 on Monday, and the other Western shares in proportion, the market on this part of the list being called heavy, while some decline was also shown on Hudson River, Harlem, and Pacific Mail. In Railway Bonds, Illinois Central Construction mortgages were firmer, selling up to 90 ⅌ cent. Full prices were also paid for some of the New-York Centrals, Erie first mortgage, Michigan Centrals, and Brooklyn City Water Loan. The General Market in the afternoon closed unsettled.

Messrs. W. T. COLEMAN & Co., in their San Francisco circular prepared for the steamer of Sept. 5, remark:

There is quite a brisk demand for money for the mail steamer of Monday, with rather a less amount of capital seeking loan than usual. On the most satisfactory collateral it is difficult to obtain accommodation at as low a figure as 2 ⅌ cent., and the rate thence ranges upward to 2½ ⅌ cent. per month.

Receipts of gold dust for the last week or ten days have been light. Gold bars are in active demand, with a limited supply; large engagements have been made at 900 fine par, which is the ruling rates as we write. Sight Exchange on the East remains at 2 ⅌ cent. premium.

In Mexican dollars not much has been done, but the transactions were nearly to the extent of the supply on sale. About $25,000 have been sold at 10@12 ⅌ cent. premium, and a few small parcels only remain on hand. The closing rate is 12 ⅌ cent. premium. Nothing doing in other descriptions of foreign coin. Owing to the scarcity of Mexican dollars, several shipments to China have been made in gold bars.

The discounts on out-of-town Bank Note Currency are quoted as follows by Messrs. GWYNNE & DAY, No. 12 Wall-street:

	Discount.		Discount.
New-York State	¼@⅜	S. Carolina & Ga.	1 @ —
New-England	¼@⅜	Virginia	¾@ —
New-Jersey	¼@¾	Canada	¾@ —
Illinois	3 @ —	Michigan	¾@ —
Phila. Banks and all Penn. Banks par in Philadelphia	⅛@¼	Ohio, Ky., and Ind.	1 @ —
Baltimore Banks	¼@ —	Louisiana 100s and under	1 @ —
Interior Penn	¾@ —	Missouri	1½@ —
Interior Maryland	¾@ —	Tennessee	1½@ —
Del. B'ks, 5s and up,	⅛@¼	Wisconsin	3 @ —
N. Carolina	1 @ —	Mobile	1½@2
		Alabama, free B'ks.	2 @ —

The amount of Coal transported on the Delaware and Hudson Canal during the week ending 24th inst., and to same date last year, is as follows:

	1859. Week. Tons.	1859. Week. Tons.	Inc. Tons.
Del. & Hud. Canal Co.	16,073	14,348	3,725
Pennsylvania Coal Co.	19,191	20,613	Dec. 1,421
Total	37,264	34,960	2,304
	1859. Season.	1858. Season.	Increase.
Del. & Hud. Canal Co.	417,767	249,863	167,904
Pennsylvania Canal Co.	528,069	463,574	64,495
Total	945,836	713,737	232,139

The Customs to-day from the cargo of the *Vanderbilt* and other arrivals are $182,000; other receipts into the Sub-Treasury, $18,000; disbursements, $124,000; balance this afternoon, $5,330,124.

The Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods this week for the port of New-York, are less than for the previous two weeks, being $907,569, against $1,039,726 same week last year.

Boston Weekly Bank Statement.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

Our weekly Bank Statements foot up:

Capital Stock	$5,125,700
Loans and Discounts	56,580,700
Specie	5,164,000
Amount due from other Banks	6,724,500
Amount due to other Banks	6,979,600
Deposits	16,528,000
Circulation	6,546,800

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Sept. 27, 1859—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last, have been 14 bbls. Ashes, 9,267 bbls. Flour, 114 bbls. Corn Meal, 44,556 bushels Wheat, 215 bushels Corn, 2,499 bushels Rye, 6,650 bushels Oats, 29 pkgs. Provisions, and 411 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales have been made to-day, of 80 bbls. Pots at $5 50, and 10 bbls. Pearls at $5 25 ⅌ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Sales, to-day, 780 bags Rio at 12c.@12¾c; and, by auction, 626 bags damaged St. Domingo at 9c.@10c., ⅌ lb. Week's receipts of Rio, 9,613 bags. Stock of all kinds in private hands, this morning, 90,253 pkgs., including, according to Messrs. WILLIAM SCOTT & SON, 24,500 mats, and 2,100 bags Java; 55,837 *bags Rio, 4,935 bags Ceylon, 850 bags Laguayra, 750* bags Jamaica, 675 bags Costa Rica, and 408 bags Maracaibo.

STOCK OF RIO, SEPT. 24.

New-Orleans, bags	9,500	Philadelphia, bags	29,500
Baltimore, bags	*2,000*	*New-York, bags*	*55,837*
Grand total, bags			97,337

COTTON—Sales have been reported, since our last, of 750 bales, including Middling Uplands at 11⅜c.@11¾c., and other grades at proportionate rates, ⅌ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market opened briskly to-day, at improved prices for State and Western Flour. Subsequently, however, the advanced claims of holders had the effect of lessening the demand, and the trade generally closed spiritless. We heard of sales of 16,433 bbls. in lots, including interior to choice superfine State, at $4 15@$4 60; chiefly at $4 35@$4 40; extra ditto, $4 50@$4 62½; superfine Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio at $4 45@$4 65; extra Wisconsin, old and new, at $4 65@$6; extra Iowa